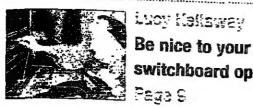


FINANCIAL TIMES World Business Newspaper http://www.FT.com MONDAY MARCH 22 1999



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Martin Wolf Why Britain should not bribe BMW to save Rover Page 12



Futures trading **Heated exchanges** in Boca Raton Page 29

Switzerland Weighing price of joining the EU Separate section

Masternoring The FT's 12-part series on the I in IT continues today. Part Eight: the human factor

#### Separate section

Section Property and WORLD NEWS

Richard Holbrooke, the US

special envoy, is to make a last-ditch mission to Belgrade

today to try to convince Presi-

dent Slobodan Milosevic that

against Albanians in Kosovo.

Finnish coalition set for close fight

with the opposition in the general

showing in early results. Page 3

US acts over espionage 'hysteria'

quell fears that China had gained

access to American nuclear tech-

nologies, dismissing reports of

Bertrand Piccard from Switzer-

Britain, the two-member Breitling

Orbiter 3 balloon team, became

the first balloonists to fly non-

stop around the world. Page 5

Yevgeny Primakov, Russia's

prime minister, will tomorrow

start critical talks in Washington

in an attempt to patch strained

elations with the US. Page 3

Turkey hopes for oil pipeline deal

Turkey is hoping to clinch a deal

for a multi-billion-dollar pipeline

ssia aims to mend US relations

land and Brian Jones from

as "hysteria". Page 14

Triumph for balloonists

idespread Chinese esplonage

The US government moved to

Finland's coalition government

appeared to be neck and neck

election after a disappointing

ces, Page 2; Milosevic's

age 14; Nato targets air

last stand, Page 12

**BUSINESS NEWS** 

#### **US envoy** plans last Volvo plans to list warning to Serbs shares on fewer of Nato air strkes stock exchanges

Volvo. Swedish automotive group, is planning to scale back its multiple share listings following rising dealing costs and poor liquidity in many of the markets Nato will bomb his military forces where it is quoted. Page 15 unless he rains in their offensive

#### A group of multinational companies is planning a fresh attempt to pave the way for the creation of pan-European pen-

sion funds with a European Court of Justice test case. Page 16

Venator, the US sports shoe retailer known until last year as Woolworth, is facing a fight by its largest shareholder to force the group to abandon a "poison pill" provision and change its name back. Page 15

Star Alliance, the global airline grouping, plans to form a consortium to bid for a substantial equity stake in Thai Alrways, one of the partners. Page 15

Bank of America's securities arm plans to expand in the US and build a European business based in London, Page 20

IT International Theatres, Israel's leading cinema operator, raised \$41m on Easdaq, the pan-European stock market for growth companies, in an offering four times subscribed. Page 18

HypoVersinsbank supervisory board chairman Klaus Goette resigned to take responsibility for the German commercial bank's controversial insolvement in realestate business. Page 18

#### move to join European merger wave

**Italian banks** 

UniCredito Italiano in bid for BCI and San Paolo-IMI eyes Banca di Roma

#### By Paul Betts in Milan

A revolution in the Italian banking industry was unleashed yesterday when two of the country's largest banking groups

merger wave.

try's third largest banking group. launched a share exchange offer for Banca Commerciale Italiana (BCI), its Milan rival, to form a new enlarged banking group called Eurobanca with total assets of £260bn (\$284bn) and a combined market capitalisation of €33.7bn.

The board of San Paolo-IMI, Italy's largest banking group. later approved a proposal to merge with Banca di Roma, in a deal also involving an exchange of shares, to create a new expanded group with total assets of €286bn and a combined market

capitalism. UniCredito's board. after a meeting in a secret Milan location, gave the go ahead for a share swap involving 8 UniCredito shares for 5 BCI

UniCredito is offering a 17.6 per cent premium to BCI shareholders. Its shares closed at €5.3 on Friday, while BCI common shares closed at €7.2. UniCredito, which is being advised by Lazard, said it planned to launch the offer on the market between the end of May and before the middle of June, once the operation has been approved by its shareholders at an extraordinary meeting

at the beginning of May. However, the offer would be conditional on UniCredito securing just over 50 per cent of BCI shares, the scrapping of BCI's current 5 per cent limit on the voting rights of any single share holder and Bank of Italy

approval The Italian central bank has already indicated it favoured the latest wave of banking consolida-

UniCredito last night said it had made its offer after "doing everything to assure it was friendly". There was no immediate BCI reaction.

has been at the heart of Italian



#### Prodi has early lead as four vie for Santer's job

Dutch and Portuguese PMs among the possible rivals

#### By Peter Norman in Brusseb

The field of candidates for the for choosing Mr Santer's succes-European Commission presi- sor. Much will depend on progdency appeared to be down to ress in Agenda 2000 negotiations four last night as EU foreign ministers meeting in Brussels dis- the priority of Germany, holder cussed last week's mass resigna- of the EU's rotating presidency. tion of the Commission.

Lamberto Dini, Italian foreign minister, gave strong backing to the choice to be made as soon as Romano Prodi, his country's former prime minister and the only declared candidate. "He is in an summit. excellent position. He has a good

on EU financial reform, which is However, there was clearly a desire among member states for

possible and shortly after Berlin if no decision were made at the Mr Prodi's candidature dent but for national politics? appeared to win support from reasons he is not available", left But the names of Antonio Spain when Abel Matutes. Its for- the door open for his candida-Guterres, Portuguese prime min- elen minister, described him as ture. "a perfectly supportable canditerpart, and Javier Solana, Nato date". But officials from states been picked by Jean-Claude secretary-general, were circulat- other than Italy and Spain cauing in the corridors as possible tioned against viewing Mr Prodi ister, to head the centre-right list "Mr Prodi's position will European parliamentary elecbecome clear in the next few tions in June was sharply critic-The nomination of the Commis- days," said a member of the UK ised by UK Conservative MEPs. sion president is the preserve of government, who said Mr Kok Edward McMillan-Scott. leader of would get wide backing if he the Conservative MEPs, said it threw his hat in the ring. Mr was "a defiance of democracy". night's meeting reaching even Prodi has the advantage of being preliminary conclusions. Nor was free to take up the position, but EU news, Page 3

it clear whether this week's Ber- ultimately the choice will depend lin summit would be the occasion on the unpredictable dynamics of the meeting to discuss the issue, Both Mr Santer and Jacques Delors, his predecessor, were drafted to the presidency, officials pointed out.

In such circumstances, minis ters' remarks tended to confuse rather than clarify the picture. For example, the observation of Jaime Gama, Portuguese foreign minister, that in Mr Guterres "we

have the best Commission presi-

#### simultaneously moved to combine with two other large Italian banks. The separate bids were seen as part of the scramble for consolidation in the European banking industry, especially in France and Spain, and appeared to have been prompted by the fear of large Italian banks that they would lose out in the current

UniCredito Italiano, the coun-

capitalisation of €30.2bn. The sudden acceleration in the UniCredito and BCI each own consolidation of the Italian bank-8 per cent stakes in Mediobanca. ing sector followed last. week's the Man investment hank that decision by BC1 and Banca di Roma to break of merger negotifinance for the past four decades ations that have been dragging Although the merger would for the past 12 months. secure Mediobanca's sharehold-The mergers would accelerate ing structure, the investment sweeping changes now occuring bank is understood to be opposed in Italy's traditionally closed cor- to the merger. It had pressed for porate culture as old networks a merger between BCI and Banca and cosy relationships collapse di Roma. and financial and industrial Miracles never cease, Page 13 groups adapt to Anglo-Saxon style takeovers and free market Lex, Page 14

to transport Caspian oil from the Azen capital of Baku to its Mediterranean port of Cevhan before elections on April 18. Page 4

Pay deal for German steel workers Trade unions in Germany's Insurance sector and steel industry have agreed on pay increases largely in line with deals reached in other sectors. Page 2

Education crisis "threatens' Africa Sub-Saharan Africa faces a "social breakdown" unless urgent measures are taken to tackle its education crisis, a report by aid agency Oxfam warns. Page 4

Date set for Slovakian election Slovakia will elect a president for the first time by direct popular vote on May 15. Page 2

Chechen president escapes bomb Chechen president Aslan Maskhadov escaped an assassination attempt when a mine exploded near his motorcade as it returned to his his palace in Grozny.

13-year-old boy in Ulster beating A 13-year-old boy suffered a paramilitary-style beating in Newtownards, Northern Ireland, one of the youngest people ever to suffer such an attack.

Thailand's state-run Asset Management Corporation was the big winner in an auction of \$6bn in bad debt saized from 56 finance companies, buving around Bt185.4bn (\$4.95bn) worth of business loans for Bt31bn, Page 18

ABP and PGGM, the two largest Dutch pension funds, will this week prepare their offer to control the country's National Investment Bank, amid suspicions that they are under pressure to increase the price. Page 18

Swisscom, the recently privatised Swiss telecoms company, has abandoned two of its most ambitious overseas ventures by withdrawing from investments in mobile telephone operators in India and Malaysia. Page 17

FFG Eurobank, of Greece, attracted a record number of Greek investors with its Dr100bn (\$340m) public offering. Page 19

Page 17

Pernod Ricard, the drinks group, said it expected the French

government to lift the veto on the sale of its Orangina soft drink business to Coca-Cola.

#### Bill Gates on Business for a second Coping with an era of change

Final exclusive extract Page 8 . Ť

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**Brussels delays** launch of Unilever health-aid spread

#### By John Willman in London

products.

where it will be branded Flora pro-activ, will be delayed for six The European Commission has to nine months while further delayed approval for the sale of a tests demanded by Germany and cholesterol-reducing margarine Sweden are completed. Unilever had hoped to bring developed by Unilever because of Flora pro-activ to market within videspread public concern about scientific manipulation of food weeks. Benecol is close to launch in several EU countries and will

be marketed outside Finland by Sweden and Germany have McNeil Consumer Healthcare, aised questions about the safety of the Anglo-Dutch group's the subsidiary of Johnson & spread - the first of a new gener-Johnson of the US. ation of functional foods offering Two weeks ago, Unilever's health benefits akin to those pro-Dutch subsidiary started court ided by pharmaceuticals. proceedings in The Hague Under EU legislation for against Benecol, alleging the pproving novel foods, the Comname and marketing of the mission could give the new spread was too close to its own spread the go-ahead despite the market-leading Becel brand. The move was seen as a delay-ing tactic and Raisio rejected the opposition of the two countries because nine member states have claim, saying both trademarks given their approval. But with public concern had co-existed in the Finnish mounting over foods containing marketplace for more than three genetically modified ingredients, years without confusion. the Commission has declined to Functional foods are expected impose the majority view in the to provide a boost for stagnant food sales in western economies first case where it has been asked to approve a functional food. with the European market fore The decision will give a clear run in Europe to Benecol, a rival cast to be worth £2bn (\$3.26bn) within four years by the UK's Leatherhead Food Research cenproduct produced by Raisio, the Finnish food and chemicals tre. The cholesterol-busting margroup, to be launched in the UK garines offer manufacturers the next week. Benecol, on sale in prospect of much higher margins Finland since 1995, needs no - Benecol is on sale in Finland at go-ahead from Brussels under the six times the price of convenrules for novel foods, introduced tional spreads.

However, the Commission less than two years ago. Unilever still expects to be first wants to establish a consensus to launch its spread in the US, on the benefits of mixing food where it will be called Take Con- and health benefits before trol. But its debut in Europe, approving the new spread.

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30	CONT	ENTS
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-	Europe 3 , UK 7	Companies & Finance: 15-20
	Management /Technology: 9,10	Markets: 29-31
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Full contents and Less back page

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chance." Mr Dini said.

ister, Wim Kok, his Dutch counsuccessors to Jacques Santer, as the clear front runner. who continues to serve in a care-

taker capacity. the EU's elected national leaders and there was no question of last

The news that Mr Santer had Juncker, Luxembourg prime minof his country's candidates for

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#### WORLD WEWS

KOSOVO CRISIS • WESTERN ALLIANCE PLANS ASSAULT ON BELGRADE'S MILITARY MACHINE • SERBS SWEEP THROUGH KOSOVO

#### Nato targets Milosevic's air defences

By Alexander Nicoli in London and Guy Dimmore in Belgrade

2

A blistering attack on Serbia's air defences with cruise missiles and bombing raids would be likely to form the first phase of Nato strikes against Yugoslav President Slobodan Milosevic, military experts said

yesterday. The alliance has between 350 and 400 aircraft, including F-117 stealth fighters and B-52 bombers, ready to take part and would want to ensure they could operate as safely as possible. "It will be complete air superiority," a rary agreement. senior officer said.

A Pentagon official said extent Nato would aim to last week that Yugoslavia - stop the current Serbian which comprises Serbia and offensive within Kosovo Montenegro - had a "robust. highly integrated, wellequipped air defence system operated by well-trained people". It had Soviet-made SA-6, SA-3 and SA-2 missiles of aircraft at bases in Italy, as well as shoulder-fired missiles, and over 2,000 anti-aircraft guns. 'They have well trained air defence corps and they have been rehearsing and training fairly aggressively in the last several weeks

As Serbia built up its forces in Kosovo last week, missile launchers were being moved around, perhaps in preparation for Nato attacks. The Pentagon said there were some 16 Serbian battle groups in the province.

Nato's aim would be to persuade Mr Milosevic to return to peace talks through a short burst of strikes, perhaps lasting only a few days. But it also has plans for more extensive raids on military targets. Mr Milosevic's military chiefs have an idea of the potential damage because Nato generessential to degrade their als briefed them last October surface-to-air missile as part of diplomatic pres-systems so that we enjoy sure which brought a tempo-

It is unclear to what also had a cruise missile-caitself, or whether it would stick to its plan to attack the heart of Mr Milosevic's military machine. Nato has a powerful array

Germany and Britain, and six or seven cruise missilecapable ships in the Mediterranean Sea. The US has three destroyers, Thorn, Nicholson and Gonzales, the cruiser Philippine Sea, and two attack submarines.



Italian troops, part of Nato's force, ing near the Kosovo-N

The Pentagon said Britain Serb units in Kosovo were targeted.

pable submarine in the area, Yugoslav army troops and though the UK Ministry of Serbian interior ministry Defence would not confirm police are based in or close this. The only British subto densely populated civilian marine so far fitted with areas. In the northern vilcruise missiles is the Splenlage of Svinjare, for example. did, which has yet to fire an artillery unit that has been hammering rebel posithem in action. tions in the Cicavica hills is Diplomats and military analysts said that in spite of stationed between civilian

the accuracy demonstrated homes. The main towns of by weapons used by the US Pristina, Mitrovica, Pec and and UK in Iraq, it would be Djakovica all have army much more difficult for Nato bases close to or in the subto avoid inflicting collateral urbs. Many Yugoslav army units have left their damage and civilian casualties in Serbia, especially if barracks over the past operate.

month and are on the move. Bad weather is hampering Nato's intelligence-gathering from overflights and satellites and the weekend departure of all international monitors from Kosovo has deprived Nato of information

on the ground. Nato has no plans to use its 12,000 armoured troops in Macedonia, across the border from Kosovo, except to implement a peace agreement. But an air surveillance mission set up in Macedonia to support the monitors will continue to

#### Refugees flee Serbian advance By Guy Diamore in Belgrade

More than 15,000 ethnic Albanians have fled their homes in central Kosovo following the latest offensive by Serbian security forces. Aid agencies said yester day villages had been left burning in the worst vlolence seen in the province for over six months. Fern-ando del Mundo, spokesman for the United Nations High missioner for Refugees (UNHCR), said half of the central town of Srbica was deserted, shop windows had been broken and a warehouse used by the Mother Teresa relief organisation had been looted. UNHCR workers deliver-

ing aid came across a group of ethnic Albanian women crying beside the main road leading north out of Srbica, saying police had taken away their husbands and burnt their homes. Smoke could be seen rising from a

cluster of seven houses. "It looks like a replay of last summer's offensive," Mr Del Mundo said, referring to a sweep through Kosovo that destroyed scores of villages until the threats of Nato intervention prompted a ceasefire last October.

Because of deteriorating curity, only about a dozen of the 50 or so non-government aid organisations have staved in Kosovo. The departure of all 1,380 international monitors on Saturday has raised fears among remaining relief workers.

Women claim that

police have taken

away their

husbands and set

fire to their homes

Refugees poured out of Srbica on Saturday and trekked across snowy hills to

#### NEWS DIGEST

PACTS AGREED BY EMPLOYERS AND UNIONS Pay increases for German steel, insurance workers

Employers and trade unions in Germany's insurance sector and steel industry have reached agreement on pay increases largely in line with previous deals reached in other sectors.

Under the 15-month settlement for the insurance sector. 220,000 employees will receive a 3.2 per cant wage increase from April 1, plus a one-time payment of DM350 (£179, \$196) for the first three months of this year. Under the steel sector agreement, 85,000 steel workers will receive a 3.3 per cent wage increase as of June 1, and a DM500 one-off payment for the months of March to May.

There still has been no wage settlement for the 470,000 employees in the banking industry. Last week, thousands of employees held warning strikes in the country's financial capital, Frankfurt, to support their demands for a 6 per cent pay increase. Talks are scheduled to resume on March 29 after employers signalled they would improve their offer. Ute Hamischfeger, Frankfurt

#### ELECTION SEEN AS MILESTONE

#### Presidential poll for Slovakia

Slovakia will go the polls on May 15 to elect a president for the first time by direct popular vote. The post has been vacant for more than a year because under the indirect system in the last parliament no candidate won the threefifths of votes required.

The election will be regarded by the European Union as another milestone in Slovakia's return to political respect-ability after the authoritarian premiership of Vladimir Mec-

In 1997, Slovakia was not invited to join Nato or negotia tions for EU membership, partly because of his govern-ment's attacks on Michal Kovac, who was then president, and the filegal banning of a referendum for a directly elected presidency. When Mr Kovac stepped down last March, the government also assumed the president's argely caremonial powers and used them controversially. Robert Anderson, Prague

#### PALESTINIAN STATEHOOD

#### Arafat hopes for US support

Yassir Arafat, president of the Palestinian Authority, will tomorrow continue on his quest to galvanise support for Palestinian statehood by appealing to President Bill Clinton in Washington.

Mr Arafat hopes to capitalise on Mr Clinton's sympathy for Palestinian aspirations as voiced on his visit to Gaza last December. However, US officials say Washington will not back Mr Arafat's plan to declare statehood unilaterally on May 4, when the interim negotiation period started in the Israeli-Palestinian Oslo accords expires.

Mr Arafat yesterday visited Austria and Sweden as part of a campaign to win European support. While reatfirming the Palestinians' right to declare statehood on May 4, he also said the timing of "this very important and sensitive matter" was still being discussed. The EU and US fear a May 4 Palestinian declaration

could play into the hands of Benjamin Netanyahu, Israeli prime minister, who stands for re-election on May 17. Analysts say Israeli voters, frightened by a unilateral declaration, might back Mr Netanyahu if he carries out threats to

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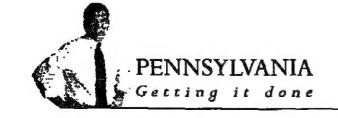
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#### Not all the Silicon Valleys are growing out west. This one, in fact, isn't even west of Pittsburgh.

Kingdom Computers, based in a tiny valley in north central Pennsylvania, is one of the fastest growing start-ups in the U.S. Why? Because Kingdom Computers builds award-winning PCs and provides incredible service. And because of a great high-tech business partner - Pennsylvania. "Dealing with the Ridge Administration is like dealing with family," says 28 year-old Mike Ulmer, Kingdom Computers' president. Kingdom took advantage of Pennsylvania seed financing and business contacts and reaped the benefits. Now one of the top 50 PC

companies in the US, Kingdom's rapid annual growth rate is phyjected to be 800% over the next three years. And thanks to business incentives like a 10% R&D tax credit and Tech 21, the Governor's initiative for a high-tech Pennsylvania, other emerging-tech companies are taking not here as well. No wonder Pennsylvania is a top ten state in high-technology firms. So join the rush and move your high-tech business here. With all the valleys in Pennsylvania, you could have one all your own. For more information call 1-800-554-PENN.



TOM REDGE, GOVERNOR . SAM MCCULIOUGH, SECREDAR DCEL) . WWW.state.pa.us . 1-800-554-PENN

the relative safety of rebel-held areas deeper in central Kosovo. Witnesses said spe-cial police units in masks and white overalls forced people out of their homes in a sudden operation that gave them no time to collect their belongings. Officials said "terrorists" had been seven killed.

Kurt Schork, a Reuters correspondent, reported that security forces yesterday seized the rebel outpost of Donje Prekaz in the Cicavica hills, just to the north of Pristina, the regional canital. Smoke poured from the village and small-arms fire could be heard nearby. Serbian security forces had been shelling the Cicavica range from the east for three weeks and through Srbica were able to attack from the west as well.

The UNHCR estimates that around 80,000 people have been displaced in fighting since the first round of peace talks ended inconclu-sively a month ago. Over the past year about 400,000 people - more than a fifth of Kosovo's population - have fled their homes.

Statements from Belgrade, the Serbian capital, indicate that the authorities do not intend to heed warnings by the western powers of Nato intervention. "The world powers want to enslave Serbia," said Zoran Lillic, deputy prime minister.

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FINANCIAL TIMES No FT, no comment.

take tough counter-measures. Avi Machiis, Jerusale

#### **GOVERNMENT TO GET TOUGH**

#### Malaysia warns protesters

The Malaysian government said yesterday it would get "very tough" with anyone trying to overthrow the adminis-tration through street demonstrations. The warning by Abdullah Ahmad Badawi, the new deputy prime minister, came a day after the authorities were reported to have arrested 11 people, including three journalista, at an antigovernment demonstration.

The protesters called for the resignation of Mahathir Mohamad, prime minister, and the arrest of Abdul Rahim Noor, the police chief, who resigned before admitting to beating Anwar Ibrahim, the sacked and jailed deputy prime minister who had become a rival to Dr Mahathir. Malaysian authorities said they had found tapes calling for the death of the premier, but opposition parties said this was an excuse for for a crackdown. Shella McNuity, Singapore

#### WTO DISPUTE

#### EU challenges US on gluten

The European Union has launched a challenge in the World Trade Organisation over US limits on wheat gluten imports. The EU is seeking consultations with US officials as the first step in the global trade body's dispute settlement procedure.

The US imposed three-year quotas on wheat gluten imports from the EU and other suppliers last June. This followed complaints from US producers that they were facing a surge in imports that could put them out of business. The US maintains the restrictions were in line with a WTO agreement on safeguards - temporary measures allowed to reduce imports and enable a domestic industry to adjust to an increase in competition from foreign produce. The EU disputes that Washington's measures are in compliance with the rules. Reuters, Geneva,



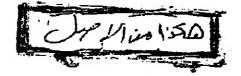
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Publisting Director: P. Maraviglia, 42 Rue Lu Bocue, 75046 PARIS, Telephose (01) 5376 8254, Fax (01) 5376 8255, Printer S.A. Nord Eclair, 15721 Rue de Caire, S.A Nord Eclair, 15/21 F-99100 Roubars Cedex 1 Lambert ISSN [148-27, Paritaire No 67808D. SWEDEN:

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FINANCIAL TIMES MONDAY MARCH 22 1999 \*

#### EUROPE

#### **Bonn offers** compromise reform plan

#### By Peter Norman in Brussels

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the European Union yesterbut with extensive modifications, as part of a compromise package to complete the "Agenda 2000" negotiations on reform of the EU's budget, farm and regional policies.

At a "conclave" of foreign ministers called to prepare this week's special Berlin summit on the Agenda. Joschka Fischer, the German foreign minister, also outlined proposals intended to meet Spain's hostility to ) the reforms, which would limit EU expenditure on poorer regions in the seven

years from 2000 to 2006. However, as the ministers Greece - that were awarded prepared to meet late into special support to belp them the evening, it was clear that prepare for economic and the final accords - which are considered essential if the EU is to be able to expand to sought to assuage Spain by the east - would have to acknowledging that coun-

final deal is unlikely before continue to benefit from the the early hours of Friday cohesion funds. morning. The British rebate and the

future of the structural national prosperity could rules for awarding contracts funds have emerged as the affect the amounts paid, and investigating fraud, to most difficult remaining eligibility should be tackle the crisis of confi-Agenda 3000 issues since EU reviewed in 2002 and 2004. It dence in the European Comfarm ministers reached also set a six-year mission. broad agreement on farm transitional period for reform earlier this month. Yesterday's German presi- for structural fund payments

that "the UK budget abatement will be maintained". The German presidency of But it said adjustments should be made to neutralise day proposed that Britain any benefits from other keep its EU budget rebate. parts of the reform package. such as reduced agricultural spending by the EU and to take account of EU spending resulting from the accession of new member states in the coming decade.

Germany urged a "safety net" to help ease the burden of other large-scale net contributors such as itself. to addition, the contributions of other EU members to the terms of the UK rebate should be changed to yield a "fairer burden sharing" among other high net contributors and the poorer "cohesion" countries -Spain, Portugal, Ireland and

monetary union.

The German compromise

wait for the Berlin meeting tries that are members of the that begins on Wednesday. A EU's single currency could

But, in a bid to limit the payments, it said progress in regions no longer qualifying

dency compromise proposal to wean themselves off EU amount to the most drastic recognised for the first time support.

Kok displays determination to honour 'contract' with voters

But the Dutch prime minister may yet be able to take on the responsibilities of the Commission, writes Gordon Cramb

he reluctance of Wim reverse that position. Kok. Dutch prime minister, to let his candidature go forward for the presidency of the European Commission signals the fragility of his centre-left coalition in The Hague. He is believed to be concerned that, although it has endured 41; years and its economic record is unmatched. the three-party grouping might not survive his departure.

Mr Kok, who won re-election less than a year ago, reiterated at the weekend should be his. that he intended to complete his second term. Amid growing pressure from other European Union leaders for him to take the job, he has been formulating his public comments in a way that Europe. But Jan Rood, EU at elections to the European makes it difficult for hum to expert at Clingendael, the parliament in June.

Dutch international affairs "I have a contract with the institute, says: "I do not Dutch voters until 2002, and think the Dutch would be I will serve that out," Mr convinced. It is very doubt-Kok said last week. No ful that under present condi-Dutch premier has ever tions they consider the presiresigned during a term to dent of the Commu-take another job. "That is an important job." just not done," says one He adds: "As lon dent of the Commission such He adds: "As long as this senior government official. government is in office, I do not think it is realistic that Mr Kok departs... Especially Still, while many in Mr Kok's social democratic PvdA share the view that he from the point of view of the is under a democratic obliga-PvdA, its strong position is tion to stay, some within the in large part based on the

party began saying at the The prime minister's perweekend that the decision sonal rating among the vot-As the Dutch like to ers is seen as having played regard themselves as model a main role in gaining the EU citizens, any about-face PvdA its status as the largvated by the greater good of ward collapse in its support

popularity of Mr Kok."



Wim Kolc says he intends to complete his second term

By tradition, the premier only new in his job but will comes from the ranks of the have difficulty winning attached to him or his minisbiggest party. The strongest acceptance from the free-contender to succeed Mr Kok market VVD, its main coalicould be presented to the est single party. His depart contender to succeed Mr Kok market VVD, its main coali-party and electorate as moti-ture might prompt an awk- is Ad Melkert, employment tion partner, where he is minister until last year and regarded as too left-wing. now the party's parliamen. At the general election last dency, and demand the coal tary chief. Mr Melkert is not May, the two parties tion resolves its squabbles. At the general election last

together secured a majority in the lower house. But they retained as junior partner the reformist D66, which has acted as a buffer in frequent clashes between the PvdA and VVD on issues from asylum seekers to toll roads.

3

Mr Kok's coalition also faces one arcane, but none the less acute problem, which could act as a catalyst. Within 16 days, a parliamentary commission of inquiry is due to report on the handling by successive governments of the 1992 El Al air crash in Amsterdam, which killed at least 43. If serving ministers are found negligent, the VVD is most at risk of being damaged.

Any resignations would require a cabinet reshuffle and, unless Mr Kok is him self found wanting, his party might then have a strong enough hand to secure the succession to the premiership. Equally, if no blame is ters, he could proclaim that an appropriate moment to take on the responsibilities of the Commission presidency, and demand the coali-

UK proposes sweeping changes for Brussels

#### By Quentin Peel in London

The British government yesterday proposed sweeping reforms of hiring and firing in the European Union's bureaucracy, and tough new

The blueprint presented yesterday to EU foreign ministers, if implemented, would reform of the Brussels civil fraud and nepotism.

service since its inception in 1957. It calls for an independent fraud investigation unit, based inside the Commission itself, and an external audit to modernise the entire system of financial management and control.

The British proposals were circulated informally to all fellow member states last week, in the wake of the mass resignation of the 20member European Commission after a highly critical report on mismanagement,

nity for root and branch reform," the British paper says. "To build a successful Europe for the future, we need to undertake far-reaching reforms of the European

Commission." The paper, which British officials stress contains merely "ideas" for reform, calls for the new president of the Commission, who could fied": be nominated this week at the EU summit in Berlin, to make a personal commit-

vice-president with the specific task of following through reform of its management, personnel policies, mance": and budget control.

Among the specific proposals put forward are: A complete overhaul of

the pay system in the ranks of the Commission to ensure that all salaries are "justi-Financial and non-finan-

cial rewards for good performance; bers at the top ment to shake up the . A new "structure of

meet this evening to discuss the scope of a second report into the culture, practices and procedures of the European Commission, adds Emma Tucker from Brussels.

These include drawing up proposals for legislation, executing policies, and awarding financial contracts. The inquiry is likely to take a close look at the granting of contracts to outside consultants used to manage Commission policies.

#### **Finnish coalition heads** for election defeat

#### By Tim Burt in Helsinki

Finland's appointing showing.

coalition by the Centre party, which economic growth and took government last night would assume the presi-Finland into European eco-appeared to be heading for dency of the European nomic and monetary union, defeat in the country's gen- Union in the second half of he was criticised for failing eral election following a dis- this year, would not be to reduce unemployment expected to introduce any fast enough or stem rural Initial projections, based radical changes to the eco-migration to the cities. on postal ballots and early nomic and foreign policies The Centre party has results, indicated that the conducted by the outgoing vowed to address unemploy-

seats in the 200-seat parlia-Although Mr Lipponen ment. A new government led oversaw a period of strong What does it take to be a financial

"This crisis is an opportu- bureaucracy, and appoint a accountability" making it Parliament's political groups easier to penalise and, if necessary, dismiss civil servants for "consistently poor perfor-• A clear definition of job objectives for civil servants. regularly revised:

 Greater mobility within and between branches of the Commission, and promotion based on "proven ability"; Amalgamation of the two top grades (A1 and A2), and reduction in absolute num-Leaders of the European

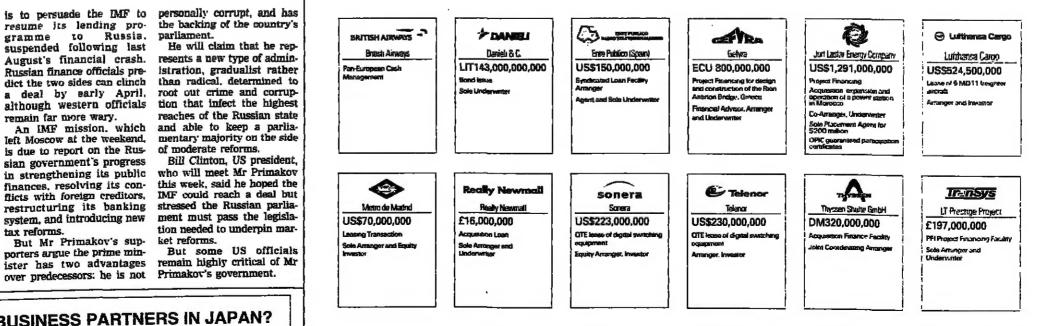
largest party in the outgoing ernment.

coalition, were neck and votes counted, the Social cut income taxes and neck - each with about 28 Democrats, led by Paavo Lip- increase employers' powers per cent of the vote. If borne ponen, saw their share fall in wage negotiations. Some out by the final result, this to 22.8 per cent. compared of those policies, however, would force parties to dis- with 28 per cent at the last might be diluted during cuss the shape of a new gov- election in 1995. "We have negotiations on a new coali-"The people have voted for ficult decisions and that is Conservative party, whose Ichange," said Esko Aho, the the reason why we have suf-leader Sauli Nilnisto is the

opposition Centre party and coalition, in which the Con- ment - which is about 11 per the Social Democrats, the servatives also participate. cent - by increasing regional With 76 per cent of the aid. It has also pledged to been in the front line on dif- tion. Mr Abo could invite the Centre party leader, who is fered," said Mr Lipponen. current finance minister, to expected to control about 50 "Mistakes have been made." remain in government.

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Primakov seeks to mend strained US relations

By John Thornhill in Moscow and John Lloyd in London

gramme Yevgeny Primakov, Russia's suspended following last prime minister, will tomor. August's financial crash. row start a critical series of Russian finance officials pretalks in Washington to try to its from the International Monetary Fund. The Russian media have

"make or break" moment in his six-month premiership, which will either boost his chances of succeeding President Boris Yeltsin or fatally knock his credibility. It will also determine the tone of tax reforms.

US-Russian relations, badly hit by policy clashes over Iraq, Iran, and Kosovo. Mr Primakov's main goal

resents a new type of administration, gradualist rather dict the two sides can clinch than radical, determined to patch strained relations with a deal by early April, root out crime and corrupthe US and wring more cred- although western officials tion that infect the highest reaches of the Russian state remain far more wary. An IMF mission, which and able to keep a parlialeft Moscow at the weekend, mentary majority on the side presented the trip as the is due to report on the Rus- of moderate reforms. sian government's progress

to Russia, parliament.

finances, resolving its con-flicts with foreign creditors, But Mr Primakov's sup-

porters argue the prime minister has two advantages

Bill Clinton, US president, in strengthening its public who will meet Mr Primakov this week, said he hoped the flicts with foreign creditors. IMF could reach a deal but restructuring its banking stressed the Russian parliasystem, and introducing new ment must pass the legislation needed to underpin market reforms. But some US officials

remain highly critical of Mr over predecessors: he is not Primakov's government.

LOOKING FOR BUSINESS PARTNERS IN JAPAN? THE JETRO TECHNOLOGY TIE-UP PROMOTION PROGRAM (TTPP) helps foreign companies to establish links with Japanese counterparts

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IETRO JETRO (Jupan External Trade Organ logical co-operation between Japan and other cou and industrial and techno

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#### **INTERNATIONAL**

#### Japan may use public funds to repay life insurers' loans

#### By Naoko Nakamae in Tokyo

The Japanese government is considering using public funds to repay subordinated loans made to Nippon Credit Bank and Long Term Credit Bank by financial institutions including Japanese life insurers. Both NCB and LTCB were nationalised last year, after they were deemed insolvent under the newly money back.

passed revitalisation law. The issue could potentially overturn normal Japanese eign and domestic institutions which have extended corporate practice, since subloans to weak Japanese ordinated loans have traditionally not been protected banks, since any repayment when a company goes bankrupt. It also highlights the set an important precedent for the rest of the sector. degree of government concern about the life assurance Officials at the Financial sector, which could be dam-**Reconstruction Committee** aged if they did not get their (FRC), the government body charged with bank reform,

Sub-Saharan Africa

Spending on debt" and addition

closely watched by other for- been made. However, Hakuo made around Y700bn (\$6bn) FRC, admitted it was a very "painful" issue. The FRC will come under pressure to of subordinated loans would arrive at a decision soon, siderable damage on many since the case is now generating controversy. The issue is particularly

crucial to 10 or so big life insurers including Nippon

industry insiders. Yanagisawa, head of the in subordinated loans to the two banks. Classification of these loans as "problem" or bad debts would inflict conof the weaker companies' balance sheets. Kyoei Life, which extended Y65m in

subordinated loans to the banks, is particularly fragile, Life and Dai-ichi Mutual, the and will be especially wor-

The move is likely to be say no firm decision has top two in Japan, which ried about the treatment of insolvent under the FRC nated loans are high-ristumthe loans, according to code, they were not "bankrupt" under normal law, offi-

cials claim. The FRC has indicated it However, opposition politiis prepared to use taxpayers' cians fear that if the FRC money to repay these loans. repays the loans, it would be FRC officials maintain this guaranteeing all subordiis justifiable because subornated debt made to insolvent dinated loans are repayable banks which are nationalunless a company becomes ised. "This is ridiculous," bankrupt under normal Japsaid Yoshito Sengoku of the anese law. Although NCB and LTCB were considered Democratic party. "Subordi-

high-risk instruments. This is a moral hazard issue. If the government goes ahead and pays back the loans, it will be sending the mess

spillic ball

that companies can profit from the high interest rates on high risk investments in banks which are about to go under, and still get back their principal at the end of the day."

#### **Education crisis** 'threat to Africa's future'

#### By Michael Holman, Africa Editor

Sub-Saharan Africa faces a "social breakdown" unless urgent measures are taken to tackle the region's education crisis, Oxfam, the international aid agency, warns in a report published today.

The 240-page report, Education Now, marks the launch of an Oxfam campaign to achieve universal primary education by 2015.

A target date of 2000 was originally set 10 years ago at an international conference on education held in Jomtien. Although it was endorsed by more than 150 governments, they failed to achieve it. A decade later. the target remains far out of reach, says Oxfam.

Today there are 125m children out of school throughout the world, and 872m illiterate adults, while a further 150m children start school read or write.

"If the world's governments fail to act now, 75m be necessary to enrol an children will be deprived of basic education in 2015." 2005.

The Oxfam campaign, which has won the backing of Hilary Clinton, wife of the US president, calls for "a global action plan" to tackle cation programme has sucthe education crisis in Africa ceeded and elsewhere, funded by a enrolments by over 3m in combination of debt relief. little over a year."

more focused lending by donors, and cuts in military spending by the governments of the world's poorest

countries. The report singles out sub-Saharan Africa as the region which has the developing world's lowest net enrolment rate - 57 per cent - with over 40m primary school age children out of school. It is the only part of the world where illiteracy is on the rise and on current trends, numbers out of school will increase to 51m by 2005 and almost 55m by 2015.

Countries such as Zambia, Ethiopia, Niger, Kenya and Tanzania, says the report, are spending between two times and four times as much on debt repayments as they are on basic education.

"Unless determined action is taken to address the education crisis, the human resources needed to drive social and economic recovbut drop out before they can ery in the 21st century will not exist."

To meet the target, it will non-government additional 22m children by organisation But a brief tour of its With the right policies and

grounds and classrooms sufficient resources, it can reveals broken windows. be done, says Oxfam: "Uganpeeling walls with a few tatty da's universal primary edueducational posters, tollets with cisterns half off the in increasing wall, chairs and desks in disrepair. Class sizes are usually above 40 children.

Annual debi

#### We educate our children on loan'

Moi Avenue Primary School, As the government provides only teacher on the edge of central Nalrobi, has good reason to laries, water and cleaning ba proud of itself, writes staff, all teaching materials, repairs, medical supplies or Mark Turner in Nairobi. It regularly scores in the top 5 new buildings must be paid for by parents. This year, per cent of urban school they will have to spend examination results, and Ks3,220-Ks3,520 (\$50-\$55) boasts a computer room. per child, a high price in a thanks to the activities of Kenya Youth Habitat, a local country where a teacher can earn as little as Ks3,000 a month, and a civil servant clerk Ka6.000. Most schools rely on loans

> from their co-operatives to survive and the attendance of a handful of street children depends on charitable donations. It is little surprise that Kenyan primary school enrolment

dropped from over 90 per cent in 1992 to just over 70 per cent in 1997.

Once scarce resources have been spent on books, electricity and telephone bills, there is little left to build a permanent perimeter fence, to upgrade the sandy patch of ground which passes for a sports field, to erect new classrooms and or to pave the dusty central courtyard which plays havoc with the children's asthma. "We educate our children on loan," complains **Reverend Mrs Elpiety** Kamuyu, chairman of the parents' association. "Right now the whole burden is on the parents."

#### Tokyo, Seoul still differ over North Korea

By Michiyo Nakamoto in Tokyo

Keizo Obuchi, Japan's prime minister, returned from South Korea yesterday with an agreement to strengthen bilateral economic ties, but the visit failed to bridge the gap between the two countries' policies towards North Korea In a two-hour weekend

meeting, Mr Obuchi and South Korea's President Kim Dae-jung agreed to promote economic ties and to co-ordinate their stance on issues relating to the coming round of talks in the World Trade Organisation

In a speech to students at Korea University, Mr Obuchi also called on South Korea to join Japan in working towards the establishment of an Asian free trade zone along the lines of the European common market.

As a further sign of Japanese efforts to help its neighbour overcome its economic difficulties, Tokyo offered a further \$1bn in aid to South Korea under the \$30bn New Miyazawa Initiative set up to assist five Asian countries affected by last year's cur-rency turmoil. South Korea has now received \$3.8bn under this programme. Mr Obuchi's visit high-

lighted the growing co-operation between Japan and South Korea, which together

will host the World Cup soccer games in 2002. However, the visit, the first by a Japanese prime minister to Korea in five years, was marred by protests against Japan's alleged failure to apologise fully for war atrocities, the lack of full compensation for them,

a bilateral fishery treaty, and Japanese moves to provide greater support to US troops in the region.

Furthermore, the weekend symmit failed to bridge the considerable gap between South Korea and Japan on their policies towards Pyong-

Tokyo has recently indicated its willingness to start a dialogue with North Korea, but has insisted this is contingent on assurances that it will not launch another missile over Japanese territory. as it did last August.

Mr Obuchi took the Japanese position a modest step closer to that of South Korea by stating that Japan supported Mr Kim's "sunshine policy" towards the North. While in Secul, he called on Pyongyang to "open the door" to communication aimed at reconciliation and mutual exchange.

However, he refrained from offering any further concrete signs that the Japanese stance towards the North might be softening.

Turkey hopes for pipeline agreement before poll By Leyla Boulton in Ankara an

Robert Corzine in London

Turkey is hoping to clinch a deal for a multi-billion-dollar pipeline to transport Caspian oil from the Azeri capital of Baku to its Mediterranean port of Ceyhan before elections on April 18.

Ziya Aktas, energy minister, said at the weekend the government, which hopes to boost its election chances by finalising agreement on the long-discussed pipeline, was keen to save six months that would otherwise be lost while the talks were picked up by a new government.

He said both the governments involved in the project and international oil companies aimed to finish negotiations on an inter-governmental agreement as well as an all-important appendix on commercial terms for a pipeline by April 14.

Ankara's keenness to complete the negotiations is 🖆 likely to give the oil companies some extra leverage and therefore an incentive to close the discussions. The moves coincide with

intense US government pressure on the BP Amoco-led Azerbaijan International Operating Company (AIOC) to agree to a project which Ankara views as being in its national interest, and which is the centrepiece of Washington's policy to isolate Iran and strengthen the independence of the former Soviet republics in the Caspian Sea region.

Talks due to take place next week will focus on what

**Banks urged to improve risk management procedures** An IIF task force set up in lation from each other, and even the most liquid of mar-"I think there has been The UF reports also pro-ernment debt in emerging

By George Graham, Banking Editor

the wake of the Asian crisis dealt inadequately with the kets became very difficult to some effect of diverting pose: of 1997 found that most large linkages between the differ- trade in.

Manila to take politicians' fingers out of the pork barrel

to poor-quality investment movie star. But as mayor of about 1.5 per cent of budget

the Manila suburb of San

luan, Mr Estrada also had a

fair reputation for financial

management by delegating

to competent officials given

enough autonomy to pursue

their jobs - a style of man-

agement he has continued at

"His budgets at San Juan

did run at a surplus," says

Benjamin Diokno, the bud-

get secretary recruited from

academia to reform the bud-

get process. Already there

has been significant progress

Much of the pork barrel

system has already been

reformed. The size of the

funds allocated to each con-

gressman has been restricted

in the national budget.

the national level.

markets to help emerging local capital markets.

New steps to improve banks' risk management practices are needed to avoid a repetition of the financial market crises of the last 18 months. according to two new reports from the Institute of International Finance, which groups the world's leading banks. securities houses and investment groups.

A are hundreds of basket-ball courts and bus shel-

ters, legacies of the coun-

try's often flawed budget

The diversion of funds into

politically popular projects

such as the bus shelters and

sports facilities has been a

recurring feature of what

has sometimes seemed more

like a division of the spoils

among politicians than a

In past budgets, govern-

ment officials estimate

around 8 to 10 per cent of the

budget was allocated to dis-

cretionary funds for politi-

cians for projects in their

districts, popularly known as

"pork barrel" funds in the

Philippines. Not surpris-

transparent budget process.

process.

financial institutions were ent categories of risk reasonably satisfied with They had also failed to their systems for assessing take enough account of market risk, and had started liquidity risk, the risk that to manage down their expothe market might dry up and sures as early as January make it impossible to sell 1997. They were also broadly comfortable with their credit losses. This risk came home risk assessment systems. to roost after the near col-But they found that these lapse of Long Term Capital systems were working in iso-

Sir David Walker, chairman of Morgan Stanley International and a member of the IIF steering group on emerging markets finance, said the financial world's out of a position without big intellectual firepower had for the past five years been focused more on the development of modelling tech-Management in 1996, when niques for market risk.

modelling and from the linkages between the two." Sir David noted that if a

risk by boosting its exposure in the field. to a single counterparty.

in emerging markets to More transparency on improve the enforceability of economic data, including the collateral and netting agreements in the case of default. Better communication within financial institutions to ensure that changes in portfolio strategy are actumonthly publication. ally carried out by managers Reports available

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incentives Ankara is ore pared to grant to make the project commercially attractive, given current low oil prices and uncertainty over the eventual oil reserves in the Caspian. In particular, the talks will determine whether Turkey is

a1 prepared to guarantee co overruns on its \$2.4bn est mate for the project. The AIOC has estimated tbat the 1,994km pipeline

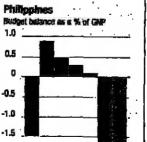
could cost as much as \$3.7bn, but officials stress that at present any cost estimate is more of a guess given the lack of detailed engineering studies.

is a proposed transport tariff. Turkish officials said the \$2 a barrel or less transit fee proposed by the oil compa nies was not realistic. Oil company executives say a price of \$10 a barrel oil implies a tariff of only \$1.50

> There are also differences about the pipeline's route. The oil companies are wary of Turkish plans to build the pipeline and its accompanying service road close to predominantly Kurdish areas. They claim the route is not the most economic one and are concerned that the service road in particular could become a strategic military asset in Turkey's campaign against Kurdish insurgents.

hoped the pipeline - which they estimated would take 3½ years to complete would be ready by the end of 2003 or 2004. AIOC officials say, however, it is unlikely to be needed before 2005; An explosion hit the Turkish section of an oil pipeline

Turkey yesterday, security officials said, Reuters reports from Diyarbakir: The blast came during a



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about 1m of the 70m people in the Philippines currently Day tax.

raised more than \$1.3bn this may be to see less money is spent on projects such as basketball courts and more increase the woeful levels of on economically worthwhile tax compliance through comdevelopments and programmes.



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funds.

auto-diversity. With many mak- from the Conran Shop, Toyota more human approach to interior seconds.

international financial sys- flows". Their final statement minister, Pisit Leeahtam, also called for tighter regula- and Singapore's finance minister. Richard Hu, both stressed that the proposals

increased restraints on market activity. The final statement left out more interventionist proposais from Malaysia. How-

expenditure, much reduced

More important, the end

use of funds has been

restricted and the power to

release funds taken out of

the bands of the politicians.

Congressmen can now ear-

mark the division of funds

for projects in their districts

only from a limited list of

government priorities, such

as infrastructure, education

and poverty reduction.

Funds will also be directly

released from the Depart-

ment of Budget and Manage-

In other areas, the govern-

ment is aiming to draw a

three-year framework for

key budget targets with the

Philippine Congress. This is

ment to contractors.

from past levels.

ever, Malaysia's second of the market collapses of finance minister, Mustapa Mohamed, welcomed it.

The ministers also moved ahead with plans proposed last year to set up a system for monitoring the economies of its members, which is supposed to provide early warning of a possible repeat

ger-term planning and reduc-

ing the annual delays in

passing the budget through

Congress while debates rage,

usually over the level of

will also improve the quality

of spending. Under the past

system, politicians would

seek as many funds as possi-

ble in one year and spend

them, even if they were not

enough to complete the pro-

jects. The result is a plethora

Another big change has

been to change the financing

mix of the deficit, projected

this year at 2.2 per cent of

gross national product. In

the past, the domestic

money market has been the

prime source of borrowed

With the budget balance

of half-finished projects.

The longer-term planning

pork barrel funds.

about the prospects for economic recovery in the region this year. But their statement also expressed concern about threats including rising protectionism, continued weakness in the Japanese economy and currency fluc-The Asean ministers tuations

By Jonethan Birchall in Hanol tem in the aftermath of the Finance ministers from the Asian economic crisis. nine members of the Associ-The ministers called in ation of South East Asian particular for "greater trans-Nations (Asean) ended two parency" in the operations of days of talks in Hanoi at the international ratings agenweekend with a call for cies, and for "closer and greater openness and more co-ordinated monitorimproved regulation of the ing of short-term capital

tion of big market participants, arguing that "highly leveraged institutions which have systemic significance should be subject to regular and timely transparency and disclosure requirements". Thailand's deputy finance

Philippine budget funds in the past have too often been quietly diverted into local

and a reinforcement of the

Reform, however, is under

way with the Estrada gov-

ernment aiming to introduce

greater rationality into the

Besides tackling the pork

barrel funds, the govern-

ment aims to introduce lon-

ger-term planning into the

budget, increase the trans-

parency of the release of

funds and change the financ-

ing mix of the country's defi-

cit to reduce the "crowding

out" of private sector bor-

rowers in the local market.

The budget reform pro-

gramme may seem at odds

with the reputation of

Joseph Estrada, the Philip-

ingly, this has been a prime pine president better known to an average of 30m pesos

politics of patronage.

budget process

projects, but more transparency and rationality are on the way, writes Tony Tassell

cross the Philippines source of corruption, leading for his former career as a (\$770,000) each, totalling

did not represent support for

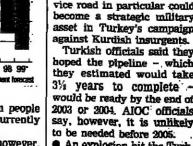
1997. The Asean surveillance process will now be run out of the group's Jakarta secretariat, under the current head of the Asian Development Bank's regional economic monitoring unit in Manila, Pradamuna Rama.

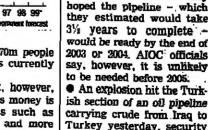
bank wanted to cut its market risk, the quickest way to do so was by striking a trade in derivatives with another bank. That, however, would increase the bank's credit

• issues of long-term gov-

Asean call for more open, better regulated financial system expressed guarded optimism

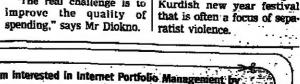
Another stumbling block a barrel.





The prime task, however,

"The real challenge is to



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MODELS WHICH UDINGED JUN LO LLIC



switched to raising funds

abroad to reduce the effect of

"crowding out" private sec-

tor borrowers. This in turn

has led to substantial falls in

interest rates on local money

from international money

markets and loans from mul-

tilateral institutions.

Already, the government has

year in foreign bond issues.

the government is aiming to

puterisation and a controver-

sial plan to make all citizens

declare their assets and lia-

On the revenue side too,

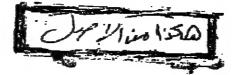
markets.

turning into deficit for the bilities. Mr Diokno says only

-2.0 r Diokno says about 50-60 per of the deficit this year will be financed from funds raised

-1.6

publication of international reserves data weekly, and with no more than one week's lag, compared with the existing International Monetary Fund standard of



#### INTERNATIONAL

#### Ecstatic balloonists celebrate triumph

#### By Mark Huband In Dakbla, Egypt

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(27,000 miles). A mixture of joy and fatigue beamed from the faces of the Breitling Orbiter 3 balloon team as the two men were picked up by helicopter from the Egyptian desert after Jones, a former pilot. "The becoming the first balloonists to fly non-stop around the world.

cold saps the spirit." Bertrand Piccard from Mr Piccard described the Switzerland and Brian Jones exhilaration of being surfrom Britain landed their 50rounded only by wind and metre-high balloon northclouds as the world sped by west of the Egyptian casis 10,000ft (3,050m) below them.

town of Dakhla after a 21extraordinary to be in that We had the most amazing kind of contact with nature. experience. The two of us To sense nature. To hear the left as reasonably good wind," he said. friends and now we are The circumnavigation extremely close," said Mr ends a four-year battle between rival teams to worst part was the cold. It achieve the last remaining

was incredibly cold, and the feat in ballooning. Celebration of the landing was marred by the apparent arranging their own transreluctance of the Egyptian authorities to provide timely assistance to the team sent to collect the two balloonists

town of Dakhla after a 21- "It was not just two people from the rocky plateau upon The balloonists meanwhile day journey of 44,000km closed up in a closet. It was which they landed at 5.52am spent over six hours showering themselves in the ice vesterday. The retrieval team led by that fell from the skin of

Alan Noble, Breitling Orbiter flight director, said their balloon. At the foot of the steep mountains on the Egypt had promised two other side of which the balhelicopters to retrieve the loon had landed, soldiers pilots after their 21-day barred reporters from followflight. The team flew to ing the retrieval team. The Dakhla yesterday morning barren terrain had been choand waited six hours before sen as the landing site once the balloon had only enough port to the landing site. fuel for 50 miles more.

The Egyptian authorities The landing took four attempts. The Breitling sup-port team circled around the finally sent a helicopter late in the afternoon.

balloon in an aircraft as the wast silver craft slipped down towards the earth. As it drew close, a vast sheet of melting ice frozen to the balloon crashed on to the desert sand. This sudden weight loss sent the balloon first bouncing to the ground and then soaring upwards until it was brought down at the fourth attempt.

in Mexico City The balloonists had hoped to reach the three huge pyra-Mexico's oil industry may be mids at Giza outside Cairo,

Ry Andrea Ma

cuts by the world's leading

oil exporters. A deal reached by the

Organisation of Petroleum

Exporting Countries (Opec)

oil cartel and non-Opec

reduce exports by 2.4m bar-

\$7.66 a barrel for Mexican

\$11 in recent days.

prices fall.

on the road to recovery after but strong seasonal winds an agreement last week on a forced them south. new round of production

oil agreement

**OUTPUT CUTS PACT LIFTS CRUDE PRICES** 

to gain from

Mexico hopes

and Gurtz Consulting. "It's well worth it."

But just how long Mexico's good fortune will last depends on the staying power of oil exporters. All eyes would be on a meeting of Opec members in Vienna tomorrow to ratify officially The Hague accord for further confirmation that countries will honour their commitments, market watchers said

5

members in The Hague to If the agreement was rels a day as of April 1 approved, prices were expected to rise again, said anapushed prices from a low of

sacrificing 125,000

lysts, who are predicting a 75 per cent compliance rate. And if all goes smoothly. prices should hold at \$16 a barrel until the end of the year for the benchmark West Texas crude, said Mr Miller, after averaging \$12 in recent months.

"The cut will make quite a substantial impact on the market over the next year if they can do it," said Mr Miller. "The market has reached bottom and we are finally seeing the beginnings of a turnaround."

Rafael Quijano, managing partner of the Washingtonbased Latin America Petroleum Intelligence Service. said there were more than a few weak links in the chain. United Arab Emirates, cal tightening, this cut which could potentially renege on their reduction commitments if prices con-

> "The danger is others may try to cheat while Mexico remains disciplined," said Mr Quijano.

#### Reserved Chileans anxious to forget country's dark past

Most politicians and many voters hope Pinochet will fade away after this week's Law Lords' decision, writes Mark Mulligan

highest court - deliver their second verdict on the immunity of General Augusto ular topic of conversation. Pinochet, police will be rolling their elephantine water cannons into position to deal with the inevitable demonstrations and celebrations If they rule against the for-

mer military dictator, the A trial in Chile clamour will come from outside the British and Spanish embassies in Santiago's leafy, prosperous uptown of President area, where a small band of Pinochet supporters have become part of the streetscape since their former leader was detained in London five months ago.

If he is released, the general's opponents will be to reflect on the country's marching through the down-

itown Santiago to remind the government of its promise to another stage in the recondeliver justice in Chile's courts. In either case, there will be arrests and perhaps a few injuries, but by Thursday most Chileans will have returned to normal rhythm of life in the atypically reserved Latin American

country. In spite of the apocalyptic cans to view it all with scenarios painted by politi- increasing coldness." cians and commentators

When Chile downs tools on Wednesday as the Law Lords - Britain's country is safely in ber-racks and Colo Colo, the former military ruler will nation's favourite football eventually fade from public team, remains the most pop-According to Eugenio Tironi, a leading academic and former director of communications in the ruling centre-left coalition govern-

would test the will

Eduardo Frei

ment, the protracted and distant nature of the Pinochet case has given Chileans time dark past and accept this latest development as just ciliation which began with the 1988 plebiscite to end

military rule. "The fact that this whole process has taken place in another country, with exotic characters such as the Law Lords, and in so many different stages, has allowed Chil-

He says if the Law Lords when Gen Pinochet was clear the way for Gen Pinoarrested on October 16, the chet to be extradited to period of Gen Pinochet's party shed the the memory called on Chileans to forget

former military ruler will consciousness. However, legal experts say the government, which is already bowed under the weight of criticism for its decision to defend the general in the latest hearings, will find it harder to shake off the former dictator. "Most politicians wish this

would go away," says José Zalaquett, a leading human rights lawyer and one of the architects of the Truth and

Pinochet, the government

pressure from the military to intervene in the extradition process." If Gen Pinochet returns to will be called on from the

mer dictator on home turf, an outcome favoured by 70 per cent of the population, according to recent polls. A trial in Chile, complicated by an annesty law

try's rightwing opposition parties, which are trying to distance themselves from recent history in the same way that Spain's Popular covering the most brutal



Pinochet motorcade: the former dictator's supportare pictured earlier this month in Santiago provide a tasts of things to come after the Law Lords' ruling this week AP

reign, would test the will of of General Franco, the for-President Eduardo Frei in mer rightwing leader. Meanwhile, Ricardo Lagos, Despite the nationalist the final nine months of his rhetoric in the early days of his detention, political analysts agree that Renovacion Nacional and the Independent Democratic Union (UDI) are secretly relieved to have Pinochet abroad while they muster their forces against the likelihood of Chile's first socialist president since Salvador Allende, who committed suicide on the night of Chile's 1973 military coup. "But if he does come home, it must be as the victor against the forces of interna- year. tional socialism." said one.

Joaqui n Lavin, UDI's presidential candidate, this week

about the past and "opt for the future".

the Socialist party candidate check. and the man most likely to be the country's next president according to the last polls, reiterated his call for a judicial solution. Mr Lagos is well remem bered in Chile as the man who mobilised the country to vote against an extended term for Gen Pinochet in the 1988 plebiscite, a role which cost him a brief detention as a suspect in an assassination attempt on the dictator that said

"If any one candidate has gained any advantage through the Pinochet case,

crude last month to above 'Pemex is The rapid rise drove prices well above the benchmark of \$9.25 for the Mexican blend, barrels out of 3m below which government coffers lose an estimated \$20m for every dollar that for a 33 per cent Last week, Petróleos Mexi- rise in prices' canos (Pemex), the state-run oil company, announced net

losses of 10.6bn pesos (\$1.08bn) for 1998 after Mexican crude dropped to its low-

Mexico agreed to cut crude exports by 125,000 barrels a day under The Hague

production. But while previous reductions failed to raise budget cuts and further fisshould pay off, oil analysts

#### 125,000 barrels out of 3m for a 33 per cent rise in prices,"

said Ken Miller, oil analyst it's Lagos," said Mr Tironi. | with the Texas-based Purvin

est level in 12 years, averaging \$6.30 a barrel last year. The loss, which comes after net earnings of 7.8bn pesos in 1997, forced the government, which relies on oil taxes and rovalties for a third of its revenues, to introduce severe budget cuts to keep the fiscal deficit in

accords, bringing total export reductions over the last year to 325,000 barrels or about 10 per cent of national prices, resulting in Pemex including Nigeria and the

"Pemex is sacrificing tinued to climb.

**Reconciliation** Commission established in 1990 to compensate the families of people who disappeared during the military regime. "But if the Lords rule against

six-year term. "Frei's administration has tended to be reactive, rather than prowill come under intense active, in the question of claims against the military government," says Mr Zala-

quett. "Before they've been Chile, the administration little problems, which could be left to the courts. Now other side of the political he's got a big problem which establishment to bonour its calls for judicial reform." promises of trying the for-

Gen Pinochet's detention in London has also proved embarrassing for the coun-



Time and again at Shell we're discovering the rewards of respecting the environment when doing business. If we're exploring for oil and gas reserves in sensitive areas of the world, we consult widely with the different local and global interest groups. Working together, our aim is to ensure that bio-diversity in each location is preserved. We also try to encourage these groups to monitor our progress so that we can review and improve the ways in which we work. We see this process as an important investment in our goal of sustainable development, balancing economic progress with environmental care and social responsibility. It won't happen overnight. But lessons like these are helping us move forward - with careful steps.

> WE WELCOME FOLD WAVE CONTACT US ON THE INTERNET AT WWW.SHELLCOM/EXPLORE OF BRAALUS AT TRE-SHELLOSIESHELL CON' OF WRITE TO US AL. THE PROPERS & PERMETALES DEBATE SHEL INTERNATIONAL (ID SHELL CENTRE, LONDON SET THA UK

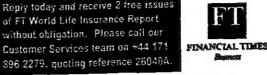
the scars of industrialisation are all too opparent. Our shared climple and itnize natural resources

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	AHEAD						
	UK COMPANIES				÷.		
	TODAY	Interims: Allied London Props	MARCH 25	I PINANCIAL TIMES		Free Trial Offer	
	COMPANY MEETINGS: Updown Inv, 12, Tokenhouse Yard, EC, 11.45	Dowding & Mills Frogmore Estates Scottish Metropolitan	COMPANY MEETINGS: Crest Nicholson, Runnymede Hotel, Windsor Rd, Egham, Surrey, 12.00		n o r t	Try the FT World Life Insurance Report FREE for	
	BOARD MEETINGS: Finals:	MEDNESDAY MARCH 24	BOARD MEETINGS:		16	two issues with absolutely no RISK	
	Alexon Asda Property Core Group	COMPANY MEETINGS: Allied Textile Cos, Forte Posthouse Hotel, Clifton,	Finals: Alvis Ask Central Daniels (S)	INSURANCE		or OBLIGATION.	
i	Flying Flowers Meristem Morgan Crucible Nestor Healthcare	Brighouse, W Yorks. 12.00 BWD Securities, Quayside House, Canal Wharf, Leeds, 11.30 CW Residential, 1, Riding	informé Kingspan Lionheart Norcor Novara	Your life	en	ds on it	
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#### **CONFERENCES, VENUES AND COURSES**



WEEK

#### **DIVIDEND & INTEREST PAYMENTS**

TODAY Alcan Aluminium S0.15 Asahi Breweries Y730,000 Bank of Ireland Sub. Bds. 2005 £97.50CGU 10%% Bds. 2002 £107.50. City Merchants Nts. \$285.95 high Yield Tst. 4p Commercial Loans on Invst. Prop. Secs. Class A Mort Bkd. FBN, 2009 £33.46. Do. Class M1 Mort Bkd. FRN. 2009 £183.86, Do. Class M2 Mort. Bkd. FRN. 2009 £188.79. Do. Class B Mort. Bkd. FRN. 2009 2261.53, Daiwa Europe Bank Nts, 2002 Y2,400,000 East Midlands Electricity 2016 3625 8.375% Bds. 2006 £83.75. NMBZ Hidgs. Fin ZS 1.3248. Do. Ord. FIN Z\$ 1,3248 Rio Tinto Canada Nts. 2001 CW Residential 1p \$60, S.G.W. Fin, 1314% Gtd. bds. 2016 Nts. 2001 A\$331.250, Welsh Hercules \$0.27 Water Utilities Fin. 7% Gtd. Bds. 2014 £76.25 Bds. 2006 £187.50 TOMORROW Amer Grp. FMK1, E.I.D. Parry (India; IR1.50 Bds. 1999 Y640,000 Eksportfinans Sub. FRN. 2002 \$26.55. European Invst. Bk. 11% Ln. 2002 £275, First Ln. 2000/05 £4.75 Active £48.85 Glory 5.6% Bds. 2000 Logica 1.15p Y560,000, Swallow Grp. 9.875% 2015 £4.9375. Marston, Thompson & Do.10%% 2019 25.375, Evershed 123a Do.11-4% 2010 25.875 Thyssen AG. DM16, Do Br £1.375 Certs of Dep. DM3.20 New Zealand 111/2 2014 WEDNESDAY 2287.50 MARCH 24 All Nippon Airlines 6.35% Nts. Nippon Telegraph and 2000 Y635.000. Asian Dev. 2006 \$30 Bank, 9256.25, Burningham Midshires Bldg. Soc. FR.sub. 2005 £39,388.43, Boots Co. Eds. 1999 £633.05 10% Bds. 2017 22,531.25, Bds. 2018 £1.037:50 British Land Co. 8%% 1st. Mort, Db. Bds. 2035 4.4375. FCE Bk. FRN. 2001 \$16.02, 8.875p Greenalls Grp. 111: Db. 2014 \$0.68 25.75, Do. 7% Conv. Sub.

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Railtrack 9.125% Bds. 2006 Bds. 2003 3.5p, Guaranteed Overseas Loan Fin. FRN. £91.25, Do. 9.625% Bds. 2016 196.25 £3,673.46, Intl. Bank for Roval Insurance Hidds, 9%% Reconstruction and Dev. 2010 Sub. Eds. 2003 £96.25 £4.75, Kingspan Grp. 1R0.85, Midland Bank Undtd. FR. cap. Shiloh 10p Sotheby's Hidgs. \$0.10 Quester VCT 1p. Sidiaw Grp. Tendring Hundred Water 71/2% Unsec. Ln. 2003/08 Services 4% Db. £2 \$3.75, Spain (Kingdon of) FRIDAY MARCH 26 11+4% Ln. 2010 £293.75 Anglogoid R8 THURSDAY MARCH 25 BankAmerica Corp. \$0.45 ABF Invst. 51/2 Unsec. Ln. BFS Income & Growth Tst. 1987/2002 1.375p, Do. 71/2% 2.5p, Do. 2.5p Unsec. Ln. 1987/2002 1.875p BG 10%% Bds. 2001 £108.75 British Land Co. 8%% Bds. British Govt. 12:4% Exch. 1999 £6.125, Do. 131/2% 2023 344.75, Do. 121/296 Bds. Treas. 2004/08 26.75 Gable & Wireless Intl. Fin. British Land Co. 6% Sub. Ind. 8%% Gtd. Bds. 2019 £862.50 Bds. £30 British Telecommunications 8%% Bds. 2020 £86.25 East Midlands Electricity 12% Cedar Grp. 0.8p Daily Mail & Gen. Tst. 534% Exch. Bds. 2003 £28.75 HIH Capital 71/2% Conv. Cap. Gartmore Fledgling Index 0.4p Hyder 10% Bds. 2002 £537.50 Harmony Gold Mining R0.50 Hibernian Grp. IRO.4p Japan Airport Terminal 6.4% Independent Newspapers Kvaemer Process 4%% Sec R6o INVESCO Conv. Tst. 1p Ln. 1994/99, Do. 9%% Unsec. INVESCO Recovery Tst. 2.2625p Irish Continental Gro. IR5.18p Manchester Corp. 3% £0.75 irish Permanent IR13.4p Ishihara Sangyo Kaisha 5.7% Metropolitan Water Board Bds. 2003 Y570,00 Jersey Phoenix Tst. 3.05p Chelsea Water Works 234% North British Housing Ass. 8%% Gtd. Sec. 2016/20 £4.3125 PowerGen 8%% Bds. 2003 Telephone 6% Global Nts. 2387.50 Scotia Hidgs. 8.5% Conv. Northern Electric 12.661% Bds 2002 \$42.50 Scottish & Southern Energy Northern Rock 10%% Sub. 7.7p, Do. 7.875% Bds. 2007 278.75 NORWEB 8.875% Bds. 2026 SATURDAY MARCH 27 Mersey Docks & Harbour Co. Nottingham Corp. Water Ann. 6%% Rd. Db. 1996/99 £3.375 Sherwood Int

Newques Peptide Therapeutic Roxboro Interims: Schroder Ventures Intl Wescol **TOMORROW** COMPANY MEETINGS: Nightfreight, Tranmers Rovers FC, Prenton Park, Prenton Rd West, Birkenhead, 12.00 BOARD MEETINGS: Finals: **Capital Industries** Baynes (C) BLP Boosey & Hawkes Delta FBC Humbing celand lactarlane Moorepay Newport P&O Ste Pegasus Severfield-Reeve

House St, W1. 3.00 Ottakar's Premier Oil **Dobbies Garden Centres** Melville Nursery, Læsswade. Silvermines Singer & Friedlander Midlothian, 12.00 UCM Domnick Hunter, Mint House, 77, Mansell St, E, Interims: **Caimgorn Dem Inv** Soundtracs, Unit 21-D. Blenheim Rd, Longmead Business Park, Surrey, 12.00 eicester City BOARD MEETINGS: Finals: Alliance UniChem Brake Bros Cheisfield **City Centre Restaurants** Darby Group Fishers Int Flextech Glynwed Inti Independent News Matthews (B) Quality Software Slough Estates

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Next

Stanford Rook

**Taylor & Francis** 

Television Corp

Wolstenholme Fürk

Barratt Developments

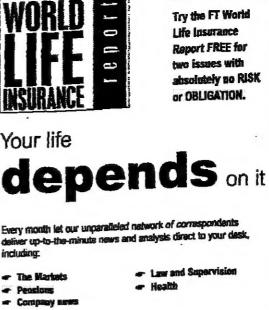
Weir Group

Interims:

Northern Leisure Scottish Oriental FRIDAY MARCH 26 Finals Autologic

BOARD MEETINGS: Company meetings are annual general meetings unless otherwise stated. Please note: Reports and accounts are not normally available until approximately six weeks after the board meeting to approve the oreliminary results. This list is not necessari comprehensive since companies are no longe obliged to notify the Stock Exchange of imminent

announcements.



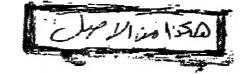
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FINANCIAL TIMES MONDAY MARCH 22 1999 \*

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EUROPEAN COMMISSION FORMER CONSERVATIVE PARTY CHIEF WHIP EMERGES AS FRONT-RUNNER TO SUCCEED BRITTAN and the first

#### **Ex-Hong Kong governor trails in Brussels race**

#### **By Robert Pestor**

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Alastair Goodlad, the former

bers of the Labour government chief whip in the opposition Even though Mr Goodlad is the nominee of William Conservative party, has reemerged as the most likely Hague, the Conservative candidate to succeed Sir party leader, and an old Leon Brittan as one of the friend of Tony Blair, the UK's two European commprime minister, it has been widely thought around the This is likely to be a blow

being backed by senior mem-

conventions."

what I read in the newspa-

Houses of Parliament that out formally or informally to Chris Patten, the former Mr Patten had the edge in Hong Kong governor and the race. Conservative party chair-But one of the prime min-

man, whose candidacy was pers," Mr Patten said. He ister's close colleagues said: added that there was no

the position. He was referring to the A colleague of Mr Blair

tradition that the opposi-tion's official candidate - in pointed out that Mr Patten was occupied with the "big this case Mr Goodlad job" of reviewing the Royal should get the job. Ulster Constabulary, the Mr Patten said yesterday Northern Ireland police that the prime minister's force, to take account of the office had not sounded him new political settlement in the region. about the job. "All I know is

The prime minister called chamber without altering for the establishment of a the balance of power. Like Mr Patten, Mr Goodnew meritocracy in Brussels after the mass resignation of lad is an unusual Conserva-

following an official report European. A senior official said that accusing it of mismanage-

Mr Goodlad's main disadvan-He and Mr Goodlad struck tage was that he was a up a friendship over many "backroom boy" who appeared uncomfortable years as "pairs" in the House of Commons. "Pair-ing" allows MPs from oppo-site parties to absent themmaking speeches or appearing on television.

Meanwhile, the Pro Euro Conservative party, recently set up by two members of the European parliament who defected from the Conservative party, announced toppled.

"We are likely to respect the point in campaigning to get the Commission last week tive for being staunchly pro- it had recruited five new candidates to fight the forthcoming European elec

tions They include Marcelle d'Argy Smith, former editor of Cosmopolitan. The party also acquired the support of Sir Anthony

Meyer, the former Conservative MP who famously stood against Margaret Thatcher in a leadership election in 1989, a year before she was

Inward investors may get **N** Ireland tax break

By John Murray Brown in Dublin

The UK government is considering a special low rate of corporation tax for Northern Ireland to allow it to match the Irish Republic's success in attracting invest ment from other countries. This is understood to be among proposed tax changes

contained in a strategic review of the local economy to be presented to parties in the new power-sharing assembly this week. Under the scheme, any

new inward investment would be taxed for up to five years at a rate close to the Republic's current rate of 10 Der Cept.

The proposals, prepared by Adam Ingram, the Northern Ireland economy minister. still need Treasury approval. A separate business tax rate for Northern Ireland would breach the principle of fiscal unity across the UK. It would also require approval from the European Commission as it would be seen by Brussels as anticompetitive state aid.

The proposal may not secure cross-party support: the Ulster Unionist party is expected to oppose it on grounds it represents a dilution of Northern Ireland's place in the UK. However, the moderate nationalist Social Democratic and Labour party will support any move to bring the north and south economies closer

together. Business is also enthusiastic. Frank Costello, a US consultant who represents Boston-based high-technology companies interested in locating in Northern Ireland. said limiting the scheme to five years "would be an excellent opportunity to

gauge its success' The proposals are a response to the performance of the Irish Republic economy, which created 115,900 jobs between 1980-93 against 13.100 in Northern Ireland.

#### Struggling Greens see a glimmer of hope for success

The English and Welsh party believes that proportional voting will improve its election prospects, reports Sathnam Sanghera

he Green Party for has fallen off - at the last England and Wales has election it failed to reach always been the sickly even 2 per cent of the vote. cousin of the European But this year should be Green parties.

different, says the party, Whereas Greens on the pointing to the results of a continent have some 27 January opinion poll. This members of the European showed that 16 per cent of Parliament between them electors would be more and have members in key inclined to vote Green in positions of national governthe European elections if ment, the English and Welsh they thought PR would give Green party has never had a the party a chance to win a representative in any polit-SEA ical body beyond local gov-"Taking account of the

ernment regional variations in this But thanks to a new sysfigure, it will only require half of these people actually tem of proportional voting being introduced for this to vote Green for the first year's European elections in British Green MEPs to be Britain, the party believes it elected," Mike Woodin, one will have at least one memof the party's joint leaders, ber of the European Parliasaid at this weekend's spring ment by June. It is also hop-

Green party conference. ing for seats in elections to Andy Spring. a party the new Welsh assembly, spokesman, said: "If people think we can win seats then which will also be held under a system of proporthey will vote for us. 1989 tional representation. was a good year for cham-

The party has always pagne sales and people tend claimed that Britain's majorto vote for us when they are ity electoral system forcibly feeling affluent. With all the marginalised it. In the 1989 champagne that's going to European elections it won 15 flow. for the millennium per cent of the vote but got year, it'll hopefully be a reno seats. Since then support run of 1989."



kend spring conference

The Greens' top target is full political programme." London, where they are confident of winning the 9 per cent share of the vote needed to get a seat in the Strasbourg parliament for Jean Lambert, the party's second joint leader. Mr Woodin told the confer-

ence: "We are sharpening up our political act." But there were few signs of this at the meeting, which had a decidedly shabby feel about "People don't take us seri-

ously," admitted Isle Isbey, who has been a member of the party for more than 20 years. "The British public just think we just hug trees and don't realise we have a IS TOD

Adam Swallow, an election co-ordinator, added: "We are seen as extreme because we are not generally seen and also make them popular we are not generally seen because we are seen as ally sceptical about the euro.

extreme. But the Greens stand to benefit from a number of fac- sions to reflect a much tors in their favour, aside from the new electoral system. Their opposition to they do now. To achieve this genetically modified food taps into a growing concern able to mould the economy in Britain about its health to local conditions," said Mr disadvantages. And their

Woodin. campaign for more openness in the European Union coincides with increasing unhappiness about the way the EU

Their opposition to the European single currency, which most other European Green parties support, could with electors, who are gener-

"We want economic decibroader range of social and environmental factors than we need the flexibility to be

"We are a party that is in tune with the people," he added. "The people might not realise it yet, but it is

Gene research centre in plea for expansion By Brian Groom and would cause environ-

mental damage because it

in London

was not on public transport. The Wellcome Trust, the UK routes or near other facilities. Alternative accommodaresearch foundation, will this week warn that the UK tion was available on a sciis set to lose its leading role ence park a few miles away. in genomics unless the trust A planning inspector recis allowed to go ahead with a ommended rejection of Well-£100m (\$163m) expansion of come Trust's proposal after its Hinston Hall complex. an inquiry last June, but Drugs, medicines and ther-John Prescott, the deputy prime minister, ordered the apies would be produced inquiry to be reopened in view of the national imporoverseas, it will argue at a reopened public inquiry into the most explosive test case tance of the research. Refusing permission to the of the conflict between protecting the countryside and Wellcome Trust would embarrass the government allowing knowledge-based industries to grow.

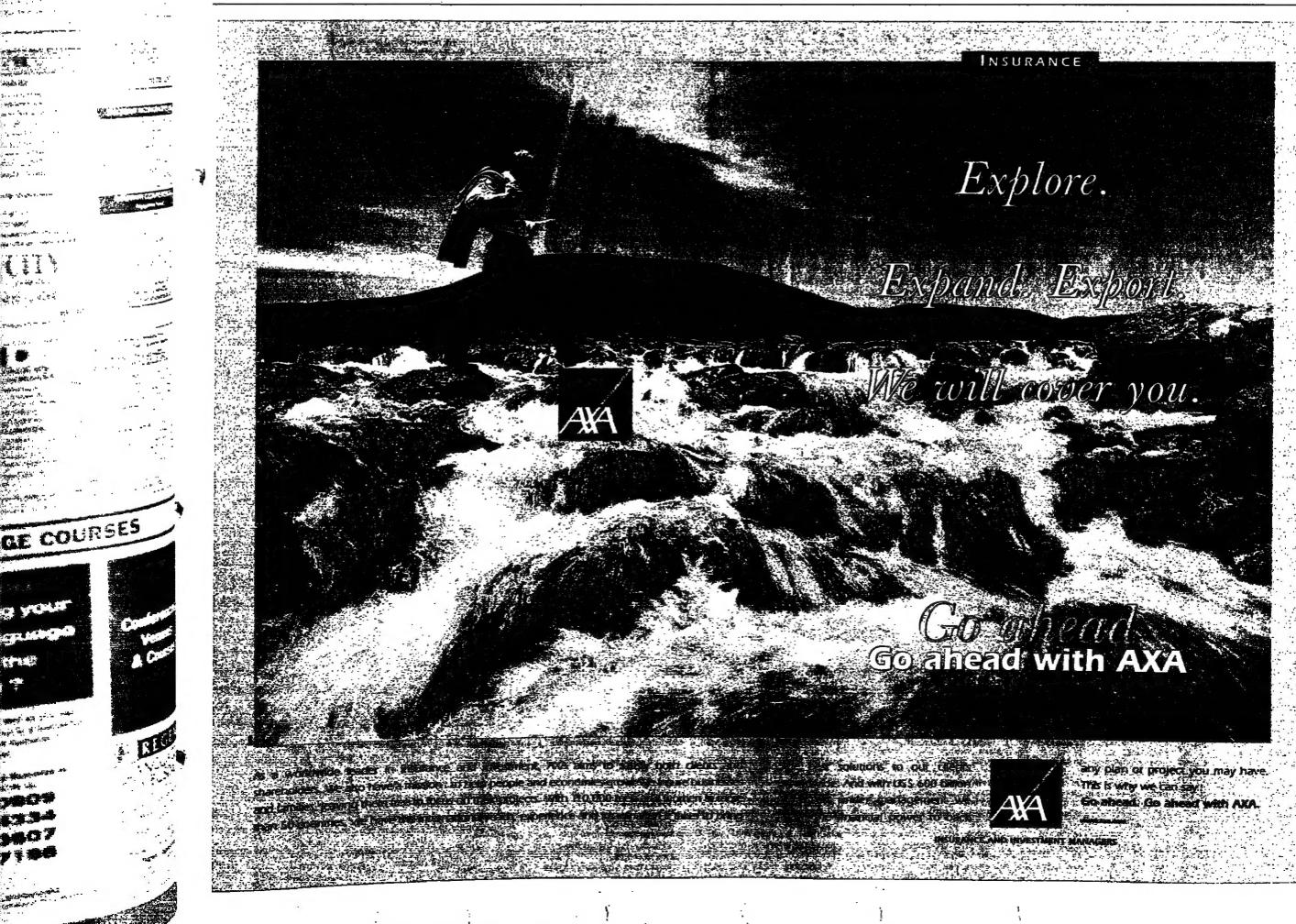
Hinxton Hall in Cambridgeshire, eastern England, is a major contributor to the human genome project, the international scheme to decode the complete set of human genes.

high-technology communities were outraged when alternative sites are unsuitable because scientists and research companies need to be alongside each other. The trust says: "If planning permission is not mercial applications. granted for the extension

The council, facing intense there will be severe detriment to the ability of the population growth and pressure from residents to concampus to remain competitrol development, said the tive and consequently severe harm to the UK's leading campus was not on land planned for development, role in world genomics."

South Cambridgeshire district council refused permission for a 40,000 sq m expansion to allow spin-off companies to develop com-

because it has pledged to encourage clusters of biotechnology companies. In evidence to the inquiry, which reopens tomorrow, Michael Morgan, chief executive of the genome campus, warns that companies are Britain's scientific and losing key researchers to other organisations. He says



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#### BILL GATES MON BUSINESS

Coping with an era of change

In this concluding extract from his new book, Bill Gates examines the importance of digging out numbers and the leadership required in a world in transformation

be business side of any company starts and ends with hardcore analysis of its numbers. If you don't understand what's happening in your business factually and you're making business decisions based on anecdotal data or gut instinct alone, you'll eventually pay a big price.

Microsoft is a product company, and I care deeply about product development. But anyone who has participated in a budget review with the executive committee at Microsoft knows that we insist on having accurate numbers and insightful analysis of those numbers. Numbers give you the factual basis for the directions in which you take your products. Numbers tall you in objective terms what customers like and don't like. Numbers help you identify your highest priorities so that you can take fast tactical or strategic action

The line managers at a company need to be doing the numerical analysis. Other groups can help, but the people who deal with customers and with competitive problems need to be engaged in looking at their business in every way possible every day. The analysis should always support action, not just more analysis. Analysis should lead you step-by-step to a decision and to action. You have to think, act, evaluate,

to quick action is one reason that "paper numbers" bother me as much as paper forms do. A printed sales figure or a printed number on customer trends is static. You don't have the ability to get in and see detail or to e-mail the number and its context off to somebody to talk about it. You cannot analyse what is behind the

number. When figures are in electronic form, knowledge workers can study them, annotate them, look at them in any amount of detail or in any view they want, and pass them around for collaboration. A number on a piece of paper is a dead end. A number in digital form is the start of meaningful thought and

So many parts of business can be improved through digital systems that it will take a number of years to maximise respites. every single part. Every bit of data in a company should be in digital form and easily retrieved This data will include every file, every record, every piece of e-mail, every web page. Every internal process should be digital and integrated with every other. A unified view of each customer. for instance, should record every business process related to that customer. Every transaction with partners and customers should be digital. You should give access to customers and partners to every bit of data appropriate to



#### Punctuated chaos

Previous economic eras were marked by long periods of stability followed by short periods of industry-wrenching change. Evolutionists would call this phenomenon punctuated equilibrium. Today the forces of digital information are creating a business environment of constant change. Evolutionists would call this punctuated chaos - constant upheaval marked by brief

The Asian financial crisis of 1998 is an example of how digital information flow is changing the world. A generation ago a boom or collapse in any financial market - stock markets, currency markets - would have taken weeks or months to spread worldwide. Today the participants in these markets are all digitally connected. Any downturn or upturn in an important market creates overnight reverberations in other markets. Businesses have to react quickly to currency changes, new credit risks, and

new valuations. Business decisions have to move at the pace of electronic markets. Some companies have been very nimble in responding to these changes, and some have only watched. When all is said and done, the companies that moved swiftly - for instance, to buy worldwide, carefully chosen assets while prices were down - will be the ones that come out best. They had to move fast not only to adjust their business, but also to seize the new opportunities. Similar digital interconnections will soon exist for all markets. The digital world is both forcing

companies to react to change and giving them the tools by which to stay ahead of it. Information technology is the only way to have sufficiently quick reflexes connecting business strategy and organisational response. Today US businesses are ahead of businesses in other countries in the adoption of digital technologies. The many reasons include an openness to risk-taking, individual

mobility. Lower-cost communications and a large uniform market also help. It's always possible to catch up, so American companies don't necessarily have a permanent lead. Each country needs to study the best practices

Many of the business leaders I meet outside the US know that they need to adopt a digital approach. In some cases they're held back by the lack of high-speed connections in their country. In others they're held back because of a lack of college students' exposure to digital technology in their educational system. They aren't getting a new crop of web-savvy employee each year. In some cases they're held back because partners and customers aren't ready to join up ligitally. Investments in digital infrastructure and education are vital to each country's future competitive position. Areas in which the US lags behind include government use of the internet, government

civilisation and culture, to cure and prevent disease. Our tools and technologies have helped us shape the environment around

I'm an optimist. I believe in progress. I'd much rather be alive today than at any time in history - and not only because in an earlier age my skill set. wouldn't have been as valuable and I'd have been a prime candidate for some beast's dinner. The tools of the Industrial Age extended the capabilities of our muscles. The tools of the digital age extend the capabilities of our minds. I'm even happier for my children, who will come of age in this

new world. By embracing the digital age, we can accelerate the positive effects and mitigate the challenges such as privacy and have versus have-not. If we sit back and wait for the digital age to come to us on terms defined by others, we won't be able to do either. The web lifestyle can increase citizen involvement in government. Many of the and social, not technical. These capitalise on the rapidly dawning include how we ensure access for everyone and how we protect children. Citizens in every culture must engage on the social and political impact of digital technology to ensure that the new digital age reflects the society they want to create. If we are reactive and let change overwhelm us or pass us by, we will perceive change negatively. If we are proactive, seek to understand the future now, and embrace change, the

idea of the unexpected can be positive and uplifting. Astronomer Carl Sagan in his last book Billions and Billions said: "The prediction I can make with the highest confidence is that the most amazing discoveries will be the ones we are not today wise enough to foresee".

As tough and uncertain as the digital world makes it for business, it is evolve rapidly or die - we will all benefit. We're going to get improved products and services, lower costs, and more choices. We're going to get better government and social services at substantially less expense.

This world is coming. A big part of it comes through businesses using a digital nervous system to radically improve their processes. A digital nervous system can help business redefine itself and its role in the future, but energy or paralysis, success or failure, depends on business leaders. Only you can prepare your

organisation and make the

Starting with digital numbers doesn't merely eliminate redundancy of effort and errors. It also sets in motion optimal wave to process the data afterward. Being digital from the outset drives efficiency in manufacturing, shipping, billing, and other operational processes. Getting the data digitally is also the only way to ensure you get information quickly enough to respond to customer needs before your competitor does.

This need for good, timely information to drive employees



them, and vice versa.

Knowing your numbers is more than balancing your books each month. It's being able to use data for marketing and sales as well as for financial ourposes.

A number on a piece of paper is a dead end; a number in digital form is the start of meaningful thought and action.

 Quick, accurate numbers make it possible for customer actions to drive an immediate response by you and your partners.

empowerment, and labour

#### Diagnosing Your Digital Nervous System • Do your digital systems capture your

business's data at the point of origin and in every interaction with your customers and partners? Can you integrate your partners' numbers with yours? Do you have a complete customer database

that you take full advantage of?

idoption of smart cards

policies on encryption, and

#### The 'cognitive niche' Human beings are not the biggest

animals. We're not the strongest or fastest. We're not the sharpest in sight or smell. It's amazing how we survived against the fierce creatures of nature. We survived and prospered because of our brains. We evolved to fill the cognitive niche. We learned how to use tools, to build shelter. to invent agriculture, to domesticate livestock, to develop

resolution of the older system,

#### digital age. Digital tools magnify the abilities that make us unique in the world: the ability to think: the ability to articulate our thoughts; the ability to work together to act on those thoughts. I strongly believe that if companies empower their employees to solve problems and give them potent tools to do this, they will always be amazed at how much creativity and initiative will blossom forth.

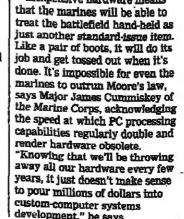
Business & the Speed of Thought: Using a Digital Nervous System by Bill Gates with Collins Hemingway Penguin Books, London 470pp, £18.99, published March 25 To order a copy at the special price of £16.99 inc free UK pp, call FT BOOKSHOP on 0181-324 5511 +44181-324 5511) Fax: 0181-324 5678 (+44181-324 5678) The Bist addrect in this suries appeared on March 18 (Speed gives life to the digital nervous system), the second on March 19 (The day blicrosoft 'got' the internet), the third on March 20 (Home is where the internet is). An attention with Bill Gales by Louise Kaloe appeared on March 17; her reflections on how the future is shaping up for Microsoft and for the computer industry as a whole uli appear inmorrow. Extension & Wildow H. Cashes III 1000

Marine Corps is experimenting with FalconView on laptop computers and hand-held PCs in the battlefield. Marines have been testing the hand-held battlefield system in large-scale, battle-scenario training exercises. If approved, the unit could become standard-issue equipment for every marine unit leader. After years of trying unsuccessfully to develop a battlefield solution, the marines have done it in three months, for a total development cost, including incorporating FalconView and communications software, of about \$110,000. In the future, the marines envision even smaller Windows CE units for the common soldier, wearable in some form.

that the marines will be able to treat the battlefield hand-held as just another standard-issue item. Like a pair of boots, it will do its job and get tossed out when it's done. It's impossible for even the marines to outrun Moore's law, says Major James Cummiskey of the Marine Corps, acknowledging the speed at which PC processing capabilities regularly double and render hardware obsolete. "Knowing that we'll be throwing away all our hardware every few years, it just doesn't make sense to pour millions of dollars into custom-computer systems development." he says.

BILL GATES

Inexpensive hardware means



#### Plotting victory on the battlefield

Cyber Warrior to bring

developed an intelligent

Fast, cheap technology has had a revolutionary effect on military computer systems

victory for technology. That's how most people remember the Gulf war of 1991. Cruise missiles hugged the terrain over hundreds of miles to hit heavily fortified targets, and radar-evading Stealth fighters dropped smart bombs on communications centres and bridges. Flying 2,500 sorties a day with minimal losses, allied air forces set up the "left book" ground assault that drove Iraq from Kuwait and ended the war after only 100 hours of ground operation

The high-tech aircraft of the Gulf war had decidedly low-tech mission support, though. In the Persian Gulf. US Air Force mission orders were written up on an old-fashioned grease board just as they had been for every air war in the past. Squadron commanders had to track manually which pilots had flown what missions and who was available to fly next. Pilots got face-to-face "threat briefings" on target locations, the best routes in and out, locations of enemy troops, and the possibility of surface-to-air missiles, ground fire, and other contingencies. Then they retreated for a minimum of three hours and usually seven or eight hours of mission planning. They'd look up relevant maps in a file cabinet and photocopy and tape maps together. Then they'd "walk out" distances with a protractor, draw in the route and danger levels with coloured pencils, study photos, transcribe intelligence data on to the maps, and calculate the elevations of obstacles.

Only after completing this paperwork did pilots go out to fly their dangerous missions. Manual flight planning could

cause navigation errors of one to two miles, a big margin of error has deployed it world-wide.

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if you're trying to locate an isolated target without many landmarks. And if new intelligence came in, the whole flight plan might have to be scrubbed and the process begun all over again. One computer system per unit (about 24 aircraft) was available to help pilots automate some aspects of flight planning, but these computers accommodated only one user at a time, were difficult to use, and frequently broke down, creating bottlenecks in flight support. After the Gulf war, the US Air Force, like all the services, held a lessons learned" conference.

High on the air force list for running a future high-intensity air war was better flight planning for pilots. While some active-duty air force personnel wanted to address this need with the military's traditional computer systems, members of the US Air Force Reserve and Air a standard sortie National Guard, who had civilian experience, immediately said: We gotta do this on a PC". The reservists turned to a number of commercial software

developers as well as the Georgia Institute of Technology, whose researchers were experienced with the mathematical models and geographic data sources required for a sophisticated mapping system. The result was FalconView, a PC-based mission planning system developed in 18 months

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for about \$2.5m (£1.5m). FalconView cuts the old manual mission planning process for a standard sortle from upward of seven hours to less than 20 minutes. It increases planning accuracy through the use of precise digital data and aeronautical mapping tools. And it's affordable enough and easy enough to use that the air force

aviators. The pilot can immediately locate landmarks such as bridges or rivers, plot his route, check safety parameters, check weapons systems information

FalconView became so popular and weapons loads, link to a with pilots that they began to ask for additional capabilities. Their web-based weather source, and prepare flight plans and maps. requests led the air force to Before he flies the mission, the embark on a program called pilot can study mountainous areas or cities to preview what information technology to all he'll see in the air and get a good phases of pilot and aircraft idea of the deployment of hostile deployment, from scheduling to forces. If the pilot wants to know intelligence dissemination to the elevation of a mountain, he debriefing. The service quickly simply clicks on it on his digital map and sees a precise latitude, longitude, and altitude reading scheduling system that tracks pilot assignments, training information a pilot used to have levels, availability, and special to dig up from paper charts. information such as whether a ter pilots load the pilot needs to log a night mission FalconView pre-mission planning

to satisfy training requirements. files into the aircraft's computers A commander can do a quick for use in flight. In addition to earch to find candidates for providing routine aviation data upcoming missions, and pilots such as fuel consumption and can dial in on laptop computers take-off and landing information, FalconView has a number of specialised features for military FalconView cuts the aviation. FalconView data is used in onboard weapons systems for planning process for computerised targeting and for checking weapons fusing whether a bomb is set to explode on the ground or 20ft in the air. from seven hours to FalconView does drop calculations that take into less than 20 minutes account the altitude and speed of the aircraft, the speed and direction of the wind, even the to see when they're scheduled to changing weight and balance of

fly. A PC-based debriefing system an aircraft before and after helps squadrons reconstruct dropping its payload. FalconView can mean the missions to improve planning for the next mission. difference between a successful Instead of sitting down with a mission and an impossible one. paper map and a set of coloured During a tour of Bosnia, a pilot pencils, a pilot today sits down took his copy of FalconView with with a laptop computer him to a base in Italy that didn't containing digital maps of the yet have access to the software. world, digital images and undates Nato forces had been looking for from military intelligence, and a particular bridge in Bosnia for an electronic drawing kit three days and couldn't find it on their maps or from the air. The customised for military pilot fired up FalconView and located the bridge immediately. They blew it up that afternoon. FalconView displays satellite imagery accurate to within five

metres. At the 10-metre

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the bridge wasn't visible. During the Gulf war, the air force sometimes had to send 10 to 12 F-16s to hit a single target. With the higher levels of accuracy provided by FalconView, the air force can now send fewer aircraft to a target. The goal is for one aircraft to hit one target. The greater degree of accuracy from FalconView will enable newer aircraft such as the B-2 bomber to attack as many as 16 targets on a single mission, a capability that adds up to big savings in lives and money. "The American neonle are not willing to accept a single casualty." says the lieutenant colonel in charge of the FalconView project, "so every little bit of increased accuracy and certainty we can demonstrate is worth a lot." Another exciting aspect of a digital military is its ability to increase dramatically rates of learning. Instead of having to fight three wars and lose hundreds of aircraft and thousands of men to learn which procedures and tactics work, the air force can now examine the records of a few missions and learn the same kinds of lessons a lot sooner. In earlier air wars. including the Gulf war. debriefing was often inconclusive. Combatants in debriefing sessions tended to

remember the action through only their narrow views of the situation, and their recollections were usually blurred by the fog of battle. It was hard for commanders to reconstruct the overall scene in order to understand how to improve next time. In today's debriefing sessions. pilots and commanders pore over the FalconView digital flight plan data and compare it with video

footage taken from each aircraft during a mission. A debriefing session might involve the flight

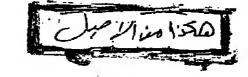
wrong time, and whose unorthodox but brilliant nanceuvre saved the day. After more than 15 years of reliance on more expensive computer systems, there's a move across the US military to go to standard PC hardware and software. Fast, low-cost development and the speedy deployment of applications are compelling. The air force's price tag of \$2.5m for FalconView software development was just l per cent of the \$250m development cost of the air force's earlier mission-planning programs that ran on non-PC. workstations. The ongoing cost for enhancements to Falcon View is less than \$1m a year, compared with many millions for the non-PC systems. Where the previous system required a special \$50,000 workstation for each squadron, FalconView runs on PCs that are part of the existing office infrastructure and therefore cost nothing extra.

FalconView is also gaining acceptance by US Army and Navy aviators and is being tested by US marine pilots. The US

CHERNEED OF plans, four videotapes, and a PC-based debriefing system. The crew can replay an entire mission and see who shot when, whether a bomb was dropped too early or too late, whose aircraft was in the wrong place at the

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**BUSINESS** 



FINANCIAL TIMES MONDAY MARCH 22 1999 \*

**INSIDE TRACK** 

BUSINESS EDUCATION LANGUAGES

#### Mastering the word

Della Bradshaw looks at how some courses emphasise learning foreign languages as a means of winning business and co-operation

For one small Russian swimming costume manufacturer, Alan Clack was a godsénd. Last summer he worked with the company to develop its strategy and finances. He recommended the swimwear company pegged all its revenues to the dollar, instead of accruing expenses in dollars but counting revenues in roubles. In spite of the financial trauma

the Russian economy has suffered, this small clothing company is still in husiness.

For Mr Clack, the project was the first element of the Lauder programme at the Wharton school at the University of Pennsylvania. The Lauder Institute straddles the Wharton school, from which Lauder students get an MBA, and the University of Pennsylvania School of Arts and Sciences, where the students study languages and are awarded MA degrees.

enrol on the programme, about school set up a similar pro-8-9 per cent of the total Wharton gramme, the International MBA. MBA class. They begin their programme in May and spend a study and work for at least six month in Philadelphia before completing a project overseas all this is before joining the regular MBA class in the automn. Anyone who thinks an MBA is

tough would blanch at the prospect of the Lauder programme, but as one of the class of 2000. Patrick Sallner, put it: "Adding one more ball is less of an issue when you're juggling six balls than when you're juggling three.

The Lauder programme was set up in 1984 as a way of combining business, language and cultural issues. According to Stephen Kohrin, director of the Lauder Institute. "Lauder is a real force for glubalisation in a company. We develop people who can para-chute in and be effective."

Admission requirements are lough: an excellent academic background, several languages and a feel for multi-cultural business. "We look for people who are tolerant. We look for people who know there are ways which are not the American ways." says Prof Kobrin.

About five years ago, the Uni-Each year some 60 students versity of Chicago business gramme, the International MBA. Students in Chicago have to months outside the US during the programme, which lasts for months, as opposed to 21 months for the regular full-time MBA at Chicago,

Both the Lauder programme and the International MBA are rare in US business school terms because they require participants to be fluent in, or learn, foreign languages, Lauder graduates have to master a third language before they can graduate and the International MBA students have

'In Russian eyes

there are foreigners

who speak Russian

and there are

those that don't'

to be fluent in a second. In Europe a foreign language requirement is more usual.

At Spanish schools, lese in Barcelona and the Instituto de Empresa, students on the bilingual MBA are required to speak both Spanish and English, although many students speak several more languages as well. Many participants say one reason they choose these programmes is precisely because they are required to learn Spanish during their term at the school.

Insead, in Fontainebleau, is perhaps the most rigorous. It requires all participants to be able to work in English and a second language on entry and to be able to read a newspaper or do business in a third language on completing the one-year pro-

gramme Landis Gabel. associate dean for the MBA programme at Insead, believes the language element is a very strong selling point both for recruiters and for MBA applicants.

Prof Gabel says the fact that an MBA can pick up an adequate level of a new language in a year gives employers confidence in sending Insead MBAs overseas. "Does one need it? No. Is it an advantage? Yes."

Beth Bader. Associate Dean for International Programmes at Chicago, emphasises the value to employers of the language component. "We frequently talk with business people around the world and they say languages are very important. They are an important step towards learning a new culture.

Graduates from the Chicago programme do not necessarily work internationally on completing the programme, though, says Ms Bader. This is because many US-based multinationals prefer their employees to work for a year in the US before giving in global management."

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them an international posting. But like Prof Kobrin she is convinced these students are special and that the experience will pay off in the long-term. "Our objective is to train people for a career

who don't speak Russian. The Mr Clack, who worked for sevattrition rate is much higher if eral years in Russia, believes the you don't speak Russian because language is an essential element you don't become part of the of running a successful business there. "In the eyes of a Russian community. If you don't speak there are the foreigners who Russian, you don't get the busispeak Russian and the foreigners Dess.

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#### LUCY KELLAWAY Manners, mime and management To discover rude or to take great decisions and

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thoughtless employees, simply ask the switchboard

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I want you to think about bow you enter your office building each morning. Go on, imagine yourself coming in. Mime your movements. You've got to he joking. thought the young lawyer. who had just been asked to do this by the managing \*\*\* partner of the big City law firm where she worked. Yet she didn't argue. She was up for partnership and realised she had better do as she was told. Reluctantly, she took an imaginary briefcase in one hand, an imaginary cappuccino in the other, and mimed her way through the doors and over to the lift. He looked displeased. You've for gotten something. he said. She thought about it, but came up with nothing. So he got up and mimed his way into the building: briefcase in one hand, through the doors. Then he turned to say a gracious good morning to the woman on reception. Only then did be venture to the lift. Possibly this man was being old fashioned in taking into account common civility when considering a high-flying young lawyer for partnership. But I think he was on to something. Being polite is something that matters in organisations. People who are crass or thoughtless in the office are more likely to be crass or thoughtless with clients, too.

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his willingness to look up internal phone numbers himself are not the same thing at all. But these are soft days in the corporate world, and one of the reasons we are valued as employees is for our people skills. That being the case. companies are missing a trick in not asking the views of the deople whi really know. There have been many books out recently on the worth of people to an organisation, and how to calculate it precisely. A grand debate is ranging over whether people are best thought of as assets. or whether they are more like capital. Which side of the balance sheet do people belong on? One of the recent contributions to this debate is Delivering on the Promise by three chaps at Arthur Andersen. The book - which is apparently selling like hot cakes in the US - has at its beart a matrix, which is "holistic" and takes in the two areas of time and space. The writers are so convinced they are on to something they have taken the precaution of seeking trademark protection for their novel system, which they have called Human Capital Appraisal. I think they might be a little premature. The whole argument seems to be quite absurd. Trying to turn people management into a science is fatuous. Any Failure to be polite should attempt is necessarily bound be a black mark when being to fail. We know that considered for promotion. companies need good people. We also know that companies are not going to mercifully no need to resort get or keep good people unless they can offer them interesting work and treat alternative would be to ask them well. That would seem to be the end of the story. about the people they daily

#### We're helping our clients with the millennium problem. Now that's really working against the clock.

Great ideas don't always come between the hours of nine to five. Especially for situations as far reaching as the Year 2000 problem. So even when we're not at work, we're working on it. And coming up with solutions, like bringing Australia's major banks together to help address the kind of problem that only comes along every thousand years. We're helping our clients work together and prepare for potential problems no one has had to face before. www.unisys.com



see coming in and out. I can think of an even better source of information. The people at reception may know something: the people on the switchboard, organisation is a pyramid. however, know everything. They can tell you who hangs up without saying goodbye. They can tell you who is rude and who is are coming around to this

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Fve always had my doubts

about delayering. The most

structure with a spike in the

middle is no match for it.

But now I am delighted to

learn that many companies

view. According to research

School, the average number

from Warwick Business

of layers in companies is

pretty static; and while 30

per cent are taking them

out, some 20 per cent are

That has got to be good

companies more stable when

there are a decent number of

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putting them back in.

news: not only are

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satisfying shape for an

The fashionable flat

Yet to flush out rude

employees, there is

to such embarrassing

practices as mime. An

the people on reception

patronising. This worm's eye view of office manners is worth many times the view of a manager. Everyone shows their polite face to the boss; but when it comes to the people on the switchboard. who are both anonymous and unseen, it is another matter altogether. You could argue that telephone manner is not a good indication of who is, and who is not. a good

layers, it is no fun climbing a ladder when all the rungs manager. Up to a point, that have been taken out. is true. A manager's ability

We eat, sleep and drink this stuff.

**UNISYS** 

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#### **INSIDE TRACK**

**PROFILE** JOACHIM MILBERG, CHAIRMAN, BMW

#### New driver on an old route

The recently appointed chairman of the German group has confounded those who expected him to be a dry academic, writes Haig Simonian

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its top two executives last month, it compounded the shock of the announcement by appointing a Reitzle disagreed on what to little-known former academic as the German car do about the losses at Rover. maker's new chairman. The quarrel turned nasty. It The best most writers became a power struggle could say about Joachim that threatened to paralyse decision-making. The board Milberg, who had been BMW's low-profile producdecided the two men should tion chief until his meteoric promotion, was that he was mannered Mr Milberg to "a respected former university professor". Mr Milberg joined BMW in 1993 from Munich's Technical University, where he Milberg would be barred taught machine tooling and from doing so by a company business studies. It was hardly an ideal start for the head of one of the world's dah for their first 100 days. most prestigious car makers, with almost 120,000 employees and sales of DM68bn (£21.7bn) last year. But then, Mr Milberg is not taking over in ideal circumstances. Little is known about what happened at the board meeting on February 5 that ended in the dismissal of Bernd

Pischetsrieder, BMW's popu-

lar chairman, and Wolfgang

Reitzle, his high-profile rival

including Jaguar and Volvo.

BMW and de facto number two. But the new BMW chair- better than is being presunexpectedly ditched But nobody doubts that man has confounded those ented from outside," he said. Rover, BMW's UK subsid- who expected him to be a tary, was the cause of dry academic. In his first - grateful for BMW's rule of their downfall. Messrs Pischetsrieder and

and so far only - media silence, as the problems that appearance since his led to Mr Pischetsrieder's appointment, Mr Milberg came across as an assured speaker in charge of his

'The basic

go, and it chose the mild- strategy is the

restore a semblance of har- same. You can't Even if he wished to change strategy emerge from obscurity, Mr

every two weeks'

role that keeps new execu-tives in public relations purbrief. The audience at the Geneva motor show this So while Mr Milberg has month was packed with remained silent, German sceptical business writers, newspapers have speculated. but Mr Milberg was unfazed. "At least I'm used to about the multi-million D-Mark compensations addressing big auditoria," the 55-year-old professor under negotiation to persaid. He delivered a polished. suade Mr Pischetsrieder and Mr Reitzle to leave quietly. if superficial, overview of the Last Friday, Ford announced latest developments at BMW, that Mr Reitzle would be saying the company would not be the motor industry's joining to run its growing portfolio of prestige brands, next takeover target.

"Things are going much

Mr Milberg was probably downfall have no easy solution. Some would say Mr Milberg has been handed a no choice about following poisoned chalice. For years, BMW's sports

saloons and its formidable marketing machine were the envy of its rivals. But BMW's reputation has suffered from growing problems at Rover, its UK subsidiary. It was bought for £800m in 1994, during Mr Pischetsrieder's early days as chairman, and he spent the next five years trying to integrate Rover into the group.

instead of providing an entry into the mid-range market - without damaging the luxury BMW brand -Rover turned into a quagmire for the Munich company. It consumed management time, cash and careers.

First came the abrupt departure late last year of Walter Hasselkus, the affable BMW board member summoned to sort out Rover in 1996. The quandary ultimately cost Messrs Pischetsrieder and Reitzle their jobs. BMW last week revealed a massive rise in Rover's losses to DMLS7bn (2668m) last year - well above analysts' estimates. The big jump was largely responsible for depressing BMW's group net profit to DM903m, compared with DM1.25bn in 1997. The setback will undoubtedly lead to some tough

when he fleshes out BMW's results on March 30. profitability by 2000, it will be Mr Milberg's job to sort things out. His strategy. however, looks like that of his predecessor: spending his way out of trouble.

In Geneva, Mr Milberg confirmed BMW would invest heavily to replace Rover's slow-selling 200 and 400 models with more attractive cars. The disappointing sales of the two vehicles and the strength of sterling lie at

ited with the successful latest generation of the 3 In spite of some apparent Series - BMW's best-selling

els are a big risk for BMW Investors are concerned about Rover's mounting losses and the sharp decline in its UK market share. These in turn have affected BMW's share price. It will be up to Mr Milberg to convince shareholders that BMW's new seven-member board is in control of the situation. Perhaps Mr Milberg had

the strategy mapped out by his predecessor. He says BMW's new board has "accelerated and intensified" the integration process. "The basic strategy is the same. You can't change strategy every two weeks," he says. Modernising Longbridge was the last leg of a plan drawn up by Mr Pischetsrieder to transform Rover from a basket case to a competitive carmaker.

The blueprint started with investment in Land Rover, the group's popular off-road subsidiary, at a time of growing demand for trendy sports utility vehicles. Land Rover's Solihull plant got a complete overhaul, and, last year, it built a record number of vehicles.

BMW money performed the same magic at Cowley, a crumbling factory renamed Rover Oxford. The plant was rebuilt to create a high-tech production base for Rover's new 75 saloon and future off-shoots.

At Gaydon, near Warwick, BMW helped Rover create a product development centre modelled on the German group's own Munich base. Together, the projects and their associated new models have cost DM7bn, excluding questions for Mr Milberg the initial takeover cost, according to Mr Milberg.

This month BMW and Although there is little Rover will merge their sales hope of restoring Rover to and marketing operations an example of the integration analysts said was overdue. Similar steps are being taken, from purchasing to public relations, to eliminate duplication.

> But even these reforms were part of the package pushed through by Mr Pischetsrieder late last year as the depth of Rover's crisis became apparent. Mr Milberg is widely cred-

the heart of Rover's prob- introduction last year of the



66 Suppose you met a banker who

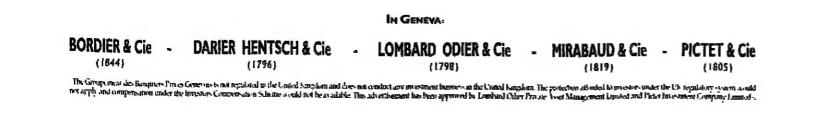
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## took the time to talk with you????

In this fast-changing world, Geneva's Private Bankers still L believe that the prime task of a bank is to serve its clients... effectively. And face to face. Technological progress, in our view, is above all a means of gaining time - time we can devote to our clients. For we define progress as being ever closer, ever more responsive to those who place their trust in us, wherever they may be. Which, indeed, is why we are bankers - Private Bankers.



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HAYS, BMIN announce it will spend about launch took place at three £1.7bn to rebuild Rover's 104year-old Longbridge plant in Birmingham, where the 200 and 400 models are made. The German carmaker will Eventually, the ramwill turn out the successors the new Mini. The new mod- to show them.

#### plants simultaneously and was preised as the smoothest in the company's history. Given his wide experience in production engineering receive a substantial amount his academic speciality of investment aid from the (machine tools) gave him British government to do so. privileged access to all the world's car factories - the shackle Longbridge facilities new BMW chief probably, will be replaced by a leaner, has ideas of his own about more productive factory that what should be done about Rover. So far, however, to the 200 and 400 series and he has been reluctant

#### **Essential Guide** to Joachim Milberg

Herr professor, even by German standards, Mr Milberg's qualifications look mpressive. He has three doctorates - albeit two honorary. Before being appointed BMW's board member for production in November 1993, he taught for more than 12 years at the Technical University in Munich - alma mater for many of BMW's engineering egg-heads Even after joining the company, he continued ecturing every week until last year. A practical bent: in spite of his teaching career, Professor Milberg is no bookworm. Rather than going straight to university, he gained a work qualification as a nachine repairer. Soon after gaining his doctorate at the Technical task - with applied business issues, such as whether they University of Berlin in 1972, might also be productive he moved into industry, and profitable. A formidable climbing the ladder at mixture

Gildemeister, the German machine tools group, which he helped to turn around. Knows his nuts and bolts his academic speciality was production engineering for the motor industry - a beat giving him privileged access to all the world's car factories Insiders say that background proved its worth: last year's simultaneous introduction of BMW's latest generation 3 Series - its best-selling model - at three plants was the smoothest production launch in the company's history . and his figures: Mr Milberg's university teaching combined pure production engineering - looking at questions such as what type of machine tool might be most appropriate for a given

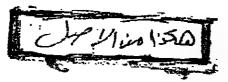


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FINANCIAL TIMES MONDAY MARCH 22 1999 \*



On Sunday Daniel Barenboim includes concerts by the Chicago (above) lifts the curtain on his Symphony Orchestra. annual "Festtage" with a new Harry Kupter production of LICERNE Tannhauser at the Lindenoper The 1999 Easter festival, opening The festival, now a fixture in tomorrow, is the first to be

Michael Haefliger. It includes four concerts of sacred music, aturing Nikolaus Hamoncourt's Concentus Musicus and other period ensembles. Lorin Maazel will also conduct a performance of Bruckner's Eighth Symphony in Lucerne's sparkling new concert hall. SALZBURG

The focal point of the East festival is a new staging of Trista und Isolde. Claudio Abbado conducts, Klaus Michael Grüber directs, and the cast is headed by Ben Heppner and Deborah Polaski. The first night is on Saturday. In addition to its duties in the pit, the Berlin Philharmonic gives concerts under Abbado, Bernard Haitink and Kurt Sanderling.

#### LONDON organised by new festival director

THE ARTS

The artistic hentage of the Sikhs Indecency opens at the Gielgud is the subject of an exhibition at the Victoria & Albert Museum, opening on Thursday. It includes paintings, jewels, textiles weapons and musical instruments (below) from the 19th century treasury of Ranjit Singh, the first Sikh Maharaja of the Panjab.

Theatre tonight. Starring Michael Pennington (right) as Oscar Wilde, the play weaves togethe courtroom transcripts and other writings in the tale of the writer's OCM/ STRATFORD-UPON-AVON The Royal Shakespeare

Moises Kaufman's play Gross

Company's summer season kicks off with a new production of Ben Jonson's Voloone.

opening at the Swan Theatre on Nechesday. The director is Lindsay Posner and the cast is led by Malcolm Storry and Guy Henry, Michael Boyd directs A Midsummer Night's Dream, at the Royal Shakespeare Theatre from Thursday, with a cast including Josette Simon and Nicholas Jones.



The latest of the "Great Collections" exhibitions at the Kunst- und Ausstellungshalle focuses on the Museu Nacional de Arte Antiga, Lisbon. In addition to prominent Portuguese artists, the show presents works by Piero della Francesca, Hans Memling and Pieter Brueghel the Younger. It opens on Friday and runs until July 11.



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NEW YORK Off-Broadway, Red Is a new play by Chay Yew, who combines the miniaturist's gift for social observation with a Tolstoyan appetite for subject matter, it opens tomorrow at the nhattan Theatre Club

**OBITUARY PATRICK HERON** 

#### Painter never lost critical edge

Patrick Heron, who died on Saturday at the age of 79, was among the most distinguished abstract painters of his genera-He was that comparatively rare bird - bird indeed, perched as be was for so long at Eagle's Nest, his handsome house high above the cliffs and ancient fields of the north Penwith coast, Corpwall, in the south-west of England.

He was a painter of real distinction who was also in his time a truly influential critic. And if his years as practising critic were those also of his early development and emergence as a painter, his impressive and indeed long-overdue retrospective at the Tate in London last summer made clear that, for all its seductive and decorative qualities, his work never lost its

critical edge. From the end of the second world war until the late 1950s, in the pages successively of the New English Weekly, the New Statesman, the Arts Review and Arts (New York), he was above all the consistent supporter of his contemporaries and peers, at home and abroad, in a time when general and ignorant vehemence against modern art was

even flercer than it is now. His reasoned and impassioned defence was a real service to his spent in west Cornwall. He fellows, but one which, sad to ways to be raciprocated in kind, response to his own work too often taking the form rather of a patronising tolerance than real enthusiasm. Something of the fault, perhaps, lay in himself, for he

He had been one of the earliest

School of Abstract Expression-

ism - Pollock, Rothko, de Koou-

ment.

British art was somehow inevitably derivative and second best. We now know that the Central tion. But he was at least as well Intelligence Agency was an known to the wider public as a active agent in the successful controversialist and polemicist. critical promotion of the New York School, but Patrick immediately and bitterly resented the accompanying assumption, which we were all so supine in accepting, that the Americans were now first, and the rest nowhere.

To him, artists were brothers above all, but if a slily nationalism was to be the game, then two could play. When it came to the actual work, while admitting the influence of the large and open scale of the American example, why, he himself had been the first to reduce the image and the painted surface to the simplicity of a sequence of vertical stripes, and would prove

But it took last summer's retrospective to remind us just how early and how brave his first abstract paintings were around 1955 and 1956, and how beautiful, as he sought to reconcile Matisse with Rothko, associative figuration with abstraction, Paris with New York, in a purely English synthesis. It was his vindication.

He was born in Leeds in the north of England, but much of his early childhood had been returned regularly to St Ives,

establishing himself along with

such artists as Peter Lanyon.

Roper Hilton, Sandra Blow and

Until the premiere of Dealer's Choice at the National Theatre in 1995, many theatre-goers myself included - had not heard of Patrick Marber. He was, in fact, already well-known, on radio and TV, in the world of his comedy. But, although there are laughs in his plays and in the plays he has directed, I have never yet spotted a gratuitous loke in them.

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With Dealer's Choice, his first play, Marber arrived as an already full-grown serious dramatist. That play, which he directed, soon transferred to the West End: his production then toured the UK, and has now been staged by several repertory theatres around the country, in 1996, he staged two plays by other British authors: Craig Raine's "1953" at the Almeida, and Denis Pottar's Blue Remembered Hills at the National Theatre. But his biggest success came with his second play, Closer, which, again, he staged himself, first at the National in 1997 then in the West End. This week, it opens on Broadway.

Because his own plays have been about modern British people, and because *Closer* is -

• very memorably - about changing sexual relationships, people tend to talk about the content of his plays more than about their style. But the considerable polish and control with which they are written and paced are absolutely part of the disturbing spell they cast in the theatre. And the polish and control are more evident yet when he stages other men's work - witness his staging of the British premiere of David Mamet's short trilogy, The Old Neighborhood, at the Royal Court.

Marber says that he is trying, as both playwright and director, to develop a classical aesthetic. absolute coexistence". He goes on: "I have the heavy influence of Pinter and Mamet, obviously, A lot of Mamet's writing about acting and the theatre and the movies has made a big impression on me. But 1 think also it's important for me that I've come from a comedy background, where you learn very quickly to get to the Aboint, and that words are something that get you to the point quickly. In comedy, the more words you have, the more opportunity an audience has to throw things at you. So you learn very good company. Stoppard is notoquickly where the meat of whatrious for rewrites. ever it is that you're saying is." He talks about the process of elimination in his own writing. "You should see the full draft of Closer, 160 pages. Now it's 85. It was a much more formally ambitious play, much more interest- to be the youngest person in the ing. But it was longer, and it room. You learn a lot." Was the didn't arrive anywhere. It just wandered. And it would have been three-and-a-half hours long ... sometimes it feels to me, but it was a great concern very joyful to make a good cut. to the actors as well. Those are

But there are speeches in Closer

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Patrick Marber: 'I'm a tinkerer. But I'm in good company. Stoppard is notorious for rewrites'

#### Closer', the playwright's cut

#### Alastair Macaulay meets Patrick Marber as his play prepares to open in New York

with Mamet; and he speaks Ciaran Hinds, who was in the asked. "Good God, no. I've been day and which I still mourn." He is also a constant reviser. Mamet's language like a dream. original production in the Even after Closer had opened successfully in the West End, he dynamics, and he's profoundly adjusted a scene back to someaccurate. So having him in the thing closer to the version he had centre of it made everyone attend employed at the Cottesloe a year before. "I'm a tinkerer. But I'm in

#### 'I think the cast, as a team, is the best

#### conscious self-apprenticeship. I've had. They're chemically combustible.

#### "The Old Neighborhood was the All the relationships make sense' first time I've worked with a

bunch of actors who are all older than me. And it's very enjoyable every beat, mattered. We treated big thing is the way they

it like music." Marber - a burly chap in his production's rhythm, which had so impressed me, important to 30s - lives with an actress, Debra Gillett, to whom Closer is dedihim? "Oh, it was a great concern cated. And he speaks of his actall over the world, and Marber ors with affection and admiravery, very precise actors. Colin tion. "I think the cast is, as a to see foreign productions of it. that have never seen the light of Stinton has worked for years team, the best I've had,

He really understands the Cottesloe, is probably better now than he was two years ago. Rupert Graves is really superb. Natasha Richardson and Anna to those values. Every pause, Friel are very good. But the

the relationships make sense.

been a big hit or in citles Ive never been to before. I was really giad to discover Stockholm, for example." And work on his next play? He had told me in July that he had been working on an urban comedy ~ "kind of Ben Jonson", he said casually.

to see it either in cities where it's

ing. Motherwell and the rest of "Well, I've been tinkering. them, when it first appeared in Gently doing bits and pieces. Europe in the mid-1950s, his sup-Rough sketches. But I have no port generous and unequivocal. view of it as a whole. That's what "I would end by insisting," he I'll come back to when I come wrote to the American readers of back to London in April. My plan Arts (NY) in 1956, "that to is to have it finished by the end me ... your new school comes as of the summer. What I want to all work together. They're the most vigorous movement we chemically combustible. All write is a great big funny play, a have seen since the war. We huge bitter vicious laughter shall now watch New York as Closer has now been performed easerly as Paris for new developmachine, a big Jonsonian public play. I've got lots of ideas at the ments (not forgetting our own, spent much of last winter going moment, but no stories. I'd love let me add)." to have a big public play running "Have you been to all of them?" I in the millennium."

Terry Frost as among the leaders of the younger St Ives School. He eventually settled there, always loved an argument, and buying Eagle's Nest in 1956, and could sometimes appear to prothe house, with its integral stutest a shade too much as he took dio, its light and airy rooms that on, in his later years, opponents served as a gallery, and the gar-

including the British governden he created around it, remain in part his monument. But artists are to be rememchampions of the New York bered by their work, and in his passage from early Matissean figuration, through large-scale colour-field abstraction and so. in his last years, back to an open, almost calligraphic abstracted landscape, based lightly upon the forms and contours of his garden, he showed himself to be never more European, never more international, and never more English.

> Just like himself, so as an artist too, he was always himself. He was a personal friend, and I shall miss him.

That final parenthesis is char-William Packer acteristic, for he was never one

OPERA Deutsche Oper Tel: 49-30-34384-01 INTERNATIONAL Aida: by Verdi. Conducted by

Arts Guide

3

#### AMSTERDAM

DANCE Het Muziektheater Tel: 31-20-551 8911 **Dutch National Ballet:** programme combining the Dutch premiere of Acts of Light by Martha Graham, with the world premiere of Krzysztof Pastor's Bitter Sweet, and Balanchine's Symphony in C; Mar 24, 26, 27

OPERA Netherlands Opera, Het Muziektheate Tel: 31-20-551 8911 Die Zauberflöte: by Mozart. Conducted by Hartmut Haenchen in a revival of Pierre Audi's staging co-directed by Saskla

BERLIN DANCE

Boddeke; Mar 23, 25

Deutsche Oper Tel: 49-30-34384-01 Cinderella: staging by Roberto de Oliveira, Kevin McCutcheon conducts Prokofiev's score; Mar 26 

works by Mozart and Strauss, with piano soloist Imogen Cooper; Mar 25 Philharmonia Orchestra; Lawrence Foster in a staging by conducted by David Zinman in works by Mendelssohn, Mozart, Der Filegende Holländer: by Wagner. Conducted by Rudolf Daugherty and Tchalkovsky, with violin soloist Joshua Bell; Mar 23 Piehlmayer in a staging by Götz

#### EXHIBITION National Gallery

Tel: 44-171-839 3321 Rogier van der Weyden: the 20 surviving paintings attributed to the 15th century Netherlandish artist are mostly too fragile to travel. The National Gallery has five, and these are supplemented by two from the Gulbenkian in isbon and two from the Getty in Zurich four years ago. The cast is led by Daniela Dessi and Alberto California for this show, which celebrates the 600th anniversary of his birth; to Jul 4

#### OPERA

DRESDEN English National Opera, London Coliseum Tel: 44-171-532 8300 Semper Oper Tel: 49-351-48420 Mefistofele: by Boito. Conducted Ariadne auf Naxos: by R. by Oliver von Dohnanyi in a new staging by lan Judge; Mar 24, 26 Strauss, Conducted by Colin Davis in a new staging by Marco Arturo Marelli, Cast includes MUNICH Susan Anthony and Jon Villars; CONCERTS Mar 22, 25, 27

He carries with him an air of

Götz Friedrich; Mar 27

Friedrich: Mar 25

BOLOGNA

Teatro Communale

La Cena delle Beffe: by

Cupido; Mar 23, 25, 27

Giordano. Conducted by Bruno

Bartoletti in a revival of Liliana

Cavani's staging, first seen in

Tel: 39-51-529999

OPERA

OPERA

LONDON

CONCERTS

Royal Festival Hall

Tel: 44-171-960 4242

of works by Mozart; Mar 22

Philharmonie Gasteig Tel: 49-89-5481 8181 Bavarian Radio Symphony Orchestra: conducted by Lorin Maazel in works by R. Strauss; Mar 25, 26 Academy of St. Martin in the Munich Philhamonic Fields: conducted by planist Orchestra: conducted by James Murray Perahia, in a programme Levine in works by Mozart, Haydn, Berlioz and Ravel, With BBC Symphony Orchestra: soprano Cecilia Bartoli; conducted by Andrew Davis in Mar 22, 23

Munich Philharmonic Orchestra: conducted by James Levine in works by Berg and Mahler, with violin soloist Christian Tetzlaff; Mar 27 **NEW YORK** 

CONCERTS Avery Fisher Hall, Lincoln Canter Tel: 1-212-875 5030 www.lincolncenter.org New York Philharmonic: conducted by Yuri Temirkanov in works by Stravinsky, with violin soloist Hilary Hahn; Mar 23 New York Philharmonic: conducted by Charles Dutoit in works by Poulenc, Saint-Saens and Holst, with cello soloist Han-Na Chang; Mar 25, 26, 27

Carnegie Hall Tel: 1-212-247 7800 www.camegiehall.org National Symphony Orchestra: conducted by Leonard Slatkin in the world premiere of John Corigliano's A Dylan Thomas Trilogy. With the Choral Arts Society of Washington and barttone Hakan Hagegard; Mar 26

#### OPERA

Metropolitan Opera, Lincoln Tel: 1-212-362 6000 www.metopera.org The Queen of Spades: by Tchaikovsky. Conducted by Valery Gergiev in a revival of Elijah Moshinsky's staging, designed by Mark Thompson. The cast is led by Placido Domingo (replaced by Yuri

Marusin on Apr 3), Galina Gorchakova and Olga Borodina; Mar 22, 26

New York City Opera, New York State Theater Tel: 1-212-870 5570 www.nycopera.com Lizzie Borden: by Jack Beeson. New production conducted by George Manahan in a staging by Rhoda Levine, with Phyllis Pancella in the title role; Mar 24

**OPERA** Tel: 33-1-4473 1300 www.opera-de-paris.fr The Magic Flute: by Mozart. In a staging by Robert Wilson; Mar 23, 24, 25

Kunsthal Tel: 31-10-440 0300 Helmut Newton/Alice Springs: Us and Them. Retrospective of the fashion and portrait photographer, whose work is shown alongside that of his wife, Alice Springs (the pseudonym of June Browne). The show comprises 120 works in all, and

is mounted as a celebration of their 50th wedding anniversary; to May 9

#### SAN FRANCISCO CONCERTS

Davles Symphony Hall Tel: 1-415-864 6000 www.sfsymphony.org San Francisco Symphony and Chorus: conducted by Roberto Abbado in works by Bloch and Rossini; Mar 24, 25, 27

#### THE HAGUE ECHIBITION

Gemeenternuseum Tel: 31-70-3388 1111 Vionnet: designs and prints by Madeleine Vionnet, one of the most important couturiers of the 20th century, whose moulage cutting technique strongly

influenced the fashions of the

period 1920-1940; to Jun 6

#### TOKYO

Suntory Hali Tel: 81-3-3584 9999 Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra: lecture by Dr Clemens Hellsburg and chamber music by R. Strauss; Mar 22 Yomiuri Nippon Symphony Orchestra: conducted by Tadaaki Otaka in works by Sibelius; Mar 25

#### VIENNA EXHIBITION

Osterreichische Galerie Belvedere

America: The New World in 19th Century Painting. Dealing with the period from the Declaration of Independence in 1776 until the US entry into World War I, this show brings together works from major museums and collections in the US, tracing the history of the country through the eyes of its painters: to Jun 20

#### **OPERA**

Wiener Staatsoper Tel: 43-1-51444 Cavalleria Rusticana: by Mascagni/Pagliacci by Leoncavallo, Simone Young conducts a staging by Jean-Pierre Ponnelle; Mar 24, 26

#### TV AND RADIO

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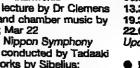
At 08:20 Tanya Beckett of FTTV reports live from LIFFE as the London market opens.

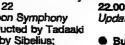
Hoffman; Mar 23, 26 PARIS ROTTERDAM EXHIBITION

Madama Butterfly: by Puccini. Conducted by Guido Johannes Rumstadt in a staging by Mark Lamos first seen in November, with sets by Michael Yeargan and costumes by Constance Opéra National de Paris, Opéra Conducted by Friedemann Layer

CONCERTS







Current job

Leader, Democratic party. Rome

President, Investor AB, Stockholm

DaimterChrysler AG, Studigar

Board me

Minister of Justice, Paris

Member of parliament, UK

Leader. Moderate party. Stockholm

Chief executive, Telecom Italia, Rome

Chairman, Northern Iralend Peace Commission, Beltast

Minister of Health,

Adviser to the board, Banco Aliantico, Lisbon

Co-chainman, BP-Amoco, London

#### **COMMENT & ANALYSIS**

#### MARTIN WOLF Carmaker's auction

BMW and the British government both have an interest in concealing how far they will go to make Longbridge viable

Can it make any sense to spend British taxpayers' money to help BMW bring Rover's Longbridge plant. Britain's biggest factory. back from the dead? Those who support the

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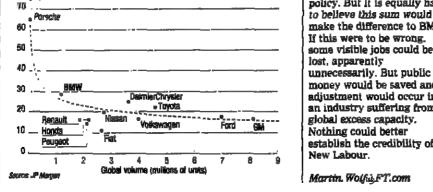
idea make four arguments: the money on offer is modest (the £118m in assistance being talked of last week is a mere 0.1 per cent of annual spending on social security, for example); the policy being followed is not new (since 1996 alone, £198m bas gone to UK car manufacturers, benefiting Ford, Rover. Vauxhall and Daewoo); the project is desirable (under the rules. projects must create or save obs and not displace them elsewhere in the UK); and the plan would not proceed without the assistance, to the grave disadvantage of the industry, region and country.

So far. so justifiable. at least in budgetary and legal terms. But these are details when compared with the big questions: is BMW worth supporting and is the amount apparently on offer going to make much difference to its decision?

To address that, one must start with what BMW itself is trying to do. It is betting its future as an independent company on making Rover work. The question for the British government (and the European Commission) is how far it should be helped by government to do so. Rover is a long-running disaster, the residue of a company that once had half the British market. Goldman Sachs estimates that between 1994 and 1998 the cumulative cash flow of Rover to BMW was in the vicinity of minus DM9bn (£8.1bn) (including the purchase price). Last year alone Rover lost DM1.87bn, as its market share in the

UK sank towards 5 per cent. attractive and profitable. BMW had no long-term This loss consumed close to future as an independent company. With Volvo and half of BMW's own profits. The only institution to Saab gone, it is now, even have made money out of with Rover, the smallest of Rover has been British Aerospace, which took it off the world's significant independent manufacturers. the taxpayer's weary hands for £150m and sold it on to Over time, it is argued, hapless BMW, for £800m, in larger companies, with 1994. In retrospect, that is correspondingly massive beginning to look like the economies of scale and sale of the century. scope, will be able to surpar Now there is talk of a BMW quality, match its further investment in a new cachet and squeeze its Longbridge plant of £1.7bn. profits. BMW's gamble on On plausible assumptions, suggests Goldman Sachs, it Rover was (and, presumably, still is) to become big enough (and so cost efficient could then take 20-30 years for BMW to get its money enough) to survive. The results of this back. That is long-termism apparently rational strategy remind one of the story of by any standards! It is hardly surprising that Bernd the accountant brought into Pischetsrieder, the executive a financially sick business. who bought Rover, was forced out last year. "Do you realise," he asks The question is why BMW. the chief executive, "that you're making a loss on contrary to some absurd every item you sell?" "Yes." British prejudices, has been comes the swift reply. "But prepared to be so generous don't worry: we're making to its wasteful British subsidiary. Part of the up for it in volume." answer may well be that Yet however wrong-beaded BMW did not realise how BMW's strategy may have bad a buy Rover would proved - in practice, if not prove. But the broader in theory - these losses are now largely bygones. The strategic answer is shown by question for BMW is the chart. Industry gurus argue that whether it can justify the as a producer of a little over additional investments now needed to make Longbridge half a million cars a year. viable. Experts argue that its however well made

#### BMW: a luxury minnow among whales Average price \$000s, 1897



new management (and its devoted Quandt family shareholders) face a terrible dilemma: if they do not throw good money after had. **BMW risks becoming too** small to survive; if they do, BMW risks losing too much money to do so. Or, as Goldman Sachs puts it, "BMW is caught between its long-term strategic need to expand volume to ensure its independence and the imperative to stem the losses at Rover cars." This is just the sort of painful dilemma businesses exist to confront. There is no compelling reason why government should also be involved. It is also very difficult to believe that government assistance vould be the decisive factor for BMW, unless the sums on offer were enormous. In the context of what is at stake for the company, £100m, or even £200m, must

be neither here nor there. Thus, BMW and the government are in an auction in which both have an interest in concealing how far they are prepared to go. BMW's threat to shift production to Hungary may. for example, be genuine. But it is also an obvious negotiating ploy. The worry that results is that the relatively small sums now on offer would not prove the end of the matter. The British government could be driven to offer far more. This must not happen. If BMW wants to save Longbridge, it should be encouraged to do so. But the government should think hard about the assistance auction it is now entering. Admittedly, It is difficult to argue that the offer from the government of £130m towards a project costing £1.7bn would be a big mistake, at least by the standards of past industrial policy. But it is equally hard to believe this sum would make the difference to BMW. If this were to be wrong. some visible jobs could be lost, apparently unnecessarily. But public money would be saved and adjustment would occur in an industry suffering from global excess capacity. Nothing could better

#### LETTERS TO THE EDITOR A first eleven line-up for Europe

Name

Remase Predi (ha)

Percy Barnevik (Swe)

Klaus Mangold (Ger)

Elisabeth Guigou (Fra)

Peter Mandelson (UK)

Franco Bernabe (tia)

Poter Sutherland (Ire)

**Bernard Koschner (Frat** 

standing.

reform are unhelpful.

Solomon A. Seruya,

former minister for

163 Main Street,

Gibraltar

economic development.

Gibraltar government,

sures. I suspect it is this lat-

ter point that poses the big-

gest challenge to the future

health of Japan's banks.

Wayne Kitcat.

Knoli Cottage.

Micuel Beleza (Por)

Carl Blidt (See)

Internal immigration, Chris Patters (UK)

#### From Sir Nigel Broomfield European Commission: a new executive team

Function

Chairman

Chief executive

Finance, budge

and industry

Competition

Enlargement

Foreign attairs and defence

Technology

poāce, secu

Health and

Education and training

SOCIAL SECURE

Dade

and others. Sir, The resignation of the

entire European Commission provides Europe with a welcome opportunity to choose a new executive team on the criteria of competence and efficiency rather than opportunism and expediency. We propose, as part of a reform of the Commission's size and decision-making structure, a First Eleven to lead Europe. We invite FT readers to submit their own ideas.

Sir Nigel Broomfield, Blackbeath Peter von der Heydt,

David Marsh, London Dominique Moisi, Paria Prof Willie Paterson, Birmingham

Cologne

Europe.

Prof Michael Stürmer.

From Mr Solomon A. Seruya. to create a reformist political Sir, Now that the people of image. But putting things back to Gibraltar and the people of what they were three months ago is not enough. mainland Spain have condemned the present blockade at the Gibraltar frontier, it is Britain is constitutionally high time that the British responsible for the defence and Spanish prime ministers and foreign affairs of the Rock, and while respecting the preamble of Gibraltar's put an end to this humiliating spectacle, which is a disconstitution, Tony Blair grace to the whole of must have the vision and Sadly, it does little credit courage to initiate meaningful talks with Spain that will to a great European country lay the foundation of a fluid like Spain, whose government party is wisely trying frontier, joint use of the air-

#### Banks need to improve credit analysis

From Mr Wayne Kitcat. learn to analyse and apply Sir, Gillian Tett's otherrigorous credit approval prowise excellent article on the cesses. It won't be long Japanese banking crisis ("A before they build up a fursecond lease of life", March ther substantial portfolio of 18) overlooks one fundamenbad debts. This of course implies they tal fact that must be addressed if Japan's banks are to regain public confidence - the need to improve

have accurate financial information on which to credit and risk analysis.

Sutton Place. make their decisions, and Abinger that they are allowed to Surrey RH5 6RN Unless Japanese banks make these decisions free UK

#### **Politicians** genuinely from the people

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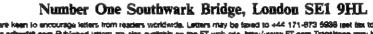
From Mr Hugh Sharman. Sir, It is being said that the downfall of the EU Commission should be a chance for the people of Europe to decide "what sort of Europe" we want. But to whom can we entrust this task? It would be hard to find a European politician any. where today who is genuinely "from the people". Europe's politicians, almost to a man or woman, are self-selected in their teens, at latest in university or on the so-called shop floor. Generally, their only "achievements" have been political. Sadly, this shows in their character. The career path of politicians today is similar to those whose aim it is to be train drivers, nurses, engineers or

lawyers. Political success, on the Meaningful talks over Gibraltar must start other hand, is largely due to the use of flattery - with the media and other politicians, port and regional co-So, in truth, there is nothing operation measures that will create a climate of mutual democratic or genuinely popular about their selection as confidence and future under-"our representatives". Indeed, the last time any

In the meantime, state-European politicians were ments on constitutional selected by genuine, popular acclamation was in central Europe, following the downfall of those most professional politicians of all, the communists. But since these countries modelled their "emerging democracies" on western Europe, the same people are back, anjoying well-paid, job-and-pensionsecure political power, just like their western European colleagues. from political or other pres

Who is for the selection of fixed-term politicians by lottery, Athenian-style, whose only earnest wish is to return to "normal" life? Now that would be democracy.

Hugh Sharman. Incoteco (Denmark) ApS. Toldbodvej 12, 9370 Hals, Denmark



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#### Milosevic's last stand

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The threat of Nato strikes hanging over Kosovo gives the Serb leader just the promise of glory or martyrdom he needs to raily a disaffected people, writes Guy Dinmore

egend has it that on the eve of the fateful 1389 battle for Kosovo against Ottoman invaders, Serbia's Prince Lazar made a last rallying cry before charging to his death and defeat: "It is better to die in battle than to live in shame. In the end we seek to accept the martyr's struggle and to live for ever in heaven.

Six centuries later. Slobodan Milosevic, then a communist apparatchik, adopted Kosovo as his cause and was swept to power on a wave of Serbian nationalism. Ten years on, the Yugoslavia he vowed to protect has shattered into five countries and. with Nato air strikes threatening. Kosovo is again being depicted as Serbia's last stand.

In the epic poetry that

stadium.

الملحظ من المرميل

gave the Serbs their enduring identity as the last bulwark of Christendom against Islam, and now in official pronouncements, the ghost of Prince Lazar lives on. The latest theme song on state television inspires Serbs to perish for their holy land "even if the skies open and judgment day comes". General Dragoljub Ojdanic. the hardline chief of staff.

has told his troops to "prepare for martyrdom". Rarely seen in public, Mr Milosevic is trying to revive the cult-like status he enjoyed a decade ago but which has been steadily eroded as Serb lands in Croatia and Bosnia have been

"I love you, my president. I love you, even though my public anger from his regime pension is small and I have only 50 dinars [\$4] in my pocket." exclaimed one woman at an officially sponsored rally. "Slobo, Slobo," chant supporters in a sports But even his strongest admirers recognise that the

vast crowds of the 1980s are now just a handful, and they have to be bussed in. Unreported in the official media are the small protests across Serbia by parents of con-scripts. They ask why Marko, the president's son who runs a nightclub and has a passion for sports cars, does not defend Kosovo Instead

wic: invokes the ghost of past valou

war against Kosovo's ethnic Albanian separatists dragged on, many Serbs regarded the conflict in the distant south with indifference. Many believed the official line that the small band of "terrorists" would soon be finished or, failing that. Mr Milosevic would cut a deal.

But after the entire international monitoring mission withdrew from Kosovo on Saturday and security forces launched a fresh offensive against the rebel Kosovo Liberation Army (KLA), the unthinkable is sinking in: Serbia is on the brink of war with the western powers that were its allies in two

world wars. Mr Milosevic has once again deflected and against the west. What Mr Milosevic really intends to do is shrouded in

mystery. Reclusive and rarely emerging from the fortified residence, complete with bunker, that he inherited from Marshal Tito, the Yugoslav president has not directly addressed the nation since last October.

But the signs of a regime under stress are there. Army and state security bosses of suspect loyalty have been sacked in the six months since Mr Milosevic, under Nato pressure, reduced his security forces in Kosovo and halted a scorched-earth offensive. The independent

calnet the Otto Heads of private banks and successful companies have been arrested - officially for corruption but in reality to

seize cash for the expensive war effort. Two former members of Mr Milosevic's inner circle believe he has decided that his regime will crumble if he "gives up" Kosovo without a light. The hardline generals around him advise they can quickly crush the KLA if given a free hand.

"For Milosevic, it's like a poker game," said one former security chief who fell out of favour. "He wants Nato to bomb some military targets in Kosovo and then he will sign a peace deal. He must have some story for internal use to explain why he accepts the unacceptable. He will say I tried to save my people. We are on the razor's edge. There is a danger that Nato will go on bombing, as in Iraq, and he

will lose power." His power has waned over the years. In the Serbian government and at federal Yugoslav level he has had to

make uneasy alliances with former opponents. Big cities are run by the opposition. Montenegro, the only republic to have stayed in Yugoslavia with Serbia, bas declared neutrality in the event of war with Nato and is on the brink of secession. "Everyone knows that the

was a failure." the former security boss commented. "Now we don't have any friends. Russia is a poor cousin who calculates here own interests. Police officers are thinking. 'What do I do now? What am I in Kosovo for?

"The police know they are in territory where everybody is their enemy. The best way is to give Kosovo to Nato and let them deal with the problem. Milosevic knows this but is concerned only with his own survival." General Wesley Clark, Nato's supreme commander.

NESS10

says maybe Mr Milosevic wants to wipe out the KLA before finally making a deal. "Maybe they can do it in five days, but I would be surprised," the US general commented in a telephone interview.

Diplomats recall that Mr Milosevic this month warned Richard Holbrooke, US special envoy, that he could destroy the KLA within a week.

A turning point came late last year when the US State Department, in what European diplomats regard as a serious blunder, publicly pronounced the Serbian strongman as the root of all problems, and said his departure would cause no sleep to be lost

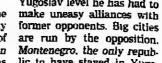
The hardline approach spearheaded by Madeleine Albright. US secretary of state, has driven Mr Milosevic into a corner. Senior European envoys argue that over the past decade he has thrived in a world of chaos and international isolation and would have been better weakened if sanctions had been lifted and normal political life had prevailed. But divisions between the

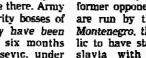
US and its European allies have been made irrelevant by another looming refugee crisis in Kosovo and the danger of a wider conflict drag-

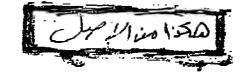
ging in Albania and Monte Unless Mr Milosevic makes an unexpected last-

minute reversal, then Nato with its own credibility at stake as its 50th anniversary approaches - is likely to intervene.

"It's a political decision," said Gen Clark. "We've been Over the past year. as the media has been stifled, strategy of the past 10 years ready for a long time,"







#### **FINANCIAL TIMES** Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL Tel: +44 171-873 3000 Telex: 922186 Fax: +44 171-407 5700

Monday March 22 1999

#### A new agenda for Europe

A cold wind of democracy blew 2000 (the EU budgetary reform 20 European commissioners out of their jobs last week: it will European Union summit that eastern and southern borders. starts in Berlin on Wednesday. There are already some indica-

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among the leaders of the 15 countries to face up to essential reforms of the the Union. The first task must be to restore confidence in its institutions. But in a declining path during the next doing this, ministers must consider much broader questions of the EU's governance.

The scandal has emphasised this in two different ways. First, it has drawn attention to inadequacies in all three of the EU's main institutions, including the Council of Ministers and the European Parliament. Second, it has signalled an important shift in the balance of power towards the parliament. This in turn emphasises the need for more openness in all stages of EU lawmaking.

On the first point, it might appear that the parliament emerged only with credit. Certainly, it pursued the allegations of corruption, cronyism and mismanagement that eventually caused the resignation of all the commissioners including Jacques Santer, their president. But the parliament is by no means Immune from similar allegations, as it has itself recognised by drawing up a new charter of rules for members' conduct.

The Council of Ministers, which must approve these new rules, should ensure that they are as exacting as those that are now being proposed for the reform of the Commission. Both must be implemented speedily. But above all, the Council must clean up its own act. Its traditions of secret deal-making and horse-trading appointments have set a bad tone for the rest of the Brussels bureaucracy, Ministers must make their deliberations more transparent and appoint people on merit rather than nationality or politics.

#### Next steps -

They should start this week, by agreeing on a new Commission

plant and other measures that will be needed before the EU have a bracing effect on the admits new members from its

If Agenda 2000 is to be agreed this week, as it should be, signifitions of a new determination cant concessions will be needed from Italy, Spain, France, Germany and the UK. All countries must recognise that total farm subsidies must at least be put on century, rather than the stable level now envisaged. On some estimates the budgetary cost of enlargement might be €16bn a year on present rules - a big disincentive to admitting new mbers.

Too many chiefs

in addition to controlling the budget, ministers must start thinking about the institutional reforms that are to be considered at the Cologne summit in June, with a view to a new treaty after 3000. The recent upbeaval in the Commission emphasises the need for these changes and may pull in the same direction as the demands of enlargement.

For example, there are too many commissioners for efficient decision-making, and too many Commission officials in some of the senior grades. It has long been recognised that the present allocation of two commissioners for each large country and one for the smaller ones will become quite unwieldy when the EU

membership increases. There is no easy solution; since the Commission has power to propose legislation, all countries, quite reasonably, want to be represented at their table. Similarly, the extension of qualified majority voting in the Council raises legitimate anxieties among those who want to limit the power of the EU to essential measures that cross borders.

However, agreement on these issues may be easier if the Commission is seen to be efficient and uncorrupted, the Council more open, and if the parliament's

increased scrutiny of proposals is considered fair and responsible. Achieving this virtuous circle **COMMENT & ANALYSIS** 

#### Miracles never cease

The planned mega-mergers among Italy's largest banks will lift the medieval gloom of vested interest and secrecy in the country's financial sector, says Paul Betts

BAR

he Italian banking industry could not have chosen a more apposite day to engineer the biggest financial shake-up in the country's postwar history. Yesterday, the fifth Sunday in

Lent, is also known in Italy as Lazarus Day. And just as priests around the country were reading the Gospel of the miraculous res urrection of Lazarus, the boards of two of Italy's largest banking groups were meeting to launch separate attempts to combine with two other big domestic banks. It may herald a resurrection of the Italian banking system.

If successful, the bids would mark not only a tumultuous upheaval in Italian banking and finance. They would also end an era in Italian business that has been dominated for the past four decades by a small and influential network of state and private groups, dealing behind closed doors and controlling their assets by cosy non-aggression pacts and intricate cross-shareholdings.

As one excited italian banker put it yesterday, "the Middle Ages of Italian finance" would finally be over, with the country's business structure adapting itself to the modern world of European monetary union and the general globalisation of finance and industry.

This may be an overstatement. But that something momentous was cooking was already obvious in the past few weeks. Olivetti's audacious €53bn hostile bid for Telecom Italia, its much larger privatised telecommunications rival, had signalled a radical change in the country's corporate culture. In retrospect, it was only an appetiser.

Cesare Romiti, former chairman of Fiat and a long-standing member of the so-called "Noble Wing" of Italian finance around the secretive Mediobanca investment bank, warned observers on Saturday to prepare for "great

fireworks this weekend". And yesterday UniCredito Itallano, the banking group formed last year through the merger of Credito Italiano and three large north Italian regional banks, offered to merge with Banca Commerciale Italiana (BCI), its Milan rival, in a share swap that would create a group called Eurobanca.

Within hours, the board of San Paolo-IMI, the country's biggest bank created last year through a

more than that of Deutsche Bank Mediobanca, in the past it has (without Bankers Trust). A merger between San Paolo-IMI and Banca di Roma would

create an even larger group in terms of assets: 1.550,000bn in total. But this may be just the start of a further wave of consolidation.

The first important Italian banking consolidation was the merger two years ago of Banco Ambroveneto and the Milan Cariplo savings bank into Banca Intesa. The combination, which merger of Turin's Istituto San created a bank with total assets

been pulling all their strings. Mr Cuccia and Vincenzo Maranghi, Mediobanca's controversial chief executive, have had a been growing for the past three particularly trying weekend. They are no longer calling the Flat and Credito Italiano started shots, even in the "Noble Wing". acting independently to map or *salotto buono*, of Milan finance. The salotto, as one Italian banker put it, has become a Wild West saloon and Mediobanca itself is seen as a potential takeover target.

Mediobanca altogether. Mr Cuc- media, luxury goods, textiles and Nazionale del Lavoro; Paribas and Mr Maranghi.

utive, Alessandro Profumo, wasted little time putting together his merger proposal.

Mediobanca's problems had

years. Traditional allies such as their futures in a fast-changing global market. But the bank also started making mistakes, including the flasco of an attempted

it an easy target.

France was the dominant shareholder in Banca Intesa: Deutsche Bank had recently built up merver between the Marzotto tex- stakes in both BCI and LiniCretiles and clothing group and the dito; Banco Bilbao y Viscaya is It would be rash to write off HDP holding group, which has the biggest shareholder in Baoca

Beyond the secretive world of Mediobanca, however, several other factors have prompted the first stage in Italy's banking consolidation as well as broad industrial restructuring: Italy's successful campaign to join the first wave of Emu, its own privatisation programme and financial

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globalisation. Yet only a month ago Lucio Rondelli, UniCredito's chairman, said: "The world is moving at an ever-increasing rate, but Italy is displaying some stickiness in this process."

In retrospect, his words appear to have been prophetic. The sudden acceleration of Italian banking consolidation was prompted in large part by events outside Italy. Italian banks were alarmed first by the merger in Spain of Banco Santander and Banco Hispano-Americano; then by the merger in France of Société Générale and Paribas. These two now face a hostile bid from Banque Nationale de Paris.

"The Italian mergers completed so far were regarded until a few weeks ago as a viable, if temporary, solution to the growing globalisation of the industry," said a Milan banking analyst before this weekend's events. "But they have already been overtaken by events and Italian banks will be forced to seek even bigger alliances."

In the same way, Flat has been forced to step up its search for an international partner in the wake of the consolidation in the world car industry. Only a week ago Giovanni Agnelli, Fiat's honorary chairman, admitted his group was "too small". Until a few months ago Flat had claimed it could survive on its own. Then in November it decided to bid \$14bn, unsuccessfully, for the whole of Volvo.

The Bank of Italy had also become worried about the future of the country's banking system and the risks of foreign intrusions. Foreign banks have long had their appetites whetted by Italy's rich savings deposits - the country has the second-largest rate of savings after Japan. The fragmented structure of the industry, with even the largest banks appearing relatively small on a global scale, risked making Already Credit Agricole of

has a stake in BCI: SocGen i



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under the 1997 Amsterdam while to shift bed performers to different jobs.

especially important because. and monetary union. Treaty (soon to be ratified), the exaggerated. Despite its faults, Commission president will have the EU can boast huge achievea voice in the appointment of ments in the past 40 years, cul-

Cleaning up corruption and bad administration is only the first step, however. The summit must consider the longer-term consequences of a more powerful parliament as well as Agenda and preserve those virtues.

of reform will not be easy. But if president with the strength and is necessary, particularly as ecowill to carry out the necessary nomic policy becomes more cenreforms. This appointment is traitsed as a result of economic

The difficulties should not be commissioners. He will also be minating in the birth of the euro. Its structures may seem unwieldy, but this partly reflects its character as a free association of nations committed to eco-

nomic liberalism. The recent scandal must be the spur to improve its political processes

#### Russia's debt.

ton. His aim is to persuade the White House and the International Monetary Fund that Russia needs cash. But the IMF should not throw good money after bad. The US administration should refuse Mr Primakov's plea to lean on the Fund.

The IMF's \$23bn lending programme to Russia failed dramatically when the government debts. It needs \$4.8bn (£2.9bn) to devalued the rouble and defaulted on its domestic debt last August. The IMF suspended lending then. It should not start again now. Unhappily, this means that Russia will default on its IMF debt. This cannot be

At the heart of Russia's economic crisis is a state which is ineffective and dishonest. The best that can be said of Mr Primakov's communist-dominated government is that things have not got much worse. Although annual inflation topped 100 per cent in January, Russia has not descended into the hyper-inflationary chaos many expected.

The sorry state of the government's finances means that the threat of chaos remains. Haggling over the size of the projected primary surplus with the IMF would miss the point. The government's budget plans are largely a work of fiction. It is unwilling and unable to collect taxes, or to impose discipline on the "oligarchs" of big business. It cannot pay its bills, pensions or to new loans. That would amount wages. The only way to clear the to taking money out of one

printing press at full throttle. also the reason Russia has run to disguise the fact that loans are up \$50bn debts - on top of its bad is the sort of behaviour that existing Soviet-era debt - that it is deplored in commercial banks. cannot pay. It has already it must not become official IMF stopped servicing its domestic policy. I snow a little contrition and saying After yea

Yevgeny Primakov, the Russian debt. While western banks bar prime minister, is off to Washing- gain to get a fraction of their gain to get a fraction of their money out, many Russians who invested in government securities have lost their savings.

Despite a healthy trade surplus, capital flight means that Russia's reserves are also running out. Michael Zadornov, the finance minister, says that without the IMF's help, the government cannot service its foreign service its IMF and World Bank

debt this year. The argument used in the past for continuing Russian loans that, despite the corruption, the money at least supported reform - no longer applies. There are no heavyweight reformers in the government. There is no real commitment to clearing up the public finance mess, or to sorting out the rotten banking system. As for President Yeltsin, he is no longer able to fulfil his consti-

tutional role. If he put the country's interests first he would resign immediately. Failing that, there is no chance

of progress this side of next year's presidential elections. Mr Primakov, a former intelligence supremo, seems to be doing a good job of managing stagnation and worrying the Clinton administration with threats of doom if Russia is not bailed out yet again. But nothing more.

If the US wants to give money for political reasons, it should do so. But the IMF should not agree backlog would be to run the pocket simply to prevent Russia from defaulting on existing loans The inability to raise taxes is from the fund. Fiddling the books

of L310,000bn, kicked off the cur raolo and the Kor group, said it wanted to combine rent process of consolidation.

with Banca di Roma. Italy never does anything by Paolo-IMI marriage and the crehalves. After years of promises, ation of UniCredito. Banca Intesa fine words and false starts to the is unlikely to remain indifferent modernising and restructuring of to the latest acceleration in the its financial industry, the country over a short frenetic weekend has not only sought to catch up with the trends in the rest of di Napoli. Europe but, if anything, tried to

overtake its neighbours. Not one but two mega-banking mergers in one day. A once highly fragmented and inefficient banking system has suddenly moved to regroup itself around a handful of large institutions, better equipped to fend off possible approaches by foreign groups as well as having the scale to consider cross-border expansion. The UniCredito-BCI combination would create a bank with

total assets of nearly 1500.000hn. More significantly, it would create a group with a stock market capitalisation of about €38bn,

#### Breuer behaves himself

Talk about minding who you mention. Rolf Breuer, Deutsche Bank's boss, appears relaxed, confident - even risqué - but mention a certain country and he comes over all coy. Breuer calls Deutsche the only truly European bank - and it certainly has friends and footholds in plenty of places. We are polygamous by nature, we do it with everyone," he

hoasts. But what does he make of recent events in France, where the biggest banks are bidding for each other in an unprecedented flurry of takeover attempts? France, bien sür, is different. Suddenly Breuer - no doubt mindful of the fact that Deutsche has just asked the French authorities for clearance to set up its own branch network in France - is less passionate

about polygamy and rather more prim and proper. "What's happening in front of our eyes in France right now is very French," he says. "The nature of the process does not allow a foreign bank to get involved, It would counter the French self-image." Very diplomatic, Deutsche.

#### Untouchable?

There's a furious political battle

It was followed by the San

**OBSERVER** 

process: nor is Banca Nazionale del Lavoro and its partners, the INA insurance group and Banco The events of the past 24 hours

are expected to send "traumatic repercussions" through the once closely knit Italian financial system, said a US investment banker in Milan. Above all, it spells the and of the all-pervasive influence of Mediobanca and Enrico Cuccia, its 92-year-old honorary chairman, regularly described in the past as Italy's most powerful banker.

Set up 53 years ago, Mediobanca has played a central role in postwar Italian deal-making and has itself been closely tied to Uni-Credito, BCI and Banca di Roma. Although each owns 8 per cent of

the annies can't decide whether

to use its not-so-secret weapon.

Elections are due in May for

Scotland's first ever parliament

Party, which once led the polls,

has begun to sag. So does the SNP, who want

Scotland to separate from the

rest of the UK, wheel out their

The howitzer in question is

that epitome of Englishness

Sean Connery, who used to play

James Bond, but who's become

increasingly fond of his Scottish

Connery's pulling power has

probably prove a box office hit if

The only problem is that one of

the central planks of the SNP's

announced tax cut and spend

star based in Spain, where the

sun is stronger and the taxes are

lower, quite the right figurehead

to drive home the message?

the front row chomping his popcom when the SNP

campaign curtain goes up.

So Bill Clinton's back on form.

After succumbing to pressure to

Soul of wit

Observer waits to see whether

Connery's sitting comfortably in

campaign is to reverse a recently

the extra money on good causes.

All well and good. But is a film

increased with age and he'd

he went on tour to whip up

support for independence.

very biggest cannon?

roots.

the upstart Scottish National

and government, and support for

In one weekend Italy's banks have sought not just to catch up but to

outstrip their rivals

tere, are expected to fight hard to salvage what they can for their bank and its waning influence. For the past 12 months they have attempted to restore some of their influence by forcing Banca di Roma and BCI to merge. But BCI, after a storing board meeting last Thursday, finally decided to free itself from an earlier obligation to negotiate a banking partnership exclusively with Banca di Roma, In so doing, BCI opened the door to UniCredito, whose aggressive chief exec-

sorry to the world over the

apparently ready to crack the

At a recent gala dinner for

sundry movers and shakers, he

quipped: "If this isn't contrition, I

But if he was trying to hide his

Congressmen who tried to force

him from office, he wasn't doing

"They're at the Taliban

correspondents' association

What's more, the President said he'd heard the Republican

Congressmen wanted to appeal

the final verdict that acquitted

him. They were going to the

heavyweight fight, he said.

judges of the Holyfield-Lewis

has become the subject of a

Grand Jury investigation, after

the decision to call it a draw

outraged thousands of viewers

who thought Lewis had won.

self-control kept up the steady

stream of jokes. But was there

old tradition, but Taiwan could

After years of relative quiet in

surely have timed its latest

America's master of

any fingering evidence of

Knockabout

rumpus rather better.

That particular slugging match

hundreds of journalists and

don't know what is."

bittemess about the

dinner." he smirked.

odd joke about the whole sordid

Monica affair, he's now

DUSI/TUSE.

very well.

DIFFESTS. Mr Maranghi himself came stake in UniCredito; Banco Sanunder heavy criticism for his tander in San Paolo-IMI; and last management by many of the week ABN Amro took an 8 per salotto buono's big shots, not cent stake in Banca di Roma, least Fiat's Agnelli family, which is seen as a sponsor of the San sury minister, said he had origi-Paolo-IMI merger with Banca di Roma. And Mediobanca was torn by internal turnoil: it lost one of its brightest stars, Gerardo Brag- he was governor of the Bank of giotti, to Lazard Frères. Mr Braggiotti is now advising UniCredito

in its bid for BCI. dwindling influence of the system against increasing competition from US investment banks on its Italian patch, Mediobanca appears to have lost sight of the irreversible process of change taking place in Italy and now starkly illustrated with this weekend's banking upheaval. It has not only put at risk its own independence but also the network of blue-chip companies it controls or has traditionally influenced.

Carlo Azeglio Ciampi, the Treanally proposed the merger of BCI and Credito Italiano, the two big Milan banks, 15 years ago when Italy. Others at the time thought

differently. Antonio Fazio, the Italian cen-In its attempts to maintain its tral bank governor, said on Saturday: "The intensification of domestic and international competition, the process of banking concentration and the reduction in state holdings are leading towards more efficient structures, consistent with the evolution of international markets."

In other words, the Bank of Italy welcomed the latest blockbuster mergers. As a devout Catholic, Mr Fazio would not have missed the lesson in yesterday's Gospel.

Financial Times

A Rival For Standard Oil New York, 21st March. A combination of English capitalists has organised a company under the laws of the State of Kansas with a capital of \$250,000,000 to Indian territory. It promises to be the strongest competitor vet seen to the Standard Oil Company.

The many difficulties activities of the organised the economic life of the and rubber output was a being subjected to a strain which can only be

Observer looks forward to much more innovative categories next year. How about "Biggest Grossing Management Bonus" for starters?

50 years ago Terrorism In Malaya confronting members of the Rubber Growers' Association are outlined in the fortieth annual report covering 1948. Events in Malaya, it states, were overshadowed by the terrorists who aimed to disrupt country. Planters showed great fortitude, the report states, record, but personnel "are still continuous and exhausting

relieved by the most rigorous suppression of the forces of disruption." The report also refers to slow progress with the war damage compensation

scheme.

acquire petroleum fields in the

100 years ago

the national legislature, the deputies have recently been up to their bad old tricks, insulting and jostling each other more like boxers in a ring than serious

dista in The fist fights of yester-year were a favourite in China, which used to delight in screening them as part of the campaign to discredit the democratic credentials of its island rival. Others saw the fraces as an

entertaining sideshow to the once-docile legislature's emergence as a proper parliament. And since negotiators from

Beljing were in town last week, the most recent ructions didn't exactly come at the most appropriate moment.

#### And the winner is

Never mind who wore - let alone won - what at last night's Los Angeles Oscar ceremony: the international hedge fund community has its own show. Last week, there were lashings of glamour and glitz at London's "Hedge Fund Oscars", Bronze gongs were handed out to 14 lucky winners for achievements like "Best **Risk-Adjusted Performance** Award", and "The Short Selling

contrition? You must be joking. Award", Parliamentary pugilism is a fine



14

#### FINANCIAL TIMES



MONDAY MARCH 22 1999

#### THE LEX COLUMN Imbroglio Italiano

First the Spanish, then the French and now the Italians. Proposed mergers between UniCredito and Banca Commerciale Italiana, and San Paolo-IMI and Bauca di Roma – take European banking restructuring into a new gear. The larger combination, UniCredito/BCI, would have a market capitalisation of about €39bn, more than either Spain's Santander/BCH combination or Société Générale/Paribas - though not BNP's proposed three-way

Gallic merger. This restructuring is long overdue, but having finally arrived it should not end up being just about size. That matters, but efficiency matters more. A UniCredito/BCI combination stands a pretty good chance of creating share-holder value. In BCL, it has probably got its hands on the better hank. And Alessandro Profumo, UniCredito's investorfriendly chief executive, does not look squeamish about wielding the axe, partic-ularly when compared with his French counterparts.

But until details of both bids emerge, it is hard to tell whether shareholders are really getting a fair crack. For BCI in perticular, other suitors are a possibility: after all, it has only just escaped the clutches of Banca di Roma and has not been playing the field for long. Banca. Intesa could be one contender - though Crédit Agricole, its leading shareholder, might not like being diluted.

Meanwhile, both deals will have interesting implications for Mediobanca. Uni-Credito, Banca di Roma and BCI each hold 7-8 per cent stakes in the Milanese Investment bank, which used to rule the roost in Italian finance. Having previously treated these banks as its servants, it may now find that the boot is on the other ioot.

#### French banks

Hews

Banque Nationale de Paris may have had the better of the early exchanges, but its bold plan to mesh France's three largest quoted banks is far from home and dry.

Neither of its targets, Société Générale nor Paribas, seems prepared to dump its whole. Upping that may well simply planned tie-up and cut a deal. Indeed. SG's shares have stormed ahead since BNF's intervention. They now stand 2 per cent above the value of BNP's share offer

Features

**BCI/UniCredito Italiano** Share origes rebayed to the Comit lades

RC3 100 / 1998

for SG. This in turn has revalued SG's bid for Paribas, which is running neck and neck with BNP's own.

In reality, SG has ralled mainly on hopes it will negotiate an agreed and sweetened deal with BNP. In theory there is little to choose financially between its bid and BNP's grand scheme. Neither is being aggressive on job cuts and both propose to shave 7.5 per cent off operating costs. But investors have come down strongly behind BNP.

Until its intervention, SG's bid for Parlbas had lopped 3 per cent off the com-bined value of both hanks. By contrast, BNP's proposal has added 10 par cent to the combined value of all three since the and of January, immediately before SG's Paribas bld. This reflects enthusiasm for the idea of merging BNP's retail network with that of SG.

In addition, there is greater belief that Michel Pébereau, BNP's chairman, has the necessary grit to deliver the promised €1.3bn of savings. All this leaves SG with a beadache. Its

offer for Paribas is in danger of hindering its defence against BNP. If it presses shead, SG probably needs to raise the bid to establish clear superiority over BNP's rival offer. But this could be hard to justify. Paribas - which would produce only 45 per cent of the combined groups' earnings - is already getting 50 per cent of the depress SG's share price, making it more likely to fall into BNP's hands. It is difficult to see what else SG can do.

Mounting a counterbid for BNP - "le pac-

Deene

man" - looks to be legally questionable in France. And in any case, SG has already rubbished BNP's three-way merger as too

So the best solution for SG's shareholders would be for the back to drop its Parihas hid. as French takeover rules permit. This would free its hands to cut the best deal with RNP.

In an ideal world, the management would put SG up for auction. The risk of a foreign white knight coming in would force BNP to pay the best price to win its and.

Clearly, this would leave Paribas out on a limb. Always peripheral to BNP's ambitions, it has more to lose if SG goes off on its own. Its shares are trading at a 7 per cent discount to the value of SG's and BNP's bids reflecting this risk.

But Paribas still has a few shots in its locker. One option might be to threaten a break-up. On a sum of the parts basis, its @16.5bn value does not include anything for the estimated €4bn of unrealised capital gains in its £10hn share portfolio. This would not necessarily force BNP to up its bid, but could at least give investors another option to extract value.

So is it finally time to overweight oil stocks? As Opec thrashes out the details of yet another package of oil production cuts - this time a 2m barrel a day reduction from April 1st is on the cards - talk of \$17.\$18 oil is in the air. But following last year's failed production cuts which targeted 2.6m barrels, considerable scepticism remains.

Although the oil price has recently risen to a five month high, it is still only hovering around last year's average. And most equity valuations reflect only \$14.\$15

But it could well be third time lucky for Opec now. With global growth forecasts for 1999 already slashed to around 1 per cent and Iraqi production bumping up against its capacity limits, there seems limited room for further disappointment. However, the real test of Onec's commitment to higher revenues through higher prices, rather than greater volumes, will be in members' compliance with the cuts. Less than 70-80 per cent compliance will probably not be good enough

By Devid Buckan in London. Bary Diemore in Solyresie und Richard Wolffe in Washington

Richard Holbrooke, the US succial envoy, is to make a last-ditch mission to Belgrade today to try to convince President Slobodan Milosevic that Nato will bomb his military forces unless he reins in their offensive against Albanians in Kosovo.

Coming after the collapse last week of peace talks, the Holbrooke mission is a final spin of the diplo-matic dice before Nato is put to the test of carrying out its threats of military action.

of state, said Mr Holbrooke would tell the Yngoslav leader that he now faced "a stark choice" - join the ethnic Albanians in accepting a political and peacekeeping deal for Kosovo, or bear "full responsibility for the consequences of Nato military action".

The mission by Mr Holbrooke, yent a humanitarian catastrophe who has extracted past concessions among refugees, as well as Mr Milos-

duress, would appear to delay any Nato strikes until tomorrow at the earliest

US envoy to give Milosevic

final warning over Kosovo

Last diplomatic move before Nato must make good its threats

Nonetheless, after ambassadors of the 19 Nato allies met yesterday in Brussels, a Nato official said the time lag between Nato warplanes receiving an order to bomb and actually doing so had now been reduced to "just a few hours".

The situation in Kosovo has deteriorated rapidly since the breakdown of peace talks in Paris last Friday. The latest offensive by Serbian forces in north and central Kosovo has pushed a further 15,000 ethnic Albanians out of their homes, according to the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, the main international organisation left in Kosovo after the pull-out of 1,380 international monitors over the - licend.

Nato will justify any action by arguing that there is a need to pre-

from the Yugoslav leader under evic's breaches of past United Nations Security Council resolutions. President Bill Clinton and Tony

Blair, British prime minister, dis cussed the crisis by telephone last night and agreed to speak again within 48 hours, London said.

"They agreed the situation was increasingly serious and they were growing more and more troubled by what was happening on the ground, Mr Blair's spokesman said. But the risk of Nato bombing cans

ing a rift between the West and other world powers deepened yesterday, as China, a permanent Security Council member, denounced the threats.

Russia, another permanent Coun-cil member opposed to Nato action, has continued to try to persuade its western partners in the Contact Group on Kosovo of the need for a peaceful solution.

Reports, Page 2 avic's last stand. Page 12

#### White House tries to calm 'hysteria' over Chinese spies

US nuclear research as "total".

communications,

#### liv Bicland Wolfle In Wenhington

The US government yesterday moved to quell fears that China had gained access to American nuclear warhead, neutron bomb and electromagnetic pulse technologies, dismissing reports of widespread Chinese espionage as "hysteria".

Bill Richardson, energy secretary, also sought to reassure the public that security had been substantially tightened in US laboratories in recent days.

President Bill Clinton last week launched a formal review of the national security threat at nuclear labs, alongside an inquiry by the Federal Bureau of Investigation into Chinese leaks at the Los Alamos National Laboratory in New Mexico, However, Mr Clinton insisted in a Taiwan-born scientist passed secrets creas conference that the FBI inves-

of W88 Trident ballistic missile techtigation had not proved that espionology from the Los Alamos labs to nage took place. China.

our labs are secure. We are working security. He also insisted that secuaggressively for that to happen. We rity was already being strengthened at the nuclear laboratories well believe that the measures we have taken, which are enormously aggresbefore news reports emerged about possible problems with espionage sive, are addressing the problem." earlier this year. In particular, he dismissed as "an

over-exaggeration" a report by The White House came under con-Newsweek magazine which described Chinese penetration of the tinued attack yesterday from conservative Republicans who have seized on the espionage allegations to challenge the administration's wider pol-The administration has already icy towards China.

stepped up security at the nuclear labs, including the introduction of Steve Forbes, the publisher who is a candidate for the Republican presilie detector tests for all employees with access to sensitive information. dential nomination, said: "What we need on China is a real China policy. it has also boosted security surrounding visiting scientists and not a sellout ~ a tough policy.

introduced strict controls on e-mail "You start, for example, by eliminating military co-operation with the Chinese officials have dismissed as Chinese army and military. "unfounded" allegations that a

"We have a situation where people from the Chinese army in a few months are going to visit one of our national laboratories.

"Those things should be eliminated and cancelled," he said on

CONTENTS

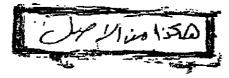
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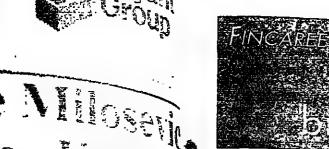
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Madeleine Albright, US secretary

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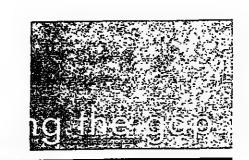




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#### FINANCIAL TIMES **COMPANIES & MARKETS**

MONDAY MARCH 22 1999



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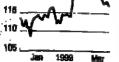
INSIDE

Brazil's shares stage Real recovery

Brazil's stock markets have bounced back from the chaos that followed January's 40 per cent devaluation of the Real. So far this month the São Paulo market's Bovespa index of 56 blue chips has increased by nearly one-fifth in local currency terms and more than 30 per cent in dollar terms. Emerging markets, Page 19

#### Bank of Japan may act on yen

The yen has strength-**Dollar** Against the yea (V per S) ened over the past couple of weeks, as rises in the Nikkei have 125 increased talk of capital flows favouring Japan. This has undermined the ministry of finance's insistence that it does not favour a strong yen. This



week's meeting of the Bank of Japan's policy oard may be forced to consider other options If low interest rates do not lead to faster growth in the money stock. Currencies, Page 22

US stock market eyes Opec meeting In a thin week for announcements, the Opec meeting tomorrow and non-farm payroll figures due on April 2 may dominate the US stock merket's attention more than the week's economic and corporate news. Markets week, Page 21

#### Bank merger headache for France The Bank of France is facing a regulatory nightmare: the proposed three-way merger between Banque Nationale de Paris, Paribas and Societé Générale, which will create the country's biggest banking group. Page 21; Lex, Page 14

New appetite for Australian bonds Favourable market conditiona for corporate bond issuers in Australia and historically low yields on Australian government bonds have lualled a recent surge in activity in Australian corporate bonds. International bonds, Page 18

S African companies rush to leave When the international community opened its doors to a reformed South Africa in 1994 few expected its blogest listed companies would use them to leave. But South African Brewerles shifted its primary listing to London last month and is to be followed by Anglo American, the mining business, Old Mutual, the insurer, and a variety of smaller businesses. Page 19

#### Exchanges discuss electronic futures The futures industry has accepted the

encroschment of electronic trading, but how best to capitalise on the new technology was the subject of frenetic discussion at its annual conference in Florida's Boca Raton. The big challenge is to achieve the cost savings traders and customers are demanding in the hope that this will keep new competitors at bay. Page 20

FT/SRP-A World Indic

FT Gold mines index

#### **Gucci board meets**

#### over LVMH offer

#### Fashion company faces action over white knight deal

By Alice Paresthom cent of Gucci, bought this year The board of Gucci, the for \$1.4bn.

embattled Italian fashion com-If the court upholds the Pinpany, met last night to discuss ault transaction, Mr Arnault's offer will be withdrawn. Other-Friday's \$5bn offer from LVMH, the French luxury wise, he would have to pay an additional \$3.3bn to Mr Pinault for the 39m new shares issued

The \$85-a-share cash offer to PPR by Gucci, advised by from LVMH, tabled on Friday morning, is conditional on Morgan Stanley, on Friday. Gucci abandoning a \$2.9bn Mr Arnault's offer also deal announced on Friday excludes the 20m new shares morning to issue a 40 per cent Gucci issued last month to an stake to white knight bidder employee share option plan Pinault-Printemps-Redoute (ESOP), created to neutralise his holding. (PPR), the French retail group.

goods group.,

Bernard Arnault, chairman LVMH, advised by Goldman Sachs and ABN Amro, has also of LVMH, immediately sued to nullify the deal with Pinault. appealed to a Dutch court to which is controlled by Frannullify the ESOP. However, in cois Pinault, a former ally of the preliminary hearing, its Mr Arnault. The case is due to voting rights in Gucci were be heard today in Amsterdam, frozen, as well as those of the where Gucci is quoted. ESOP, pending a final ruling If the court finds for LVMH, late next month.

Mr Arnault, who rebuffed the If LVMH wins the case and the Pinault share issue is Gucci board's efforts to pervoided, it would have to pay suade him to mount a 100 per cent bid, is expected to press \$3.3bn cash for the remaining ahead with his offer of \$85 a \$5.6 per cent of Gucci. Mr

By Andrew Edgecilifie-Johnson

The largest shareholder in

Venator, the US sports shoe

retailer, known until last year

as Woolworth, is trying to

"poison pill" provision and to

The move by Greenway Part-

ners, which owns 14.7 per cent

of the retailer, will add to the

pressure on Roger Farah, Ven-

ator's chairman and chief exec-

By Ted Bardacks in Bangkok

Star Alliance, the global

airline grouping, plans to form

a consortium to bid for a sub-

stantial equity stake in Thai

Airways, one of the partners in

Thamnoon Wanglee, Thai

Airways president, said Star, led by United Airlines and

Lufthansa, wanted to buy as

much as 23 per cent of the

airline, which is being sold by

its grouping.

the government.

change its name back.

in Best York

utive.

share. LVMH controls 34.4 per Arnault would also owe \$65.7m to Prada, the rival Italian fashion company from which he

purchased a 9.5 per cent Gucci stake in January Prada, which bought the shares for \$46 each last summer, has made a \$140m profit on its sale to LVMH. Under the terms of their agreement, if LVMH bids for Gucci within three months, Prada can claim so per cent of the difference between its \$70.50 sale price and the bid price. Mr Arnault may face a coun-

terbid for Gucci from Mr Pinault, who on Friday said Artemis, his private company, is to buy the beauty business of Sanofi, the French pharmaceuticals group, for FFr6bn (\$1bn). Mr Pinault, advised by Mor-

gan Stanley, hopes to sell the Sanofi business, including the Yves Saint Laurent brand, to Gucci for the same sum, Gucci

intends to use it as the basis of

#### Volvo set to list its shares on fewer stock exchanges

#### By Tim Burt in Helsinki

Volvo, the Swedish automotive group, is planning to scale back its multiple share listings following rising dealing costs and poor liquidity in many of the markets where it is quoted. The company is expected to cut the number of exchanges trading Volvo shares from nine to three, retaining listings in London, New York and Stockholm. Senior officials said the company had begun the process, withdrawing last year from Paris, Zurich, Basle and Geneva.

"We will gradually de-list from other exchanges because the turnover and administration costs do not justify our presence," said the group. Earlier this month, Volvo

promised investors a SKr10bn (\$1.2bn) share buy-back or redemption following the sale of its car division to Ford of the US for SKr50bn.

The company denied that the phased withdrawal from exchanges in Frankfurt, Tokyo, Brussels, Antwerp, Dusseldorf and Hamburg was linked to the buy-back plan, which requires legislation from the Swedish government. A reduction in the number of separate listings could also make it easier for Volvo to issue new shares to fund an acquisition.

Following the Ford transaction, Leif Johansson, Volvo chief executive, said the group planned to expand aggressively in commercial vehicles. The company has already held abortive takeover talks with Swedish truckmaker Scania in which it has acquired a 13 per cent stake - and made overtures to Navistar, the US truck and bus manufacturer. It is also understood to have made an informal approach to Case, the US manufacturer of

earth-moving equipment and

tractors. Officials close to Case

played down the prospect of an

Volvo shares traded in New

York fell by 3 per cent last

year, while the proportion of

non-Swedish investors fell

from 36 to 38 per cent. Volvo

hopes quitting smaller

exchanges will increase liquid-

ity in New York and London.

Most of the average 1.6m

Volvo shares traded daily

change hands in Stockholm,

where they have been listed

imminent deal.

since 1935.

Largest investor calls for provision to be abandoned about whether Mr Farah's fiveyear contract will be renewed Greenway, a New York investwhen it expires next January. ment parinarship founded by

equity link-up between Star bly in partnership with British

services without any cross- group ... and would form a

It also raises the possibility pany to do it," said Mr Tham-of a bidding war between Star noon.

ber of One World, has indi- son, to advise it on selling as

cated an interest in bidding for much as 23 per cent of the

pariner.

Venator said only that Mr Alfred Kingsley and Gary Dubforce the group to abandon a Farah was "currently in diserstein, has made similarly cussions with the board". aggressive moves at US Shoe. In a filing with the Securi-Unisys and Outboard Marine. ties and Exchange Commission Venator would not comment last week, Greenway said it

on Greenway's proposal. might nominate its own candi-Venator, which owns the dates for election to Venator's Foot Locker chain and has 6,000 stores, has been one of the few US retailers not to

Airline alliance seeks stake in Thai carrier

Airways, another One World

a stake in Thai as a

consortium or holding com-

On Friday, Thai Airways

selected a group of investment

banks, led by CS First Boston

and Dresdner Kleinwort Ben-

"Star members want to buy

It also threatened to with-According to one New York hold votes from some or all of share in the benefits of a conheadhunter, there are doubts the existing directors who are sumer spending spree. In the

Alliance pariners, who cur-

rently co-operate on schedu-

ling, frequent flyer pro-

grammes and other corporate

Alliance and One World, its

closest competitor among

global airline alliances. Qantas

of Australia, a founding mem-

The move would be the first a stake in Thai Airways, possi- airline either to a strategic

shareholding.

board of directors.

up for re-election in June. last year, its share price has fallen from a peak of \$27% to \$6% on Friday, having touched a low of \$3% in February. haven't been too successful more name recognition."

He added that Greenway objected to the fact that Venator had not sought shareholder approval when it reinstated a poison pill last year. Greenway had objected last year, he said.

announced.

shareholder gains control of more than 20 per cent of the company without its permis-"In the last year they

On Friday, Venator announced that it had renegotlated a \$400m credit agreement with its bank group, giv-

ing it "adequate working capital to execute our 1999 business plan". The bank agreement restricts dividend payments and stock buybacks, however.

partner or via a public share strengthen an alliance or build

offering, or a combination of one," said an investment

"Certainly, whoever buys uled to become a full partner

Airways.

banker who has studied Thai

Other possible bidders

include Swissair and Singa-

pore Airlines, neither of which

are a member of a branded

The other Star Alliance

members are Air Canada,

Scandinavian Airline System

and Varig Brazilian Airlines.

All Nippon Airways is sched-

global airline alliance.

later this year.

Venator faces battle over 'poison pill'

Designed with fish: Not a suit in sight at Gucci's spring collection

Under the provision, if any

sion, the other investors' shares convert at a rate of 20 to one to dilute the holding of the potential predator.



a luxury conglomerate to challenge LVMH.

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#### MARKET STATISTICS 22 22 Foreion exchange must landing rates Dow 12,000, 16,000 or more Renchmerk 60% bor within two or five years.

24,25 Last year's brief period of nastiness is already being tunds service consigned to history as the bear market that passed in a blink of the eye, clearing the 21 ind bond issues way for an all-new bull 31 20 Stock markets at a glance run. But if that is the

making a sustained

reakthrough.

**RICHARD WATERS** GLOBAL INVESTOR **Diminishing** forces case, what will provide the Will 10.000 turn out to be a

ceiling or a springboard? Last momentum? week it was the former; the stock market bumped its head the second half of this decade

against a five-digit Dow Jones has been characterised by two Industrial Average without things: rising corporate earnings and falling long-term bond yields, with declining yields becoming the more The general view on Wall Street, though, is that it will important factor of the two in the later stages. Neither force is likely to be quickly become a springboard.

The talk last week was all of as powerful in the months The shrinking pool of companies that can promise to deliver double-digit increases in earnings has already produced a distinct narrowing of the stock market. Ever-more money is being switched to

The big stock market rally of records.

Butflatt

takeover In fact, it has become second-nature. Talking privately last week, one

back the winners, leaving a growing herd of also-rans to fumble along in the shadow of new stock market Also, what earnings there

are may become of more dubious quality - a point aptly made last week by Warren It has become too easy for companies to bend the accounting rules to plump up their earnings, particularly

when they are involved in American executive said he expected a rival company's will take effect.

stock to perform well after its latest acquisition: "The accountants almost guarantee you will make the numbers in the first year." Needless to say, this executive's company had done a fair number of deals of its own in recent VERUS. It remains the fact that part of the 1990s earnings "miracle" was produced by lower interest charges and falling tax rates. If these have run their course, the rate at which

both. No sale date has been

Mr Thamnoon said Star had

resolved to buy the stake at its

last board meeting. Currently,

7 per cent of Thai Airways

shares are listed on the Thai

stock market and the govern-

ment owns 93 per cept. That

government stake will be

reduced to no less than 70 per

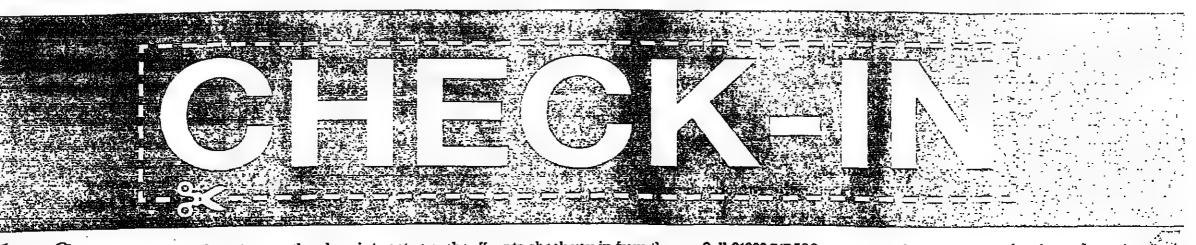
into Thai is looking to

corporate profits rise will necessarily be slower. The bond market, meanwhile, seems unlikely to lend a hand. Long-term interest rates have risen three quarters of a point from their crisis-induced lows and the conditions that produced such a demand for US Treasury bonds may be passing. It is clearly too early to tell if this year's spring-time hopes for Asia prove more lasting than those of last year, or how quickly the restructuring of Japanese finance and business

However, even if the world earlier action. But it remains is not on the verge of some the case that short-term rates broad economic recovery let alone a pick-up in global inflation - it may be experiencing what Jeffrey Applegate at Lehman Brothers calls "a diminution of cyclical deflation". The worst, for now, is over. Over the long run, perhaps, the US could not live with the imbalances created by an imploding Asia and a staggering Latin America, but over the short run it has proved highly conducive to low interest rates, soaring domestic demand and a booming stock market that has added \$5,000bn to share prices in just two years. The signs of a turnaround in Asia and the blip in energy and other commodities prices, may be signalling that this period is coming to an end. even if a burst of inflation is not yet around the corner. For now, the Fed has seen fit

were cut to their present level in the throes of a financial market crisis last year. The present structure of US interest rates was conceived to halt a financial crisis that was threatening to spiral out of control, not to deal with a world on the verge of an economic recovery. The emergency liquidity pumped into the world financial system last autumn was meant to buoy the submerging economies of Asia and Latin America, not add to the swelling tide surging through the US stock market. If the emergency remedy has worked, then US share prices may lose one of their strongest supports. "This could be the first year for a while when the stock market does not get a tailwind from falling interest rates - in fact, interest rates are turning into a beadwind," says Martin

to let the market do its job, as Barnes, an economist at rising long-term rates have Bank Credit Analyst in forestalled the need for official Montreal.



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#### **COMPANIES & FINANCE**

#### **Doubts over EU pension test case** 3i seeks

#### By Jane Martinson and Nicholas Timmins

16

A group of multinational companies is planning a fresh attempt to pave the way for the creation of pan- ing vehicle which could European pension funds achieve the same objectives with a European Court of Justice test case.

The latest moves over EU tax discrimination are part of a twin-track approach. with multinationals and European pension providers divided about the right strat-

While some companies

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Federation for Retirement Provision - a Brussels-based lobby group ~ is hoping to persuade the European Comcult to operate. mission to back a new fundthe firm, said 10 multinationwithout antagonising als had signed up so far. taking on national tax case. national tax authorities.

Legal costs are likely only to Earlier efforts to set up a Pan-European Pension Asso-(\$330.000), according to Ruth ciation foundered because of Goldman, head of pensions national disagreements and the unwillingness of multi- And a study carried out by costly in the short term, national companies to fight consultants Watson Wyatt whatever the long-term the issue publicly. Now Wiland others three years ago liam Mercer, the internapredicted average savings of believe a European Court of tional benefits consultancy. 25 basis points of assets held Justice test case is the best is seeking 20 companies to if tax laws were changed.

way forward, the European share the costs of a case For large companies such as after complaints that Pepa which would challenge the BP/Amoco this would mean was marked by an tax laws which make cross- annual savings of tens of border funds extremely diffimillions of pounds.

But while the costs of the Geoffrey Furlonger, a action are small and the port. Even so, one company Brussels-based consultant at potential savings large, multinationals remain wary of authorities over the issue. be in the region of £200.000 They fear that they may face less favourable discretionary decisions in their day to day at the lawyers Linklaters. business which might prove savings if a test case proved successful.

The Mercer plan offers supporters anonymity and,

Anglo-Saxon confrontational approach, is seeking the

widest possible base of supwill have to go into the firing line to provide the test

Meanwhile, the EFRP has proposed to the European Commission a scheme which would allow multinationals to administer and regulate cross-border funds in one jurisdiction while submitting to a variety of national tax laws. The plan is to win over member states who fear loss

of tax revenues.

#### to charm Electra holders

By Katharine Campbell, Growing **Business Correspondent** 

3i, the venture capital group making a £1.25bn (\$2.03bn) hostile bid for rival Electra Investment Trust, will this week launch a charm offensive with Electra's main institutional shareholders. Brian Larcombe, chief executive of 3i, is likely to face questions on the fate of Electra Fleming, the trust's manager, which is a 50/50 joint venture with Robert Fleming, the investment bank. Institutions want to know whether 3i will be able to retain the Electra Fleming

David Erskine, investment director at Standard Life Investments, said he would be asking what 3i plans to do with Electra's portfolio. "We don't know if the people there will stay. 3i would be buying the assets, but it is the Electra team that knows

them best industry observers say differences in remuneration and investment style suggest senior staff would not want to work for 3L However, Mr Larcombe disagreed and denied a claim by Electra that it had made approaches to individual executives which had been rebuffed.

"I can't say every single executive will want to join but I happen to know some do," he said. Mr Larcombe said he could

not predict how any integration might work. However, he added: "If you ask me if it will be a boutique trans-

In the wind-up plan Electra has proposed as an alternative to the 31 bid, it will pay Flemings £30m for its stake, but added it would write down the total value of its holding by that amount. Meanwhile, Electra yesterday hit back at 31 which has cast doubt on its latest net asset value, updated to 786p as at February 28. "The idea that 31 has an intimate

knowledge of our portfolio is 52-week high of 142%p. frankly laughable.

#### COMMENT London Underground

Political fudges produce strange hybrid creatures. The part-privatisation of the London Underground's infrastructure is a case in point. It has the body of a massive Private Finance Initiative project, and the head of a regulated utility. How attractive will this be to the providers of debt and equity - stumping up nearly £7bn of investment over 15 cears?

Traditional lenders to PFI projects will be used to the welter of contracts specifying what the infrastructure companies must deliver in return for fixed payments. They may not feel so comfortable with the regulatory risk. The government's plan is for these contracts to be reviewed after seven years, to accommodate changes in the government's investment wish-list. Across the negotiating table from the infrastructure companies will be the "client", the state-owned operator of the Tube lines under the authority of a London mayor. If the two sides clash, an "arbiter" will bang heads together. Lenders may fear an unfavourable re-writing of the rules, and may insist on shorter-term debt.

Of course, regulatory risk is not so scary for investors who piled into the privatisation of UK utilities. They will like the regulatory light touch the government is proposing. Unlike the utilities' frequent battles with regulators over returns, the London Underground consortia will bid in a specific rate of return, which they get to keep throughout their 30-year CONCESSIONS.

The worry is that the private sector will be hemmed in by bureaucratic public-sector operator wanting to impose inappropriate engineering standards and procedures. Rows between the two will matter: the infrastructure companies will need the operator's say-so for routine things like getting access to stations.

Yet the government's plans can be made to look more attractive. The pill to landers could be sweetened by government retaining more risk for things like tunnel collapse. The residual risk, though, means these consortia are unlikely to

be as highly geared as PFI bids. Out go the 15 per cent-plus returns earned on slithers of PFI equity; in come duller utility-style returns for equity investors. Financiers will seize on the problems in the government's

plans. They want a good deal. The problems are there, but the government has one ace up its sleeve: past privatisations have delivered bonanzas to investors. No-one wants to be caught short again.

**BT** expectations of cable sales fade

planted into 3i, the answer is

#### British Telecommunications's hopes ofraising interest in the sale of its two cable television franchises have been dealt a blow after some of the biggest UK cable companies decided they were not interested in bidding. The European Commission

told BT it had to sell its cable networks in Westminster, London and Milton Keynes, Buckinghamshire. to participate in Open, an Interactive television venture with British Sky Broad-

#### casting, HSBC Holdings and

But both Cable & Wireless 🝯 Communications and Telewest Communications have failed to express an interest. CWC had been viewed as the favourite to bid. .

Of the three biggest UK operators, only NTL has signalled an interest. The others have been deterred by the fact that they would only be able to offer cable television - not telephony. Traditionally, cable operators have driven margins by offering both...

#### Wiseman bid for Amco may prompt milk feud

#### By Maggie Uny

A move by Robert Wiseman Dairies, the Glasgow based milk producer, to acquire Aberdeen Milk (Amco). a dairy farmers' co-operative. may spark a feud in the Scottish milk industry.

If the bid succeeds, and talks are understood to be close to concluding, it would enable Wiseman to the up the bid is rumoured to be virtually all the dairy farmers in the Aberdeen area. preventing them from supplying other dairles. This could annoy other Scottish milk processors, notably Claymore, basedabout 80 miles from Aberdeen.

Wiseman has over 80 per cent of the Scottish milk milk and cheese. Last market since its acquisition of Scottish Pride from receiv- the Leicester-based milk proers two years ago. Amco is cessor, paid £2.2m for a 51 one of its significant raw per cent stake in Claymore's from April 1.

Amoo has 120 farmer members, producing 90m litres annually. Wiseman buys 98 per cent of that milk, which accounts forabout 15 per cent of its milk purchases. Wiseman argues that since it already buys nearly all the milk the deal should not be controversial. The value of

milk suppliers, providing liquid milk division.

about £1m. However, that argument may not be persuasive to Claymore. This is the proronme cessing arm of the North of Scotland Milk Co-operative

Society, another dairy farmer grouping, which turns raw milk into liquid December Express Dairies,

milk for its Aberdeen dairy. Express aims to develop Claymore's Highland Fresh brand of milk, and has invested in extra processing capacity, and a depot in Coatbridge, central Scotland. The aim is to sell milk into the more heavily populated central Scottish belt, which Wiseman's heartland.

The spat is further evidence of the need for rationalisation in the industry, and the difficulty of doing deals in a highly competitive envi-

Meanwhile, Milk Marque, the dairy farmers' co-operative which supplies more than half the milk used in England and Wales, is believed to bave reached agreement with its custom-The prices will take effect

Rugby ponders future of joinery unit

#### By Thoroid Barker

Rugby, the building full-year results on March 30. materials group, is considering the sale of its joinery business to focus on its core cement operations. Analysts believe a sale could fetch up for £96m. to £300m.

Peter Johnson, chief exectrated oncement operations utive, is expected to in Australia and the UK.

announce plans for the producer after Blue Circle ery division fell by 19 per future of business with the Industries and Castle The move would follow the Cement. sale of Pioneer Plastics Cor-Difficult trading condi- \$2.5m. In December, the poration, its non-core lamitions in Boulton & Paul, the nates division, in December UK joinery business, were behind a profits warning in It would leave it concen-December, when 400 job cuts were announced

group said it did not expect UK joinery profits in the second half to exceed those in the first. The joinery businessis In the six months to June expected to account for

Alan Wit

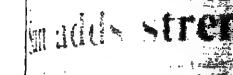
where it is the third biggest 30, turnover in the UK joinabout 70 per cent of Rugby's £1.03bn turnover in 1998. cent to £93m, cutting operat-Operating profits are expecing profits by 40 per cent to ted to be about £33m, out of £77m.

n. reflects on the Amco bid

Jason Orton

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#### By Cathy Newman



## An excellent financial performance despite volatile market conditions

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (Audiced)

	1998	1997	Change
EARNINGS (US\$ millions)		·. · .·*	· · · · · ·
Net income after Tax	. 82.1	86.4	- 5.0%
Net Interest Revenue	. 115.3	109.6	+ 5.2%
Other Income	49.2	54.0	- 8.9%
Operating Expenses	52.9	· 46.7	+ 13.3%
FINANCIAL POSITION (US\$ millions)		,	
Total Assets	10,209.0	9,523,9	+ 7.2%
Loans,	4,000.7	3,478.7	+ 15.0%
Investment Securities	3,229.6	3,047.0	+ 6.0%
Shareholders' Equity	731.0	693,9	+ 5.3%
RATIOS (%)		•	
Return on Shareholders' Equity	. 11.2	12.5	
Return on Assets	0.8	·0,9	
BIS Risk Asset Ratio	11.3	12.0	
Shareholders' Equity as % of Total Assets	7.2	7.3	
Liquid Assets Ratio	59.1	61.6	
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#### Net Income after deduction of a US\$30 million credit loss provision was \$82.1 million, representing an 11.2 per cent year-end return on Shareholders' Equity, while Total Assets grew by \$685.1 million to \$10,209 million at the 1998 year end.

The excellent financial performance reflects the Bank's strategic focus and its core strengths and is particularly commendable in view of the volatile market environment witnessed during the second half of the year. A prudent, professional and disciplined

approach to risk taking and an emphasis on asset quality, liquidity and risk diversification helped to protect the Bank from the market turbulence.

With the merger with Saudi International Bank, headquartered in London, GIB looks forward to providing a broader range of products and services to its customers and thereby enhancing and diversifying the Bank's revenues.

The audited financial statements are available upon request from the Public Relations

Division at GIB's Head Office. Gulf International Bank B.s.c.

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#### Schneider SA Notice of Meeting General Meeting of holders of SQUARE D Convertible bonds

Holders of Square D 2% 2003 bonds convertible into Schneider SA shares are invited to attend a General Meeting of Boncholders on Wedneeday, April 7, 1999 at 10:00 a.m. at the headquarters of Compagnie Financière de CIC et de l'Union Européenne, 4, rue Galilion, 75002 Paris. The agenda of the meeting is as follows:

Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors.

 Approval of the waiver of Schneider SA shareholders' preemptive right to subscribe shares with a maximum aggregate per value of EUR 750 million to be issued on redemption, conversion, exchange or exercise of warrants or other share equivalents, subject to waiver of these rights by the General Meeting of Schneider SA shareholders.

 Approval of the 28-month authorization sought by the Board of Directors to issue shares, stock warrants or other securities. without pre-emptive subscription rights, with a maximum per or face value of EUR 1.5 billion, subject to approval of this authorization by the General Meeting of Schnelder SA shareholders. The maximum aggregate par value of the shares to be issued directly or on redemption, conversion, exchange or exercise of warrants or other share equivalents will be limited to EUR 750 million.

 Approval of the authorization acuight by the Board of Directors to grant stock options to the management and key employees of Schneider SA and its subsidiaries, subject to approval of this authorization by the General Meeting of Schneider SA shareholders. The number of shares to be purchased or subscribed on exercise of the options, excluding cancelled options, will not exceed 5% of the capital. Shareholders will waive their pre-emptive right to subscribe shares issued on exercise of options.

#### · Powers to carry out formalities.

#### All boncholders are entitled to attend the General Meeting.

To attend the meeting or vote by proxy, holders of bearer bonds will be required to provide proof of their identity and ownership of the bonds at least five days prior to the date of the meeting. To this end, they should obtain a certificate from their banker, broker or other intermediary confirming their title to the bonds and stating that the bonds have been placed in a blocked account to prevent their sale prior to the meeting.

If the quorum is not met at the meeting, it will be called again on Wednesday, April 21. 1999 at 10:00 a.m. at the same venue.

The Board of Directors

GROUPE SCHNEIDER 1 Merin Gerin 1 Modicon # Square D 2 Tel

#### THE EMERGING MARKETS STRATEGIC FUND Registered Office: 69, route d'Esch, R.C. Luxembourg : B-28.252

#### ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

of shareholders of our company, which will take place at the registered office of Banque Internationale & Luxembourg, 69. route d'Esch, L-1470 Luxembourg, on April 1st, 1999 at 11.00 a.m. for the purpose of considering and voting

SICAV

L-1470 Luxem

- Submission of the Reports of the Board of Directors and of the Auditor; Approval of the Statement of Net Assets and of the Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the year ended as at December 31st, 1998;
   Allocation of the net results;

s are hereby convened to attend the

- 4. Discharge to the Directors;
- 5. Statutory Appointments;

Shareholders are advited that no quorum is required for the items of the agenda of the Annual General Meeting and that decisions will be taken at the rity of the votes expressed by the sh the Meeting.

in order to attend the Meeting the owners of bearer shares have to deposit their shares five clear days before the Meeting at the offices of Banque internationale à Luxembourg, 69, route d'Esch, L-1470 Luxembourg.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTOR

#### Appointments Advertising

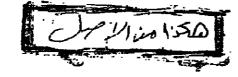
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Financial Times



#### **COMPANIES & FINANCE**

#### Battle for BNP tests the regulatory taboos

The proposed three-way French banking merger is being scrutinised 'in the national interest' writes Robert Graham

he Bank of France has and others at the finance banks," says a senior French been confronted with a ministry have been studying banker. "How can the Bank regulatory nightmare as the dossier.

a result of the proposed three-way merger between Banque Nationale de Paris. Paribas and Société Génerale, which will create the country's biggest banking group. tive merits of the offers The merger must obtain

the approval of the credit tions are found, withholding institutions committee approval would be seen in (Cecei), which vets all new essentially political terms. banking entities and is pre-sided over by Jean-Claude The powerful ministry of finance is also represented Trichet, the governor of the on the committee by a senior Bank of France. This nortreasury official, and denymally mundane vetting proing the validity of BNP's bid cess has been complicated would highlight the French by the size of the deal and authorities' Interventionist because Paribas and SG reflexes at a time when the regard the BNP approach as euro is forcing the pace of hostile while they are press-ing ahead with their own bank concentration and shareholder value amicable merger. beginning to take root in

The sensitivity of the issue was highlighted by an unprecedented joint statement from the ministry of finance and Bank of France when the BNP bid was unveiled on March 10.

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Invoking the "national will have accepted the prininterest" the authorities said ciple of a hostile bid in the they would "scrutinise the strategic financial sector. impact of the bid on the This in turn would have proper functioning of the important consequences for French banking and finanthe shape of French banking. cial system". "Giving the green light to

France.

However, if BNP's plans to

create a French national

champion are given the

go-ahead against the

Since then, a dozen officials at the Bank of France will open the door to foreign synergies and overlaps in

of France accept BNP's hos-A decision is due this tile offer and then say "no" week but it could be slightly to the foreign banks waiting delayed against the backin the wings to enter the ground of an increasingly French market?" he added. shrill war of words among The French financial the banks over the respecestablishment firmly believes the consolidation of Whatever technical objecthe banking system should take place under national control.

Nevertheless, allowing a hostile bid between French banks to proceed breaks a taboo and gives foreign banks an excuse to show their infinitely deeper pockets. either by offering themselves as white knights or making their own hostile approaches.

be issue is further complicated because the credit committee has already approved last month's friendly merger of Paribas and SG. Approval went ahead without appar-

is

declared opposition of Parient fuss, although the combas and SG, the regulators mittee never comments on its decisions. Among the technical aspects of "prudential assessment" being considered by the committee are the solidity of the merged group, the quality of the suggestions for improvethis hostile bid inevitably management, the projected

ments.



Bank of France chief Jean-Claude Trichet is vetting the bid

domestic and foreign Mr Trichet, as director genoperations, plus projections eral of the treasury, played a for profitability. The commediating role in the first hostile bid in the financial mittee also examines the impact on jobs. sector when Georges Péber-So far, BNP has spelt out eau, elder brother of Michel little detail - potably about Pébereau, the current head the nature of the manageof BNP. tried in vain to gain ment structure or how the control of SG. different identities of the Mr Trichet's conduct will three banks would be mainbe even more closely scrutintained. Nor is it clear how ised now because of his poslthe committee can take at tion as the designated future face value BNP's promise of governor of the European tob protection when the mar-Central Bank once the single kets have welcomed its hid currency is full introduced in the expectation of labour in 2002 Most bankers say it will be hard for the committee to

In his capacity as chair man of the committee, Mr deny BNP approval and dis-Trichet can hold discreet allow its bld from being fully contacts with the respective tested by shareholders. But such a decision will raise the banks to see if the bid might stakes in the bid battle and be turned amicable or make accelerate the opening up of the once closed French bank-

savings.

Interestingly, a decade ago ing system.

#### Pernod expects move on Orangina

#### By John Willman, Germanian Industries Editor

Pernod Ricard, the world's fifth largest drinks group, said it expected the French government to lift its veto on on the sale of its Oranging soft drink business to Coca-Cola, which was blocked last year as anticompetitive.

The French group said it had also decided to sell its Yoo-Hoo milk drink, which has sales of \$116m a year in the US. This follows a review of options by J.P. Morgan the investment bank.

Patrick Ricard, chairman and chief executive, said the company had produced a shortlist of bidders for Yoo-Hoo, which Pernod had originally acquired to boost distribution of Oranguna in the US. He expected a sale within a few weeks.

He was speaking as the group announced a 5.4 per cent increase in pre-tax profit last year to FFr2.06bn (€314m, \$343m) and a 3.6 pe cent dividend rise to €1.5. Sales before duty were FFr20.58bn. up 8 per cent. largely due to growth in sales of drinks including Jameson's Irish whiskey. Havana Club white rum and Wild Turkey bourbon, as well as its trademark pastis aniseed drinks.

Mr Ricard said the group wanted to acquire other brands to put through its distribution network, particularly those with export potential to other markets. Even before the sale of Orangina and Yoo-Hoo, it could afford to spend FFr14bn.

He believed Coke would succeed in its appeal against the government's veto on the Orangina acquisition when it is heard by the State Council on April 8.

However, he expected the sale would bring in less than the FFrabn offered by Coke last year, since Pernod would keep Orangina's ontrade business to protect the position of Pepsi-Cola, which it also distributes to bars, restaurants and fast-food outlets.

#### NEWS DIGEST

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TELECOMMUNICATIONS

#### Swisscom withdraws from overseas ventures

Swisscom, the recently privatised Swiss telecoms company, has abandoned two of its most ambitious overseas ventures by withdrawing from investments in mobile telephone operators in India and Malaysia. It is writing off the investments at a cost of SFr519m (\$355m) in its 1998 accounts. Swisscom has also lost SFr212m on other affiliated investments, primarily a holding in Unisource, an international telecoms operator. It is discussing the "repositioning" of Unisource with its partners, Telia Sweden and KPN Telecom of the Netherlands.

Last year Swisscom earned SFr1.55bn compared with a loss of SFr415m in 1997, when results were depressed by heavy restructuring costs ahead of privatisation. However, the 1008 methods and a statemethod to be statemethod to be statemethod. the 1998 results are well below the 1996 net income of SFr1.83bn and the main reason is the group's ill-fated international strategy, which was begun under the previous management.

Swisscom has refocused its international operations to concentrate on expanding into countries bordering on Switzerland. Total revenues grew 6.3 per cent in 1998 to SFr10.46bn and earnings before interest and tax rose 39.8 per cent, to SFr2.85m. The group will report its full 1998 results on April 14. William Hall, Zurich

#### ETHYLENE

#### Chinese plant stops production

A large ethylene plant in southern China has stopped production after only three months because of sluggish demand, cash-flow and debt problems, an official newspaper has said. The \$960m Guangzhou Ethylene Plant, which was built by Guangzhou city authorities and the China National Petrochemical Corp. was 90 per cent financed by debt, the China Petrochemical News said. It has now been put under the trusteeship of the Guangzhou Petrochemical Co, while its future is deliberated. James Kynge, Beijing

#### CHEMICALS

#### German group sees upturn

Henkel, the German specialty chemicals group, has said it expects sales and earnings to rise in 1999, despite modest business activity so far in the year. But it said the difficult global conditions might force it to postpone its goals for 2000, for which it sees 4.5 per cent net return on sales.

Henkel said it expected sales to rise to DM22bn (€11.2bn, \$12.3bn) this year, after growing 6 per cent to DM21.3bn in 1998 from DM20.1bn in 1997. Henkel said the sales increase was due to internal growth and firsttime consolidations, while currency effects were slightly negative. In 1998, operating profit rose 13 per cent to DM1.55bn from DM1.37bn in 1997.

Henkel had already announced core preliminary earnings data in February, Hans-Dietrich Winkhaus, Henkel chairman, said on Friday that the company did not plan to create any more separate business units. Early in February, Henkel announced that it would combine its specialty chemical products in a separate legal unit named Cognis. Cognis, which still needs shareholder approval, will have roughly DM5bn in sales and 10,000 employees worldwide. Uta Hamiechfeger, Frankfurt

#### Sun adds strength to Symbian venture

By Christopher Price in Hanover

of mobile devices.

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year. The US group will use its Java software along with The Symbian communications alliance received its Symbian's Epoc operating second big boost in less than system as the basis of a a week when Sun Microsysrange of smart devices that will harness the communicatems, the US computer manufacturer, signed up as a tions capabilities of mobile partner to support the move phones to the power of hand towards an industry stan--held computers. dard for the next generation Epoc has been the operat-

ing system behind Psion's The addition of Sun to the range of hand-held comput-Symbian venture, which is ers. Last week it emerged owned by Nokia, Ericsson, that NTT, the Japanese tele-Motorola and Psion, is the coms group, had also become most significant move since a partner of Symbian. The sumer's physical portal.

Psion's share price as NTT gives Symbian a foothold in the Japanese market. Sun's decision to link with Symbian will put further pressure on Microsoft, the US software group, which had hoped to make its CE operating system as powerful in the consumer market its first phone to use the as Windows 98 is for desktop computer.

Colly Myers, chief executive of Symbian, said its devices would be the con-

**VA Technologie AG Annual Report 1998** 

the alliance was formed last news prompted a jump in allowing access to services. to harness the full attributes Besides Java, Symbian prod- of Java and Epoc are expecucts will also be able to harted to be launched towards ness other networking stan- the end of the year. Symbian dards, such as Sun's Jini, receives a licence fee for Wireless Application Protoevery device sold. col and Bluetooth. Scott McNealy, chairman

Epoc-based devices are and chief executive of Sun, already beginning to emerge. said the Symbian alliance Last week Ericsson unveiled was addressing a smart -phone market estimated at operating system, and it has 40m users by 2005. switched its hand-held com-Separately, Psion last puters from CE to Epoc week unveiled prototypes for -based Paion Series 5 two new mini-notebooks. models.

which are due to be However, the first devices launched later this year.



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VA Technologie AG is a technology-based engineering group based in Austria. The Group is active worldwide as a systems supplier in Metallurgical Engineering,

Energy and Environmental Engineering and Plant Engineering and Services.

#### Business Development in 1998

In 1998 VA TECH showed growth in turnover and turnover plue changes in inventory. The Group has been able to increase its order intake despite the Asian crisis. Result was influenced by a lower financial result and restructurings in conventional thermal power generation and In piping systems. These restructurings are completed.

#### VA TECH Group Areas

#### Metallurgical Engineering

Modernisation and plant automation are developing into key success factors in metallurgical engineering. Through the technological leadership in these areas VA TECH Metallurgical Engineering is well prepared for the future. 72 % of the 1998 order intake were modernisation orders, 28 % were orders for new plants. To further strengthen the automation sector, the US company Digital Interface Systems has been acquired in 1998. The most important orders booked in 1998 were a FINMET plant for Orinoco Iron C. A. (Venezuela), a cold rolling mill for Bethlehem Steel (USA) or the modernisation of a steelworks at Donawitz (Austria) for VA Stahl.

#### Energy and Environmental Engineering

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in 1998 VA TECH acquired the profitable power transmission and distribution group of Rolls-Royce plc, UK. This step represents the realisation of VA TECH's growth strategy in the power transmission and distribution sector. The acquisition means a nearly 100 % increase in business volume in this sector and the addition of matching key technologies. VA TECH now holds the top 4 global position in high voltage power transmisalon and distribution.

in early February 1999 a contract with Deutsche Babcock concerning the transfer of the area conventional thermal power generation in a joint venture with Babcock Borsig Power has been signed. VA TECH holds a 10 % share of this joint venture. At the same time an agreement has been concluded concerning the takeover of the water systems activities of Deutsche Babcock (business volume ATS 2.2bn, 600 people) by VA TECH. This acquisition places the VA TECH water systems business area among the world's top 4 suppliers.

#### Plant Engineering and Services

As in previous years the main part of orders was taken in from Western Europe (80 %). This Group Area showed strong growth, which was mainly due to the excellent business development in Electrical Plant Engineering. In 1998 EZ Praha, the leading Czech electrotechnical plantbuilder with a profitable business volume of ATS 1.4bn and 1,300 employees has been acquired, which means a significant strengthening of VA TECH's market position.

#### Objectives and outlook

In a continuing difficult global market environment modernisation, automation, services and financing will become the most important success factors.

Due to the completed restructurings and strategic acquisitions VA TECH expects a stable order intake as well as a growth of over 20 % in earnings per share according to IAS in 1999.

During the following years VA TECH plans to achieve an average growth of 5-10 % (organic and through acquisitions) in business volume and results. The growth in business volume will largely be determined by the realisation of acquisitions in core business areas.

	1998	19 <b>97</b>	Change in %
	in milli	on Euro	
Order intake	3,273	3,204	2
Order backlog as at 31. 12.	6,243	6,229	0
Turnover	2,914	2,792	4
Turnover plus changes in inventory	3,536	3,192	11
Profit from ordinary activities	113	134	- 15
Extra ordinary expenditure	·· - 92 .	- 17	
Taxes	53	- 7	
	in	Euro	
Earnings per share	7.51	6.98	7
Dividend per share')	2.4	2.3	1
Employees (average for year)	19,661	17,986	9

") Proposal to AGM . . .

Key VA TECH financial data is available on diskette and on the Internet under our homepage. If you are interested in receiving the diskette, our CD-ROM on the Group, our Annual Report 1998, further information or an invitation to our shareholder events, please contact:

#### VA Technologie AG

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**COMPANIES & FINANCE** 

#### Thai AMC buys debt at big discount German bank

By Ted Bardacke in Bangkok

The Thai government's auctions and greater than analysts had expected. Asset Management Corporation (AMC) was the big winner in an auction of \$5bn in bad debt seized from 56 ding on behalf of Gamma finance companies that went bankrupt in 1997. It bought loans for Bt996m, Lehman approximately Bt185.4bn Brothers bought Bt3.22bn of (\$4.95bn) worth of business loans for Bt31bn.

By Gwan Robinson in Sydney

conditions for corporate

bond issuers in Australia

and historically low yields

\$600m debt programme.

issues seemed favourable,

with corporate finances

healthy and business expan-

central bank said these posi-

tive supply conditions

seemed to be matched by an

encouraging demand-side

outlook, as funds under

management in Australia

continue to grow strongly

ston prospects promising.

Favourable

market

Among private sector bidders, Goldman Sachs, bid-Capital, bought Bt6.22bn of loans for Bi457m and Starwood, a joint US-Thai ventribute these notes to credi-Overall, the government's ture specialising in distors of the shuttered finance tressed assets, bought companies. As the largest

Financial Sector Restructuring Authority (FRA) sold Bt3.24bn of loans for Bt681m. creditor by far to these com-Bt221.5bn of assets for All three of these bidders panles is the Thai central had already purchased loans bank, the state will still Bt40.32bn, a discount rate of

82 per cent that was far from the FRA last year. higher than in previous FRA But the near-sweep of the of carrying these loans and managing and disposing of auction by the AMC, prevented from participating in earlier FRA auctions. amounts to little more than years, giving the governreshuffling had deht between government agencies. The AMC will pay the FRA a recovery in asset prices, for its debt with promissory while the FRA was criticised notes and the FRA will dis-

INTERNATIONAL BONDS LOW YIELDS ON GOVERNMENT DEBT AND OFFSHORE ACTIVITY BUOY MARKET

for selling too quickly in a essed market. But the AMC has many detractors. It is , run by Prapet Srisatayakul, a former managing director at Finance One, the largest of

shoulder much of the burden Thailand's collapsed finance companies. It is much less transparent than the FRA and is expected to have loose

The AMC plans to manage rules over debtors who have the loans over about five defaulted buying back their own loans, a practice prohib-By Uta Harnischiege in Frankfurt ited by the FRA. ment a chance to profit from

recent deals, Australia Pos

One critic of the AMC said he worried that the low Klans Goette. supervisory board chairman prices paid would allow the of HypoVereinsbank, Gerency to make easy gains many's second-largest comselling loans back to the mercial hank, resigned at original debtors and then present itself as having benethe weekend to take responfited the taxpayer by sibility for the bank's controversial involvement in realincreasing recovery rates. tate mainess

bid for NIB chairman resigns By Gordon Cramb

#### in Amsterdam

The two largest Dutch pension funds will this week prepare their offer for conthe trol of the country's National Investment Bank (NIB), amid suspicions that they are under pressure to increase the price from the Fl 3.6bn (£1.63bn, \$1.78bn) indicated in December.

The tradable A shares in In October, shortly after NIB ended last week at €31. having changed hands all the merger between Hypomonth above the FI66 Bank and Vereinsbank. (@29.95) that ABP and PGGM HypoVereinsbank set aside a DM3.5bn (€1.79bn. \$1.96bn) said on Christmas Eve they were prepared to pay. provision to cover overval

Their bid was backed by ned real-estate investments, NIB management and by the mostly in former East state, which has 35 per cent of the A shares. But ING, the banking and insurance group which with 20 per cent s the second largest shareholder, has refused to make

> its position clear. It is not believed that ING, the largest financial group in the Benelux region, is itself planning a bid. ING is seeking instead to expand in other markets of the eurozone and in the US. Heinie Hakker, analyst at

nay imply that ING wants to see more money."

the month.

National Investment Bank Share brice (C)

FINANCIAL TIMES MONDAY MARCH 22 1999

**Funds** prepare

28 24

Dec 98 NAME AND ADDRESS OF

are not at this stage willing to discuss the contents," said Alfred Kool, head of public affairs.

orice movement did not mean the bidders would need to increase the price, pointing out that only some 5 per cent of the A shares were freely traded. The rest are in the hands of local financial groups, including

Fortis and ASR. NIB this month reported a 19 per cent rise in 1998 net profits to Fl 264m and said that growth should be sus-

tained this year. Formerly the state vehicle for financing industry, NIB

ing, venture capital and home mortgages. ABP and PGGM are due to launch the formal offer by the end of

#### in New York, mostly on Nasdaq.

**ITIT in \$41m offering** 

IT International Theatres. Israel's leading cinema operator, raised \$41m on Easdaq. the pan-European stock market for growth companies, at the weekend in an offering that was four times oversubscriberi

The IPO, co-ordinated by day of trading last Friday, Nomura, was the first offerthe shares rose to \$14.60. ing by an Israeli company on Easdag. Easdag has been income of Shk22m (\$5.5m) on revenues of Shk216m last trying to persuade capitalseeking Israeli companies to year, issued the shares to list on the Brussels-based finance its expansion into exchange instead of joining Poland and the Czech 100 Israeli companies listed Republic.

New appetite for Australian issues in recent years, as mortgage 10-veer benchmark fa managers and banks had begun to securitise assets and the corporate market 5.5 bad expanded after pro-

lian corporate bonds. More than A\$3bn 1980s, the RBA said. (US\$1.9bn) in pending issues announced last week gathared pace on Thursday, with ANZ Investment Bank pricing \$350m of debt securities, Westpac Banking launching a \$200m public Eurobond and a rating of Arnotts'

Wednesday, Nordic Invest-

domestic medium-term note programme worth A\$2bn. Merrill Lynch International in its March bulletin, the (Australia) arranged the programme and will be lead manager, with ABN Amro. Warburg Dillon Read and Westpac Banking as dealers. NIB said it would soon announce an inaugural MTN tranche under the "kangaroo bond" (the sector for foreign issuers in the Australian five Nordic countries. domestic market) documen-

to dwindle. "Accordingly, there may tation. Given the decline in be grounds for guarded opti- supply of Australian governmism that private bond markets will grow further, with potential for turnover to rise from its current low rate," the RBA said. It noted that both asset-

backed and corporate bond markets had grown rapidly necessary steps to include comfortable that interest

on Australian government bonds have fuelled a recent to the growing focus among surge in activity in Austracompanies on reducing gearing ratios from the unsustainable levels of the late Asset-backed bonds amounted to about A\$19bn at the end of last June, having doubled in the past two years, while corporate debt had doubled to about A\$20bn since 1995, it said. In domestic debt activities. Reserve Bank of Australia off-shore companies have said last week the outlook played a big role. On for Australian private bond

longed weakness in the early 1990s. This was mainly due

ment Bank launched a Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's, is a multilat-

and the public sector debt market is likely to continue ment paper, it said it intended to establish recognition by issuing liquid MTN

tranches in different maturithe bank, also attributed the ties, market conditions permitting. NIB said it would also take

3.5

Sep rates are going to stay low applicable MTN tranches in various bond indices. It sent or even fall further, and histeam to Australia in torically these are very low November to meet more levels on governments and than 40 institutional invessemi-governments, therefore tors to discuss conditions for

ANZ investment Bank said

corporate spreads were tight

compared with swaps, and

"therefore there are issuers

around". Jeremy Colless,

head of securities trading at

surge in corporate activity to

"If people are reasonably

conomic conditions.

people are keen to try to its issue. The bank, whose pick up a bit of extra in vield long-term debt is rated AAA/ and they're looking to extend into the corporate market." Mr Colless said the eral institution owned by the surge was a sign of a "more nature market".

"There are more sophisticated investors and there's a greater understanding of credit risk and therefore there are people more willing to move out of the traditional government and semigovernment markets into the lower-rated corporate bond market."

demand.

In some of the biggest

Germany. The provision led prosecu delivered its long awaited tors to investigate former fund-raising on the Australian domestic bond market managers at Hypo-Bank, last Wednesday, partly who were believed to have reflecting the strong demand extended property loans for issues by the Commonwithout arranging the neces wealth Bank of Australia sary valuations. Mr Goette said he had and Sydney Airports. The AAA rated Australia done everything in his Post offered A\$530m in two power to help bring the bank tranches, partly reflecting back into an "urgently

strong institutional interest in its round of roadshows He added that "the well-known incidents in last week. Although Australia Post October 1998 have severely is owned by the government, burdened the merger". its bonds do not carry A HypoVereinsbank an explicit government

nan said Mr Goette's guarantee. signation would pressure At the same time, Raboother former Bayerische Hypotheken- und Wechselbank of the Netherlands formed a dealer panel for its bank managers, narticularly Eberhard Martini, a member A\$5bn domestic MTN programme and said it expected of HypoVereinsbank's super to launch before July. visory board and formerly the chairman of Hypo-Bank.

the offices and private

homes of four former Hypo-

Bank board members no lon-

ger serving on HypoVereins-

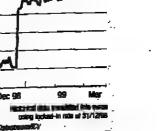
bank's board.

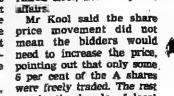
Several other AAA rated to take similar steps. "Mr foreign borrowers have also said they are looking to raise Martini was in charge of the money in Australia, seeking operative business" when a diversity of funding followthe real-estate incidents ing the merging of 11 currenoccurred, the spokesman cies into the euro this year. said. The real-estate incident CBA's own transaction of 2005 maturing transferable has taken the gloss off a merger that was supposed to certificates of deposits was priced on Wednesday at the showcase German banks' tight end of an expected 38 ability to become more cost to 40 basis point yield spread efficient and profitable. range over government Since then, prosecutors bonds. The issue was have repeatedly searched the increased to A\$500m from bank's offices. Last week they searched A\$400m due to strong

Meanwhile, the debut last week of Sydney Airports' 2004 A\$400m transe three times oversubscribed. required state of normality". Metzler Nederland, said: "It

PGGM confirmed at the is active in corporate lendweekend that it and ABP had been in discussions with NIB shareholders including ING.

"There are talks, but we





ITIT issued 3.5m shares at

\$14.25. Including a green-

shoe over-allotment option

of another 375,000 shares, the

offering represented 28 per

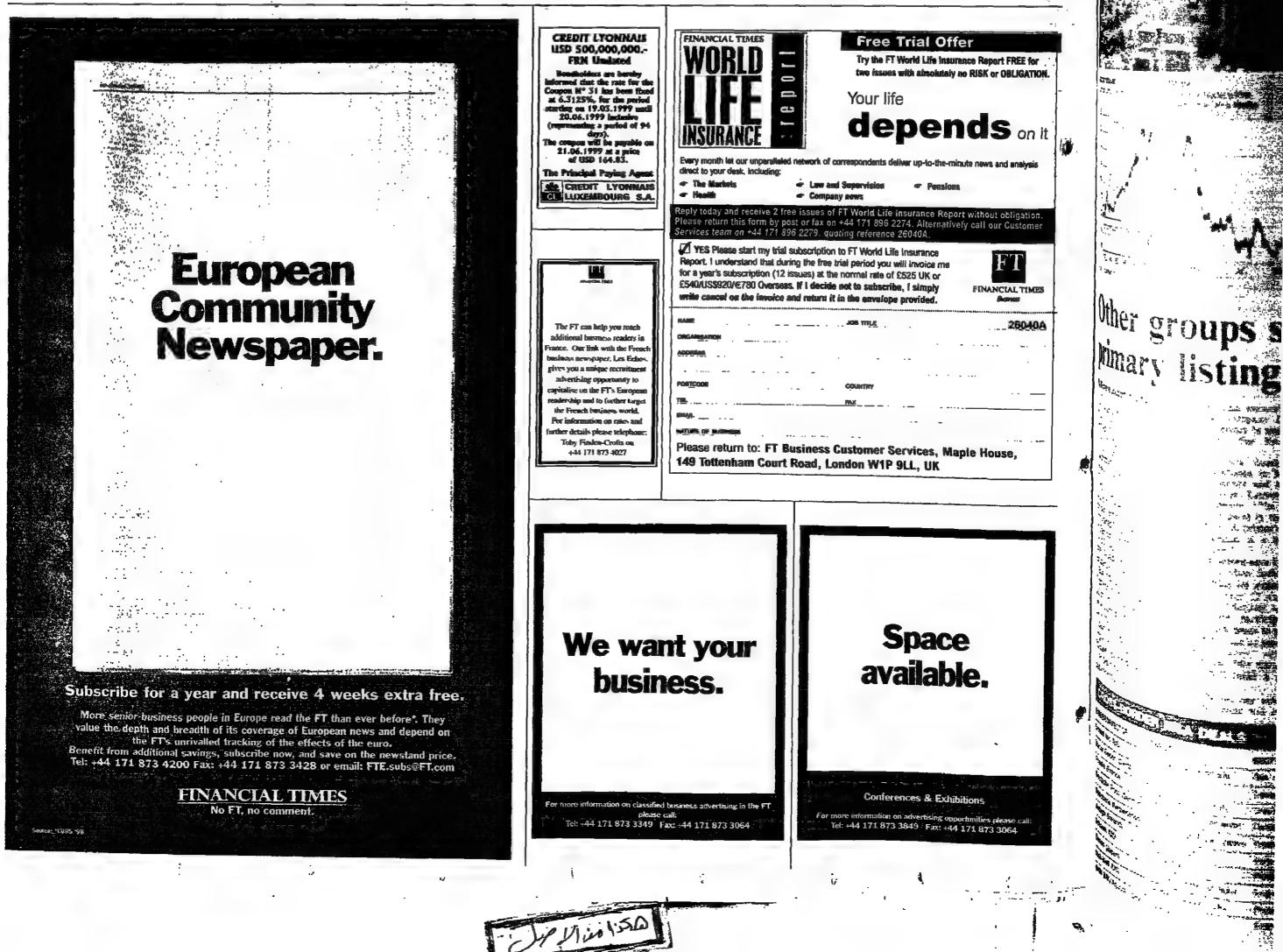
cent of the company, and

valued ITIT at approxi-

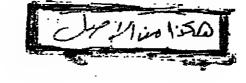
mately \$141m. On the first

ITIT, which had not

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FINANCIAL TIMES MONDAY MARCH 22 1999 \*



#### **COMPANIES & FINANCE**

EMERGING MARKETS INVESTOR CONFIDENCE IS RETURNING BUT FRAGILITY REMAINS

#### South African companies head for the open door

Groups are seeking overseas listings to raise their profile and gain access to hard cash, writes Michelle Joubert

hen the international the Johannesburg Stock Datatec and Dimension doors to a reformed in 1994, few community opened its Exchange, with 98 per cent Data. doors to a reformed of South Africa's clear beer Ano market. expected its biggest listed In the decades when intercompanies would use it as

an opportunity to leave. The most recent emigrant abroad, SAB developed a was South African Brewbroad local consumer induseries, which shifted its pri-mary listing to London last try arm. Recently SAB sold much month. Others hope to folof this and built up its global low, including Anglo Ameribrewing division, now based can, the mining business, in Eastern Europe, China Old Mutual, the insurance and Africa. group, and a variety of

smaller businesses. due to list in May, is capital-Some commentators suggest the newcomers are flee-(\$9.3bn). ing economic uncertainty. The groups themselves say

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nds prepare for NIB

they want to raise their profiles internationally to improve access to the hard currency needed for global ing operations. expansion.

First to move its primary listing to London - in July 1997 - was Billiton, the world's second largest commodities group. The group owns aluminium, titanium minerals, steel and coal operations in South Africa and international minerals to capitalise at more than groups acquired from Royal Dutch/Shell in 1994. It also

mines nickel in South America and aluminium in stockbroker Albert E. Sharp Australia Directors said the listing UK private client stockbro-

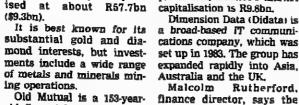
about £825m (\$1.3m) - gave Billiton the resources and pay for acquisitions. flexibility to grow. It also South Africa, into the FTSE 100.

Another more recent FTSE 100 entrant was South African Breweries, which was

A tale of two cities

put Billiton, still listed in Mutual are in the happy position of having won ministry of finance approval to move. The businesses hoping to

admitted to the index to London or New York, nitz forecasts 1989 earnings shortly after its listing. despite opposition from Tre-It is the world's fourth vor Manuel, the finance min- 1998. Trading on a historic p/ largest brewer and the larg- ister, include two informa- e of 35, Comparez is capitalest industrial company on tion technology groups: ised at R18.3bn.



old financial services group with 3m policy-holders, and has interests in asset management and banking. The group, which will move its head office to London after it demutualises and gains a London listing, is expected £3.5bn Last year, Old Mutual

acquired the UK regional and Capel Cure Myers, the

and placing - which raised ker. Old Mutual has said it will probably raise cash to Anglo American and Old

shift their primary listings

Another, Comparex. plans a secondary listing. Datatec is a networking national sanctions prevented technology and services groups from expanding company focusing on the internet. It listed on the Johannesburg Stock Dr4,000bn.

Exchange in 1994, and has achieved compound earnings growth of more than 150 per cent. In 1998 about 80 per cent of sales were generated over-

Anglo American, which is seas. Trading on a historic p/e of 60.8, Datatec's market capitalisation is R9.8hn. Dimension Data (Didata) is a broad-based IT communiset up in 1983. The group has expanded rapidly into Asia, Australia and the UK. Malcolm Rutherford,

finance director, says the next big push will be into Europe. "In the year to September 30, offshore operations generated 25 per cent of earn-

ings." says Mr Rutherford. "We expect this to grow considerably, through eliminating minorities in overseas subsidiaries and expanding foreign operations." Trading on a historic p/e of 51, Didata is capitalised at R20bn.

omparex was formed in 1997 through a merger Of two IT companies, which created one of South Africa's largest suppliers of software, hardware and services. Roux Marnitz, chairman,

says that more than 80 per cent of the group's earnings come from abroad. Mr Marat least 50 per cent ahead of

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#### Eurobank offering **Brazil still not out of woods** By John Barham in São Paulo Brazil's stock markets have

#### By Kerin Hope in Athens

breaks

record

per cent devaluation of the Real. A record number of Greek investors subscribed to last So far this month, the São week's Dr100bn (\$340m) pub-Paulo market's Bovespa index of 56 blue chips has lic offering by EFG Eurobank, the Greek bank conincreased by nearly one-fifth trolled by the London-based in local currency terms. Latsis oil and shipping The index has increased

group. Bank officials said by even more in dollar subscriptions exceeded terms, rising by more than 30 per cent, as the Real has More than 500,000 domesgradually begun recovering. tic investors will receive 10 A fresh agreement with the International Monetary

shares each, and the rest of Fund and an astute new centhe retail tranche will be tral bank president have allocated by lot. The public offering reversed deeply pessimistic amounted to 11.1m shares, views of Brazil. with 70 per cent allocated for retail investors and the inflation will be lower than

remainder for Greek and international institutions. The huge oversubscription | has receded significantly. reflected strong investor appetite for bank shares as consolidation of the sector picks up speed. Banks have led a 35 per cent price rise this year on the Athens

international rescue package Stock Exchange. The offering followed a put together by the IMF. merger with Bank of Athens, Jay Pelosky, global emerga Eurobank subsidiary ing market strategist at Morwhich is already listed on gan Stanley Dean Witter, the the bourse. It amounted to New York investment bank, 10.6 per cent of the bank's said: "Some of the big issues that concerned people have equity after the merger. Eurobank is the front-runbeen alleviated." ner to buy a majority stake interest rates are still very in state-owned Ionian Bank.

Bids for 51 per cent of the bank are due on March 26. On Friday, the bank's shareholders approved a one-for-five rights issue to cant potential for equity raise Dr110bn in fresh capital. Most of the proceeds would be used to pay off a loan from Consolidated benefit as real interest rates Eurofinance Holdings, the tumble to about 14-15 per

Brazil bounced back from the 160 chaos following January's 40 Real terms USS terms 1999 Mar 300

jumped by nearly four per

Brazilian brokers have

now begun issuing "sell"

recommendations on some

Brahma, Brazil's biggest

Brazil is not out of the

woods yet. The government's

deficit-ridden accounts, the

economic crisis, are still

Investors will bolt in reac-

tion to any perceived slip-

page in meeting IMF perfor-

outlook for Brazil.

companies.

value.

fragile.

mance targets.

the rates in effect a year ago country, as investors buy when the central bank was stocks in multinationals with significant business in trying to shore up the value of the Real. Bravil

Rodrigo Flaes, head of Investors now believe equity research at Rio de Bekaert, the Belgian steel once feared and say the risk Janeiro's Banco Icatu, has of a government debt default noted a significant change in investor attitudes to Brazil. Approval on Thursday of a He said: "Like many brokey tax measure by Conkers, we are having an enorgress has further bolstered mous number of foreign confidence that Brazil will investors visiting us, at least be able to continue drawing 10 this month. But I still down tranches of a \$41.5bn think many of the investors

coming [to Brazil] are those brewery, is beginning to look with a high appetite for risk." expensive, particularly as Brazilian stocks may have profits may suffer this year. Telesp Celular, the mobile risen substantially, but the index still looks cheap. The phone operator serving São Bovespa is trading on a pro-Paulo, is approaching fair

spective 1999 price/earnings ratio of 7.5. The outlook for samings is grim, with the economy already sunk in a deep recession, but investors are not

focusing on profits. instead, Mr Peloaky says Brazil "offers a great degree of value. Risks are receding. The market is repricing

Concern is also growing Many markets around the that the government may not be able to keep to its world have also rebounded

depriving the Treasury o privatisation receipts and undermining international confidence in the economy. The sale of a government stake in Petrobras, the national oil company, and privatisation of the generating assets of Eletrobras, the electricity holding company. are particularly at risk. Both of these large, com

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plex companies are listed on the São Paulo market and account for a big chunk of daily turnover.

São Paulo is as vulnerable to market manipulation and insider trading as ever. This was made clear by the more than 2.000 per cent increase in the share price of Lightpar, a shell company owned by Eletrobras.

Last Monday shares in Lightpar has remained in the index. even though last cord and wire producer, year's privatisation of Eletrobras distribution compacent on the Brussels bourse nies stripped it of most of its because of the improving ALR.

The authorities suspended trading in Lightpar while possible insider trading was investigated. Eletrobras told the market

It planned to invest US\$472m in Lightpar in the next three years to turn it into a data transmission company with forecast annual revenues of \$100m.

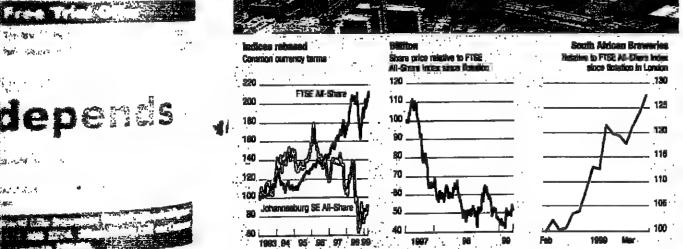
**Regulators** also suspect that some form of market manipulation or use of insider knowledge is behind mainspring of the country's a rise of 162 per cent in a few days in the share price of Mesbla, a troubled retail chain, which is now believed to be on the verse of sale to an international company,

Brazil may be making a painful recovery, but playing the São Paulo stock market will always require nerves of



Itmolf."

high, with the benchmark rate at 45 per cent, but Mr Pelosky expects rates will soon fall. "Once rates come down there is very signifimarkets." he said. Bulls such as Mr Pelosky argue that companies will



#### Other groups still seek primary listing abroad

#### By Michelie Joubert in London

Despite an announcement by Trevor Manuel, the South department. African finance minister, that Old Mutual would be the last local group to shift market positions in South Africa, Australia and Asia," its primary listing abroad, says Malcolm Rutherford, several others are determined to follow. "Only dual listings in step is to expand in the UK

which the firm retains its and Europe. A primary list-primary listing in SA will be ing in London is a logical consequence." considered," said Mr Manuel Mr Rutherford says Didata in January. "Firms will not be allowed to delist from needs a London listing to the Johannesburg Stock Exchange to list offshore."

sion will be difficult to market country," says Mr obtain, not that it will be Rutherford. "We think our impossible to persuade Mr listing will make a differ-Manuel's department. At least two of these, the

raise capital for expansion and to attract IT experts But some local companies, through a "globally acceptfamiliar with government able" share participation policy shifts, interpret this scheme. "SA needs to profile as a warning that permis- itself as not just an emerging

ence." networking group Dimen- his department will investi- plans have to continue."

sion Data and networking gate each application, to technology company Datadecide whether groups need tec, are currently in negotiato shift their listing. Privately, local analysts questions with the finance tion the strategic sense of "Didata has dominant this approach.

But Jens Montanana, Datatec executive chairman says discussions with the finance director. "The next reserve bank are proceeding smoothly. "They are listening to us; we aren't being fobbed off." He concedes, however, that a decision is unlikely until after local elections in June.

"There is a better-thaneven chance that we will list in London late this year," he says. Datatec moved its head office to London three years ago. "With 85 per cent of turn

over generated outside South Africa, we are an international group. Despite Mr Manuel has said that the jurisdiction issue, our

CROSS-BORD	ER M&A DEALS			
BIDDER/INVESTOR	TARGET	SECTOR	VALUE	COMMENT
	Multinet Gas (Australia)	Gu	\$1.25bn	Victoria sells
United Inc (US)	First Choice (UK)	Travel	\$1.2bn	Merger
Kuoni Reisen (Switz)	Albright & Wilson (US)	Chemicals	\$742m	Trumps Albernarie
Rhodia (France)		Distribution	\$584m	Consolidation
Deutsche Post (Germany)			\$410m	Leasing deal
Rabobank (Netherlands)	Unit of Tokai Bank (Japan)		\$391m	Reverse takeover
Ardegh (Ireland)	Rockware (US)	Bottling	\$167m	Battle escalates
Schawk (US)	Wace (UK)	Printing srvcs		
	Unit of Magneti M (Italy)	Engineering	\$147m	Export move
Denso (Japan)	Porter Chadburn (UK)	Printing	\$76m	Recommended
Mail-Well (US)		Engineering	n/a	Helicopter view
GKN (UK)/Agusta (Italy)	Marger	-• -		





#### **COMPANIES & FINANCE**

Baimy breezes did nothing to cool the tempera-ture of debate as the strength to the temperature of temperature of the temperature of tem

Chicago exchanges con-

cussing a common "applica-

tion programming interface"

(API). This is a software

code that would allow the

exchanges' electronic

systems to mesh, so custom-

The London Clearing House

is expected to get this week

regulators that would allow it

Swaps are one-to-one risk

the exemption from US

to launch the world's first

this summer, writes Nilda

management agreements,

usually neootiated between

market participants, such as

ved they were "very

large investment banks. Officials from the LCH, in

swaps clearing operation

Tait in Boca Raton.

sophisticated financial

Florida for the futures

conference, said they

close" to receiving the

industry's annual

firmed that they were dis-

futures industry gathered for

its annual conference in Fio-

rida's Boca Raton last week.

Over the past two years,

electronic trading and order-

routing systems have

become an integral part of

the landscape. Some

exchanges - such as the

London International Finan-

cial Futures and Options

Exchange (Liffe) and Sydney

Futures Exchange (SFE) -

have already decided to

ahandon traditional trading

floors for screen-based

systems. Others, notably the

big Chicago exchanges, plan

to run electronic trading

alongside traditional "open-

#### Liffe to issue findings on trade scandal

#### By Arkady Ostrovsky and Bertrand Benoit

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The London International Financial Futures and Options Exchange is set to expose one of the largest trading scandals in its history when it announces in the next few weeks the results of its three-year investigation into a form of market rigging by five London-based traders. Liffe's disciplinary panel is

understood to have found five former employees of Refco Overseas, the London arm of the troubled US futures broker, guilty of violating Liffe's trading rules that ban "front running". The investigation is another serious blow for Refco. which has previously failen foul of US regulators. The team of five traders was headed by Paul Hunt and included Malcolm Duke. Nick English. Mark Wilkinson and Greg Bryce. All face fines from Liffe if formally found guilty. Mr Duke and Mr English could also be

banned for life from trading on Liffe, in addition to paying fines of up to £100,000 (\$163,000) each. Mr Hunt, Mr English and Mr Wilkinson lucrative contracts. the resigned from Refco earlier future on the 10-year Gerthis month. Refeo could not be reached for comment.

A spokesman for Liffe said zone.

#### Trading revenues boost Lehman By Richard Waters In New York

The return of stability to the the procedure could be financial markets produced a

delayed for up to 12 months, bounce in the latest quarif the traders decided to terly earnings at Lehman appeal. "There has never Brothers, though its profit been a case like this before. recovery still lagged behind strong earnings turned in but if anything it confirms last week by Goldman Sachs. London's reputation as one of the best regulated finan-Thanks mainly to a jump in trading revenues, the US cial markets," he said. Under front-running, a investment bank recorded a trader takes an order from a return on equity of 17.2 per client that is large enough to cent in the three months to move the market, while also the end of February - up dealing in the same market from the meagre 5.6 per cent on the trader's own account of the previous three months, when financial marbefore processing the client's kets around the world were The irregularities were disin the grip of a crisis.

outcry" pits in major Although in line with its contracts. However, if the encroachtarget of an average 17 per cent return in both good and ment of electronic trading is now accepted, how best to bad times, the results were well below the record 30 per capitalise on the new technology remains the subject cent return seen in the second quarter of last year. of frenetic discussion. Revenues climbed to For existing exchanges.

the big challenge is to \$1.118bn from the depressed \$665m of the preceding achieve the cost-savings that period, putting them 7 per traders and customers are demanding - in the hope cent ahead of the first quarter of 1998. Much of that that this will keep a slew of came from a 24 per cent increase to \$526m in income from principal transactions. Investment banking reveues, on the other hand, fell per cent to \$321m, though Lehman attributed the fall to a decline in profits from merchant banking transac-

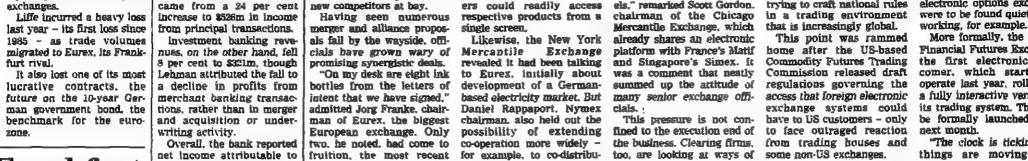
net income attributable to

its common stockholders of \$198m, a rise of 10 per cent from a year before, while earnings per share rose from \$1.44 to \$1.57.

Ducati said its employees

would be able to subscribe

Bargled



The industry's annual conference in Boca Raton has seen frenetic debate on new technology, says Nikki Tait Nor. most participants was having "active discus- ing the CFTC of being admit, have collaborative sions on partnership heavy-handed and of overregulation. But resolving rife. For example, the big technical discussions been arrangements with both this issue could mean a 30existing clearing businesses day comment period gets and some would-be particiextended and the already pants in the industry. delayed rules take months to However, if technology is finalise. presenting huge challenges

That. argues Brian Willlamson, Liffe's chairman, could mean it will be next year before his exchange can offer US customers direct access to the new electronic trading platform. Such a timetable, he thundered, would be "blatantly discriminatory".

While Mr Williamson declined to estimate how much business might be sacrificed, others were quick to point out the value of US access. Les Hosking, head of the SFE, reckons 25 per cent of his exchange's business already comes from the US, That could "easily double" once SFE's electronic system is directly available to UShased customers. suggested.

Meanwhile, the industry's potential competition was all too visible. Officials from the planned International Securities Exchange, a proposed electronic options exchange were to be found quietly net

ALL ALL INCOMENTING

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More formally, the Cantor Financial Futures Exchange, the first electronic newcomer, which started to operate last year, rolled out a fully interactive version of its trading system. This will be formally launched early "The clock is ticking and things are moving very fast." said Marc Breillout,

chairman of Fimat, the large futures firm. Few attenders in Boca would have dissereed

the big futures firms accus-AFT GUIDE TO WORLD CURRENCE models" for the proposed Ducati Motor anno c 5 516 65 3 2186 C Highert (Ld) Gamp Press In Cip Found Cip Found Found Found Cip Fou ( 6133 294.233 6.5325 2.7300 0.0003 472525 141200 45296 66000 152222 2571200 27000 09955 305302 15955 129640 139560 142,600 25241 251.218 5.6079 2.1052 5.1251 5.1251 5.1251 5.1251 1113.59 5.12608 137.567 137.567 14.3643 Balboni (Crea (Dear Sol (Peso) (E Sollage AZ B (2bity) (Eccuto) AS 31 (Pyel) 1 6008 3 6334 4757 12 8 4457 60 2274 7009 77 230.036 9.2013 396.369 9.2013 396.100 410800 1 4.3017 1 9255 822.8579 2.55146 5425.149 201.940 5163.65 154.200 71.3338 6 5545 106.395 230025.2 230025.2 230025.2 230025.2 230025.2 230025.2 1.3447 1.37200 1.37000 1.37000 1.37000 405.5 120.56 57.40 130.50 21.5 prices IPO Alperte Alperte Antonio 05707 201407 29495 19985 19985 19985 19985 19985 19945 19945 19945 1.0528 2.5704 3192 25 3.0541 42.4019 42.4019 4.2544 2.0587 4.2544 2.0587 4.2544 2.0587 1.0500 1.9775 1 2369 60 33445 39,5100 0,5131 1,8943 3,8940 (82,499 1 3,5405 1 479,253 17 49(2) 4,3097 4,3097 1 4250 11 2230 2154 45 978 130 203,105 27 4612 Italian motor-cycling power-1 0000 6.5439 298,046 1 0292 8,6710 1 6.8824 1210 15 669.390 161.500 16.8600 house Ducati Motor Holding yesterday announced an Ital-2 No. 2.47 Novieto A.570 Novieto Novieto 0.2219 0.2219 110025 Nov 41.3074 V 1.1074 0.550 ian offer price of £2.9 per 8.7818 34274.5 39 3025a 932.993 4.3987 dampini di Si Faniti di Long share for its initial public 22.0014 12.6258 378.378 116.656 14 0450 7,7500 232,350 71 7300 15.3449 8.4672 283.745 78.3667 11,9915 6,6159 196,282 61,2423 fift Run dissini (M E Care S 8,0099 14900,0 24 1245 327 180 2,7090 16279.1 16279.1 16.1573 107.100 2.9499 Reantion In Roomata Rooma 6,1251 12721.5 20,6072 279.126 2,3062 offering on March 22 and 23, 1 0026 0 4119 146.306 52.9014 2,1851 (Cares) (Cares) (For Projector (Tales) (Tales) (Rec 2) 1.42902 9.8142 246.105 76.9731 3.2563 11 Renters reports from Milan.

London, Frankfurt plan joint clearing

order

exchanges.

furt rival.

covered partly after exami-

nation of telephone calls.

The Securities and Futures

which had been recorded.

Authority, the UK financial

regulator that issues licences

to brokers such as Refco.

declined to comment on the

inquiry. The SFA has the

power to de-register and fine

individual dealers and their

companies in addition to dis-

ciplinary action taken by the

#### By Vincent Boland

Users of the London and Frankfurt stock markets will be able to clear trades in with a view to bringing foreach other's stocks later this ward a definitive settlement year, under plans to develop common clearing and settlement system for their proposed pan-European stock third quarter of this year,

market. The move means UK furt exchanges are due to

investors can clear their unveil more details of how trades in German stocks the proposed pan-European through Crest, the settle- market will work. These ment system used by the include harmonisation of London stock exchange, and rules governing listing and German investors will be trading of shares.

clearing and settlement system were being studied with Deutsche Börse Clearing, system for the new market as soon as possible. This is likely to be in the when the London and Frank-

fruition, the most recent casualty being an alliance with the Chicago Board of Trade (CBOT). But if full-scale mergers are off the agenda, talk of

#### for example, to co-distribution of products. Eurex, meanwhile, said it was reviewing its options regarding partnerships in

the US and Asia.

desire. The London Clearing should be controlled, with House, for example, said it

index Report

Exchanges look to their electronic futures

confined to traditional

exchange partners. A num-

ber of US software houses

are understood to made pre-

sentations at the Chicago

LCH expects go-ahead for swaps clearing

**Commodity Futures Trading** 

Commission, the US futures

industry regulator - and that it could possibly come as

The LCH detailed its plans

required ruling from the

early as today.

for the "SwapsClear"

the over-the-counter

with the growing

swap agreements,

programme last year. The

scheme, which will initially

clear interest rate swaps of

up to 10-year maturities for

the banks that deal in them,

follows substantial growth in

derivatives industry during

the past decade, coupled

standardisation of many

exchanges, for example.

ers could readily access els," remarked Scott Gordon. trying to craft national rules

too, are looking at ways of consolidating operations and The problem centres giving international trading mainly on how electronic houses the savings they order-routing systems

exemption from the US Commodity Exchange Act but some participants in the swaps industry, who dispute that the CFTC has jurisdiction over the over-the-counter market maintained that even

granting an exemption would

mean the agency was

exceeding its powers.

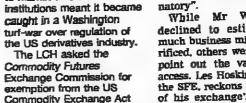
for exchanges, it is hardly

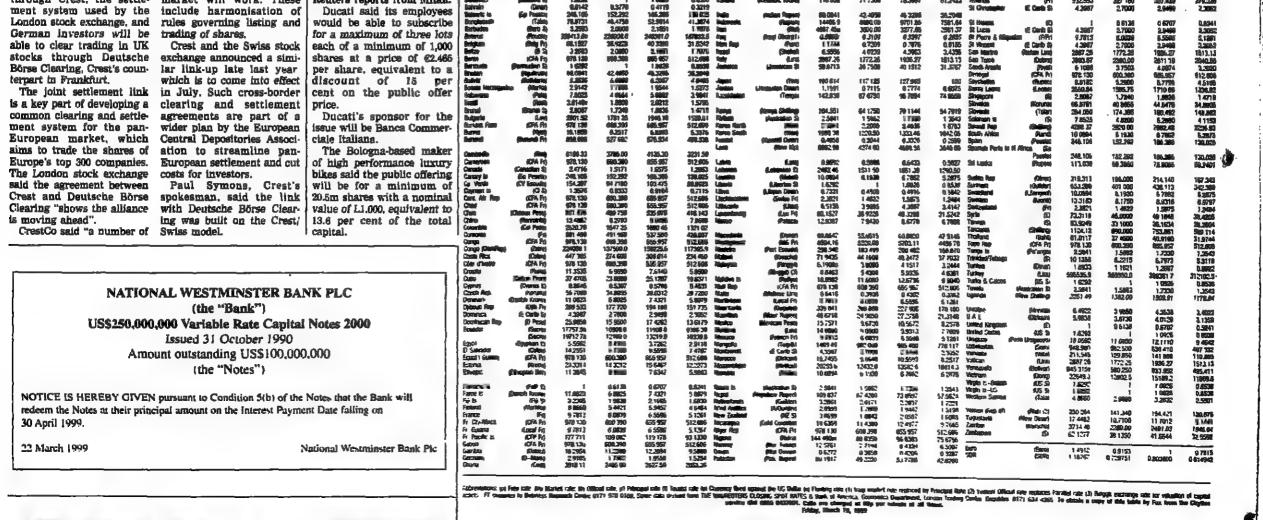
However, the LCH's desire

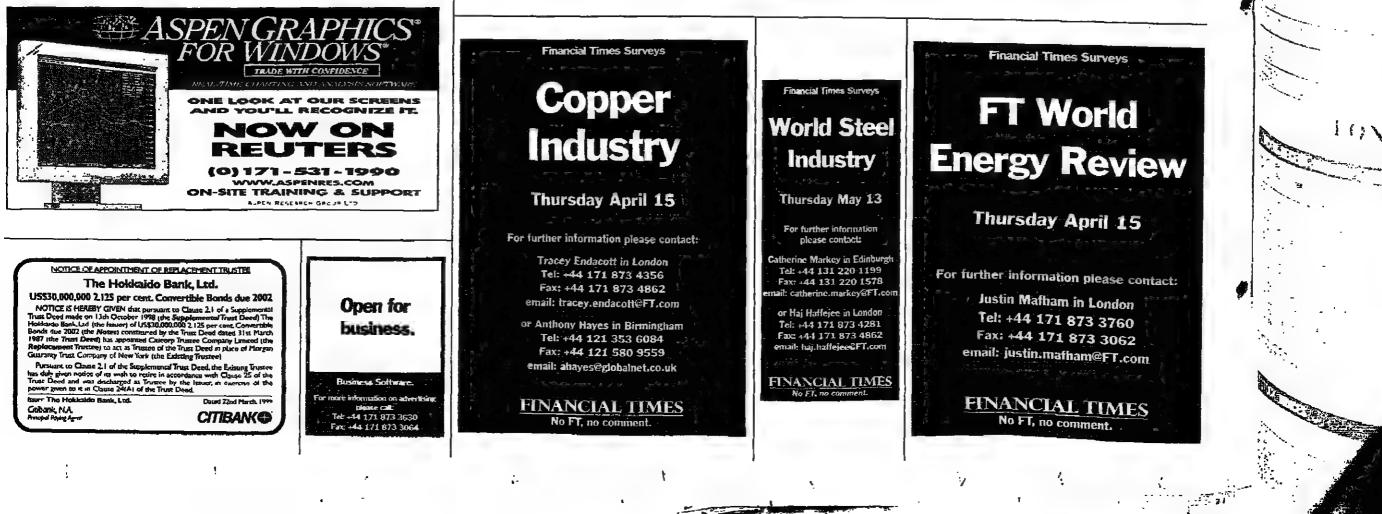
to market to US banks and

"I think we envision multi- making life easy for regula-

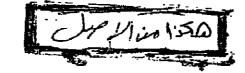
ple alliances at different lev- tors, either. They are still







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#### MARKETS

March 22 - March 28

FRANKFURT

By Utz Hamischleger



NEW YORK By Andrew Edgecliffe-Johnson In a thin week for

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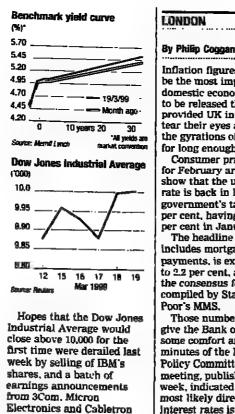
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futures

announcements, the Opec meeting and non-farm payroll figures, due on April 2, may dominate the US market's attention more than the week's economic

and corporate news. The data expected this week are unlikely to upset the robust picture of the US economy. On Wednesday, durable goods orders for February should show only a modest fall after three months of strong gains. Total durable orders are forecast to be down 1.5-2 per cent because of a drop in commercial aircraft orders, which had risen by just over

100 per cent in January. Existing home sales data, due Thursday, should show resales slipped from a record 5.07m units to about 5m in February as mortgage rates rose. Some analysts say last month marked a turning point for home sales, which have been driven higher by the strong job market, and low mortgage rates



Inflation figures are likely to be the most important domestic economic indicator to be released this week. provided UK investors can tear their eyes away from the gyrations of Wall Street for long enough to notice. Consumer price numbers for February are expected to show that the underlying rate is back in line with the government's target of 2.5 per cent, having been at 2.6 per cent in January. The headline rate, which includes mortgage interest payments, is expected to fall to 2.2 per cent, according to the consensus forecast compiled by Standard & Poor's MMS. Those numbers should give the Bank of England some comfort and the minutes of the Monetary Policy Committee's last

meeting published last week, indicated that the most likely direction of interest rates is still down. could dictate sentiment for However, the committee other technology stocks. has paid a lot of attention to

2820 2800. 12 15 16 17 18 19 Mar 1999 survey data and its members will no doubt be watching the Confederation of British Industry monthly trends report, to be released on Thursday. On the results front, the main interest of the week is likely to come from P&O,

Benchmark yield curve

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FISE All-Share Indian

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"All yields are

**(%)** 

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Source: Menta Lunch

Dax fails below 5,000. undercerformance of German stocks compared with their European

475 After performing modestly 4.25 well last week, the Dax 3.75 index of Germany's top 30 blue chips could be ready for 3.25 some more gains this week. 2.75 On Friday, the Xetra Dax rose 82.96 points or 1.6 per cent to close at 5,108.75 Source, Mantil Lynch points but it was mainly that indep expirations of futures and options contracts and strong gains on Wall Street that 5100 boosted the index. SORD Therefore, some traders 5060 are not so optimistic for this week and note that last 5040 week's German business 5020 sentiment index for 5000 -February, which fell to 89.8 from 91.1 in January, does Saure Reduce not bode well for the economy. As a result, they recommend staying out of Ongoing merger mania continued to boost banking the market unless the Xetra

**Benchmark yield curve** 

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5.25

stocks last week and this On the positive side, some week could be dominated by analysts point to the recent earnings news. Today, Commerzbank will hold a supervisory board meeting. and machinery maker Linde and Volkswagen unit Audi counterparts, and say the will publish their results on Dax could easily pass 5,200 Tuesday.

toky0 By Gitllan Tett The Tokyo stock market will be in the political spotlight this week in the run-up to the end of the financial year on March 31. This date is very important for the 30 equity markets, because 'All yneids ar Japanese companies set the value of their equity portfolios on this date - and any losses or gains they have recorded over the financial year. Consequently, in recent years the government has often tried to boost the markets in this period, either by talking them up or using public funds to buy 12 15 16 17 18 19 shares.

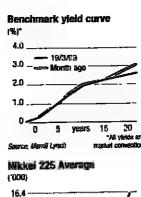
The government insists it will not use public money to buy shares this year but in coming days officials are likely to use plenty of "verbal" intervention to persuade investors the economy is on the mend. These comments have

already spurred a wave of

investors have been heavy

managers. Though domestic

buying by foreign fund



16.2 16.0 15.8 15.8 15.4 12 15 16 17 18 19 Mar 1999

sellers in recent days. foreign enthusiasm pushed the Nikkei up to 16,378.78 on Friday, its highest level for seven months. However, if foreign selling dries up this week, the

markets could soon tumble again.

They will be closed today for a public holiday.

COMPANIES DIARY

#### Spotlight on engineering and retail sectors

economy has meant that usual interest in any outlook stocks with strong earnings statement. A consensus of growth have enjoyed a good run, while companies in cyclical industries have seen their share price suffer. The evidence seems to indicate that the UK economy will enjoy a soft landing, and economists at Credit Suisse First Boston recently upgraded their forecast for growth in the UK market from zero to 3 per cent. However, this "top down" view contrasts with "bottom up" consensus estimates from

analysts that follow individ-

ual companies, who are fore-

casting near double-digit

growth for the market.

Pear of recession in the UK there will be more than the forecasts from First Call, the estimates service, shows that analysts expect a pretax result of £89.3m (\$145.6m), down from £108.3m last year.

Forth Ports is expected to produce a 14 per cent rise to 227.5m pre-tax for last year. although investor interest is likely to focus on any detailed information on volumes and margins at its ports operations in the light of a slowdown in the UK economy

TUESDAY

shipping and transport group reports final figures. Although it took delivery of two ships during the year. their full contribution will not be evident until this year's results. A consensus of forecasts from I/B/E/S, the estimates service, gives a figure of £405m, which would be a 1 per cent rise. The cruising side is likely to produce £220m in operating profits, and there may be a bullish statement on pros-

pects for a recovery in container shipping.

WEDNESDAY

 The process of disposals at Glynwed has left just the THURSDAY Final figures from Croda metals processing business International are likely to and there may be news on

#### EDITED BY MARTIN BRICE

engineering group Glynwed.

retailer Next and

 Some analysts expect achieved last year. P&O to increase its dividend When clothing retailer this year, for the first time Next reports final figures since 1990. The cruise diviinvestors may be treated to the unusual sight of shares sion will probably be the star performer when the rising as the company reports a fall in profits. investor sentiment may be good in the light of a positive outlook statement, as some analysts believe the company is outperforming its peers in clothes retailing. First Call suggests analysts expect a figure of about £156.9m, down from an underlying £176m last year. Final figures from House

of Fraser will add to the welter of information coming from the retail sector, and in particular whether the consumer is feeling weak or confident. Williams de Broë

expects a fall from £28m to £24m pre-tax.

#### Australia as a Financial Centre Wednesday April 14 For lurther information please contact: Larry Kenney in London Tel: +44 171 873 4835 Fax: +44 171 873 3204

Financial Times Surveys

or Jake Wilson in Sydney Tel: +612 9954 5732 Fax: +612 9954 5753

email: larry.kenney@FT.com

FINANCIAL TIMES No FT, no comment.

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• Final figures from Mor- highlight the difficult times this front, although few • LucasVarity is in the mid-



the details behind the severe to include a deterioration in downturn in the last quarter that prompted the profit trading during the final give a clear idea of the timwarning in January. While quarter. Analysts expect a management has suggested fall from the £41.1m last year trading statement made one-offs, Williams de Broë has told clients that the diffi- after the end of the year sugculties are appearing just as gests there may be little The first half of this year is much of the bad news may likely to be disappointing so be already in the price.

NEW INTERNATIONAL BOND ISSUES

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gan Cracible will provide in the chemicals industry, expect an announcement of die of an agreed bid from with any trading update set a sale with the final figures. TRW of the US so sharehold-However, management may ers are unlikely to pay too ing of the sale and there numbers when it reports might be a hint of a return that problems are largely to about 233m, although the of capital to shareholders. A the General Motors strike in consensus of forecasts compiled by First Call, the esti- light on the effect on other mates service, shows that auto component suppliers. markets are deteriorating. share price reaction, as analysis expect a pre-tax fig- BT Alex Brown expects a 5 ure of £78.8m, which would be a fall from the £89m

much attention to the actual final figures. The impact of the US may throw some per cent pre-tax advance to £346m.

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#### LONDON MARKET DATA

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#### STOCK INDICES

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#### **CURRENCIES & MONEY**

#### Japanese puz

This week, markets may hara prop choose to spend some more move towa time on the perennial puzzle easing of a of what Japanese policymakers are trying to do to meeting, b governor the economy.

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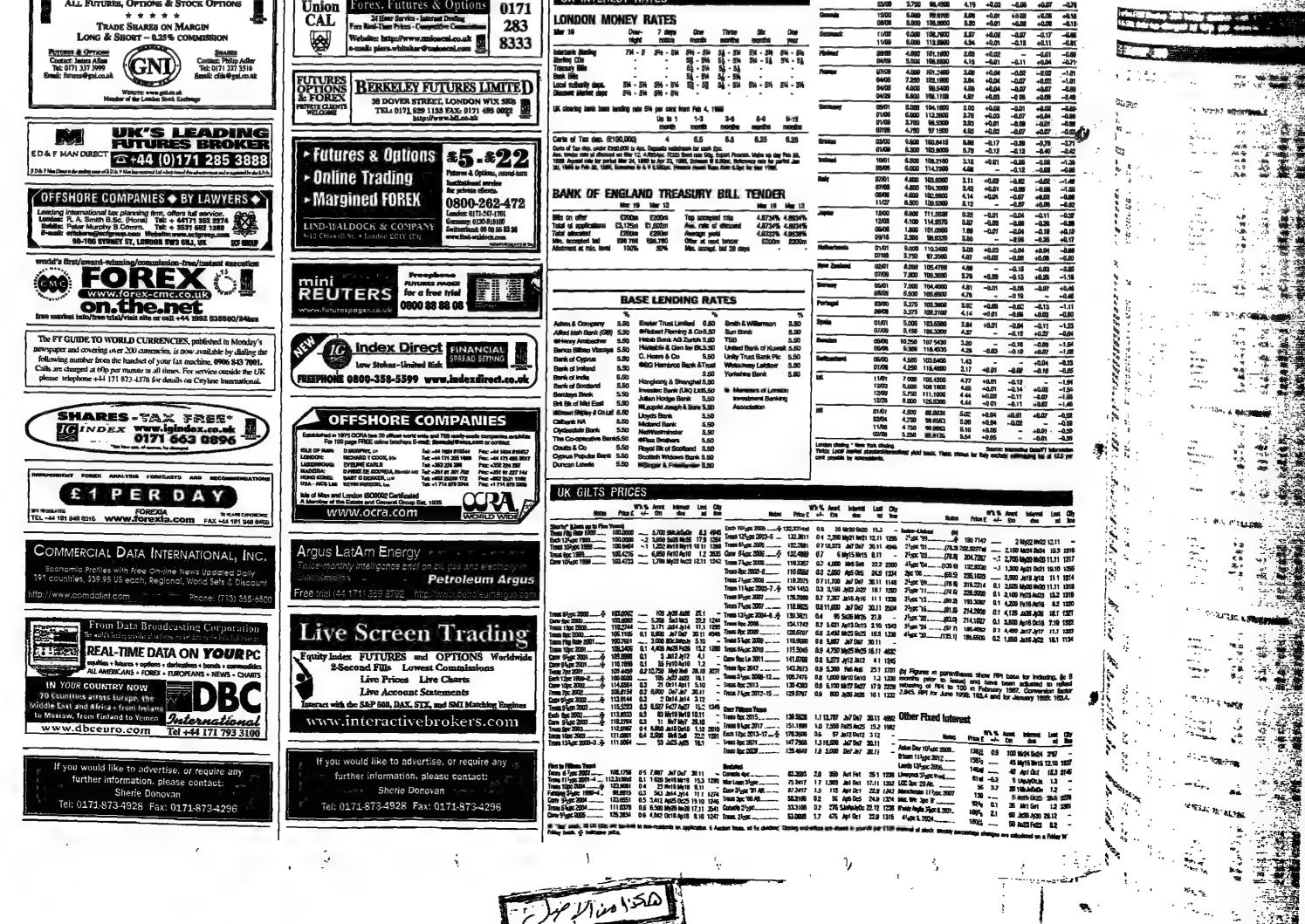
The yen has strengthened said he w over the past couple of study targe weeks, as rises in the Nikkei overnight have increased talk of capiweek inc tal flows favouring Japan. consumer This has somewhat undermined the Ministry of euro-2006 Finance's insistence that Having bee they do not favour a strong cent for t yen at the moment. rate is r

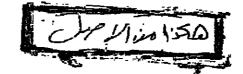
This week's meeting of the Bank of Japan's policy board change mu may be forced to consider may refle more options. So far the energy p keeping Cl Bank of Japan has refused to buy government bonds out-right, relying instead on the 1 per o if recent guiding overnight interest are sustai rates towards zero.

rate may j However, if easier credit fails to lead to faster growth There ar data relea in the money stock, the presweek. Gro sure on the BoJ to try other uct and cu for the fe avenues may increase. Min-1998, and utes released last week of January, a the policy board meeting on February 12 show that one whether th headed for a soft landing. director, Nobuyuki Naka-

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l	overnight call rate.	Norway	(10)	12.5761			12.6284	12,5398	12.5936	-13	12,6196	-14	12,8447	-0.5	63.6	Hart Hart	<b>PO</b> (5)	7.7194			7.7580 183.830	182,260	181,205	1.9	162,596	20	179.505	22 922
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	months, the annual inflation	Argentina	(Peso)	1.6265	-0.0014	289 - 289	1.6298	1.6257	•	•	-	-	-	-	-	Argenitus. Brazil	(Ptsc) (RS)	1,8500			1.8550	1.8400	-	-				
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	energy prices have been	Pacific/Middle	Eest/Males									_				Pacific/Maide E		1.5882	-0.002B	855 · 866	1.5949	1.5850	1.5658	0.3	1,5854	0.2	1.5847	0,1 80.5
	keeping CPI inflation below	Australia	(AS)	2.5641			2.5967	2,5803	2.5828	0.8	2,581	45 -03	2,5796 12,8735	-20	30.4	Aostralia Hone Xono	(45) (1955)	7,7500		497 - 502	1,7505	7.745	7.750	-02	7.7607	-0.5	7,8937	-1.9
	the 1 per cent level, and that	Nong Kong	(HS) (R)	12,6258		219 - 297 080 - 802	12,6320 69,1750	12.8040 68.9670	12.6225 62.4718	83	12,8342 70,2431	-6.7	74.35%	-7.6		India	Ra	42,4050	-0.0150	700 - 400	42,4450	42.3650	42166	-72	43.1475 9517.5	-7.0 -28.7	45,585 11530	-7.5 -
	if recent rises in oil prices	india Indo4esta	(KS) (Rupiah)	14466.87		771 - 603	14893.60			-21	1564.20	-28.4	16505.81	-30.0	-	indonesia.	Pupiato			600 - 000	9025.00	8825.90	9075	-26.4	621129		11994	
	are sustained, the annual	israel	(5240)	6.5556		454 - 857	6.5672	6.5430	-				-	-		10-201	(Stat)	4.0239		188 · 290	4.0295	4.0150	116.42	62	118.7	4.9	111.38	49 1815
		<b>Japan</b>	m	190.614		705 - 924	191,850	190.330	108.919	54	188.399	61	181.64	43	132.0	Japan Material	(1) (254)	117,125		091) - 160 300 - 300	3,8000	3.8900	1 1994		-		-	
	rate may jump in March.	Maleysiat	(1459) (1625)	£.1908 3.0699		651 - 738	6.1937 3.0890	6.1808	3.0676		3.0652		3.0644	6.2	NT.4	New Zealand	(HCS)	1.8843		825 - 851	1.8975	1.6755	1.6525	1.7	1.8908	6.8	1.8912	82 -
	There are also several key	New Zealand Philiadines	Pesol	83,2274		855 - 892	63.4910	62,9500	63.6012	-7.1	64,3108	-10	67.3672	-7.3		Philippines	Pesot	38.6100		600 - 600	38,9700	38,8500	2055	-7.6	39.5035 3.7683	~7.1	41.6145 3.8118	-12 -
	data releases for the UK this	Saudi Arabier	(56)	6,1098	-0.0330	873 - 123	8.1128	8.1002	6.1144	-0.8	6.1315	-14	8.2185	-1.7	-	Sand Acabia	59	3.7503		498 - 508	3,7509	3.7495	3,7546	-1.4	1/083	~1.7 9.0	1.682	24
	week. Gross domestic prod-	Singapore	(55)	2.8087		071 - 100	28110	2.8022	2.8	3.7	27857	13	27431	23		Singapore South Addea	(55) (7)	1.7240		235 · 245 880 - 980	8,2325	6.1780	6.2515	-11.8	6.342	-9.6	6.8955	-11
	uct and current account data	South Atrica, South Korea	FQ (Worl	10.0894		7344 - 000 539 - 137	10.1548 1992.63	10.8630	10.780	-10.9	10,3247	-43	10120124	-12		South Xores	(Nice)	1220.50		300 - 200	1224,00	1215.00	-	-				
	for the fourth quarter of		1000	53,9249		937 - 561	53.9585	51,8338	54.0418	-26	54,2848	-27	四.15%	-2.3	-	Tainten	ព្រង	33.1000			33,1500	33.0000	33.165 37.525	-3.1	33.345 37.695	-40	33.82	-24
	1998, and trade figures for	Thailand	(Bi)	61.0117	-0.0437	134 - 100	51.1350	60.7680		-1.9	61,3502	-22	63.1874	-10	-	Thailand	(60)	37.4500	-0.0050	000 - 900	37,5500	37.3400	کچ تھ	-	LAN ADDA		1 I 2 3 M	-
	January, should help show	† Rates for Star 1	ą filikie sp	Cada in the Pa	and Spot tat	ie eizer anle Se In 1916 telle	issi tere ded	tagi pinan, S	index.			el Bajlini	, incr were	# 1990 =	130. indes	† 50R este par 6 im Relitiker sorenis in	r Mari 18.‡0   Star Dollar S	101년 111년 121 121년 121년 1217			places. (K, ba	ierci & Sano A	in latory en	ls cartho	. JP. Morgan			t Dens average
	whether the UK economy is	14710, I		ma tetangia	tere italian	n date mind get	ويتعربه بد	يويدد فتأده								1990=100, 84, 65 minut an autoint 1	a, ait and a				Delay table a Table table of the		a THE WARE			CH 100 20	NEWRO RATE	Strifter Stee
	headed for a soft landing.															1958년 1월 CERNEL (	<b>uy 101 1.1.</b> •	tani mangiri	and other d	א נסייינן פביי ק	ة 100 <b>مربو</b> تعر							

WORLD INTEREST BATES		CROSS RATES AND DERIVATIVES
MONEY RATES	INTERNATIONAL CURRENCY RATES	EXCHANGE CROSS RATES
Image         Organization         Start         Ons         Lombs         Report           Instructure         Image	Marr 19         Short         7 daya         Une         Three         Mar         Mar         Image         Mar         Image         Imag	Mar 19         Bit         Diff         FF         Diff         E         L         FI         Allor         Es         Pit         Mitr         Ef         L         FI         Allor         Es         Pit         Mitr         Ef         L         CI         FI         Allor         Es         CI         State         CI <th< td=""></th<>
Barne Linkowij Du         -         3 1         3 1         3 1         3 1         - <td>Open         Set prize         Filenger         High         Lewi         Ent. vol         Open         Int.           Jan         94.95         94.95         +4.01         94.86         94.95         34.81         54.83         56.82         56.82         56.82         56.82         56.82         56.82         109         2,164           Jun         95.52         96.82         +0.01         95.82         96.82         109         2,164</td> <td>Jappan         (Y)         31.32         1.808         5.126         1.528         0.615         1513         1.722         0.591         156.7         130.0         6.960         1.248         0.524         1.225         0.464         100         0.771           Euro         (C)         40.34         7.432         6.960         1.696         4.634         2.004         8.434         200.5         166.4         8.632         1.696         1.203         128.0         1           Devide Xoner, Nameth Form, Yourwatel Count         Section Koner, Nameth Form, Yourwatel Count         1.996         0.6900         1.248         0.254         1.203         128.0         1           Devide Xoner, Nameth Form, Yourwatel Count         Section X         1.996         1.255.00         1.2021         128.0         1           Juin B-ADAMIX F071 UNSER (COME Count         Devide Xoner, Normalia Count         Mill P-ADAMIX F071 UNSER (COME Count         Mill P-ADAMIX F071 UNSER (COME Count         1</td>	Open         Set prize         Filenger         High         Lewi         Ent. vol         Open         Int.           Jan         94.95         94.95         +4.01         94.86         94.95         34.81         54.83         56.82         56.82         56.82         56.82         56.82         56.82         109         2,164           Jun         95.52         96.82         +0.01         95.82         96.82         109         2,164	Jappan         (Y)         31.32         1.808         5.126         1.528         0.615         1513         1.722         0.591         156.7         130.0         6.960         1.248         0.524         1.225         0.464         100         0.771           Euro         (C)         40.34         7.432         6.960         1.696         4.634         2.004         8.434         200.5         166.4         8.632         1.696         1.203         128.0         1           Devide Xoner, Nameth Form, Yourwatel Count         Section Koner, Nameth Form, Yourwatel Count         1.996         0.6900         1.248         0.254         1.203         128.0         1           Devide Xoner, Nameth Form, Yourwatel Count         Section X         1.996         1.255.00         1.2021         128.0         1           Juin B-ADAMIX F071 UNSER (COME Count         Devide Xoner, Normalia Count         Mill P-ADAMIX F071 UNSER (COME Count         Mill P-ADAMIX F071 UNSER (COME Count         1
tergerkalgo 2.9237	DTHER CURRENCIES	Image: Fridanc Full Millions (2014) 677 125,000 per 577         1.840         0.72         1.34         1.61         2.06         E.III         2.89           Jun         0.60865         0.5872         -0.0045         0.59855         14,187         55.232         Pervices day's val., Cells 0 Pais 5 . Proc. tag's oper 54. Cells 627 Aust 1342         2.89           Jun         0.60865         0.69672         -0.0045         -         -         2         311         If Prescade press day's val., Cells 0 Pais 5 . Proc. tag's oper 54. Cells 627 Aust 1342         -         -         6         Startic         -
FT SUBJECT IN THE AND A CONTRACT OF THE POLY AND THE AND A CONTRACT OF THE AND A CONTRAC	Her 19         E         S           Casch Rp56 6700         66.7492 34.7950         34.8240           Haopmy 378.021         378.719 222.100         202.400           Imm         ABULIND - 440% TO 3000.00         3680.00           Revalt         0.4655         0.4652           Revalt         0.4655         0.4652           Para         2.4477         6.4628           Advalt         3.2440         3.3460	Open         Set price         Change         High         Low         Est.vol         Open         Int.         0.808         1.08         1.31         1.60         0.27         0.42         0.57           Jun         0.6530         0.8927         +0.0013         0.8856         0.8554         18,242         70.853         0.890         0.75         1.01         1.23         0.43         0.90         0.77           Sep         0.8740         0.8735         +0.0013         0.8744         0.8730         1         1,628         Nemous Ample vid., Date 2         Nem 2
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ALL FUTURES, OPTIONS & STOCK OPTIONS	Union Forey, Futures & Ontions 19171	Amitria 03/01 5.380 104.100 2.07 +0.03 -0.05 +0.03 -0.38 01/08 5.000 108.6800 4.09 +0.05 -0.06 +0.03 -0.38 01/08 5.000 108.6900 5.07 +0.02 -0.06 +0.03 -0.38 03/09 3.750 98.4900 4.19 +0.03 -0.06 +0.07 -0.38





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#### **Europe follows Dow across Rubicon**

#### EUROPEAN OVERVIEW

By Floridan Bernizel European shares are expected to start the week on a positive note, in response to higher oil prices and a seemingly unrestrained rally on Wall Street. The Dow's crossing of the 10,000-point Rubicon buoyed European markets on Fri-

landex.

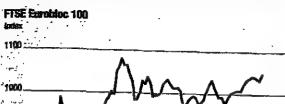
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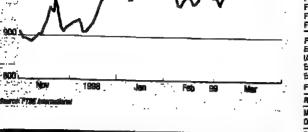
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week is likely to be driven by the outperforming oil stocks, which have benefited

from a 25 per cent rise in oil prices over the past month. But Tuesday's crucial Opec meeting in Vienna will show if oil producers can live up to market expectations. "With the projected cuts in





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eb -			7.160		7.145		-0.03		97.16	50	87.1	36	21	681		874
ec 🛛			5.920		6.910		-0.03		96.5	25	96.8	85		59	85	
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OTHER	INDICES						
	Mar 19	Ner 16	<b>Mar</b> 17	10/ High	iana Lan	Since co Rigis	npikita Law
Li Signa: 60 Li Euro Six 50 ISCI Europe Iourca: Aryandal		3579.21 1216.27	3669.16 1222.05	<b>3655.36</b> 1915.55	805.59	3670.42 3665.36 1915.85	2433.17 2439.23 519.75

#### For real-time FISE Eurotop 300 index quotes call Fi

top 300 index 15.68 higher. ued." warned Ian Scott at have surged on the back of a cent. But this might easily activity throughout the Lehman Brothers. He was supply squeeze, but demand change as both commodities week is likely to be driven putting his bets on con- has remained sloggish. Signs and wage inflation are pick by the support of the suppor sumer cyclicals - media, lei- of poor compliance [with the sure and automobiles – deeming them "attractively valued" in relation to stablepointment," he said. growth stocks, such as phar-

maceuticals and utilities. consumer price index for George Hodgson at ABN February, due on Thursday, Amro also expressed conis unlikely to reflect the cerns over the sustainability recent surge in oil prices and production already factored of the recent rally in com- is therefore expected to day, leaving the FTSE Buro- in, oil shares look fully val- modity stocks. "Oil prices remain at around 0.8 per

Preduced in conju Mar 19						
National & Regional Maricula	Euro Index	Day's %	change Points	Yield gross %	xadi aadiji ysd	Total reta (Euro) C
FTSE Eurotop 300	1258.10	+1.26	+15.68	2.03	3.55	1299,22
FISE Euroiop 100	2911.04	+1.16	+33.31	2.00	9.24	1046.95
The formation (10)	1050.22	+1.32	+13.70	1.90	1.02	1057.11
TSE Errollid	1235.21	+1.17	+14.26	2.69	3.65	1283.80
TSE EuroNitol Eurohine	1190.96	+0.70	+8.25	2.31	2.35	1218.54
The Branks Br MA	1255.25	+1.06	+13,12	2,12	1.80	1260.36
TSE Amotos 300 Rack	21					
Surablac	1307.80	+1.30	+18.81	1.87	1.47	1337.35
K	1203.61	+1.48	+17.53	2.55	7.37	1272.21
inter Ex-Europhic	1219.21	+1.22	+14.60	2.18	5.83	1268.76
Surope Ex-Lilk	1269.89	+1.15	+14.68	1.76	1.14	1315.22
TSE Enviro Industry S	Sectors -					
RESOURCES	1010.21	+0 40	+4.00	2.89	3.69	1060.91
	021 21	. 4 46	. 10.44	2.00	01 97	074 77

RESOURCES	1010.21	+0 40	+4.00	2.69	3.69	1060.94
Mining	931.31	+1.10	+10.11	3.92	21.37	974.37
01 & Gan	975.45	+0.37	+3.59	2.65	2.82	1002.52
BASIC INDUSTRIES	1116.14			2.56	2.55	1142.65
MOIC MOUSTRES		+0.85	+8.39			
Chemicals	653.61	+0.85	+7.18	2.62	2.47	871.53
CONCRETENT & Bit Making	1017.30	+0.09	+0.89	2.17	1.13	1027.42
Forestry & Paper	980.13	+2.90	+27.58	3,95	0.00	1024,94
CENERAL DROUSTRIALS	1154.95	+1.58	+19.10	2.21	3.28	1183.01
Annual Balance	754.13	-0.64		2.27	2.80	757.25
Aerospace & Delence Diversified industriais	754.13		-4.12	2.04	2.00	1021.78
increase a Birst South	1007.30	+1.81 +1.04	+17.80 +18.97	1.80	5.15	1079.20
Engineering & Machinery	1027.42	+2.67	+26.70	2.87	4.18	1045.94
			_			_
CYCLICAL CORE BOOOD	1298.95	+1.39	+17.84	2.23	0.60	1335.32
Automobiles	847.84	+1.40	+13.08	2.97	0.53	957.17
Household Goods & Tests	1589.19	+1.37	+18.81	2.06	0.00	1401.05
KON CYC CONS COODS	1211.67	+0.65	+10.27	1.51	2.75	1847.81
NOW-STE CURS ELCUS						
Beverages	834.88	+0.54	+5.02	2.69	8.00	955_06
Float Producers & Processon		+1.08	-4.59	1,74	1.41	829.34
Health	1011.04	+2.07	+20.54	1.18	0.00	1026.16
Peckaging	816.37	+0.85	+5.24	1.10	0.00	817.39
Personal Care & Hee Proce		+0.53	+5.82	0.92	0.00	1108,95
Pharmanautoph	1103.50	+0.79	+8.53	1.20	3.25	1112.71
Tebecco	1343-21	+1.50	+21.18	1.72	7.11	1375.84
CYCLICAL SERVICES	1327.08	+1.77	+23.07	2.09	3.26	1369.12
Clisicitusors.	847.94	-0.87	-5.70	4.55	0.00	855.22
General Retains	1089.75	+1.52	+16.35	2.24	1.27	1113.58
Minara Enlaritati & Honard	1011.07	+2.50	+25.55	1,99	1.72	1034,77
Media & Photography	225.81	+2.50	+36.65	1.84	8.20	1244,22
Rosia, Puize & Browerice	866.23	+1,81	+15.75	3.24	3,71	S16,21
Support Services	1070,12	+1.18	+12.36	1.11	1,10	1062.56
Tracsport	969.18	+1.17	+11.18	2.68	1.81	958.90
HON-CICLICAL MENS	1334.42	+143	+18.84	1.44	0,48	1373.97
Food & Dout Rebailance	1015.27	+5.09	+10.93	2.12	0.51	1051.28
Teleconstructions Sarva	1324.88	+1.01	+19.67	1,31	0.43	1345.05
	1413.68	+1.83	+25.34	3.16	5.17	1604.78
Electricity	1072.87	+1.69	+17.81	3.28	4.44	1111.28
Bas Distribution	1196.83	+1.70	+19.96	1.63	1.00	1318.84
	862.44	+110	+25.84	6.89	6.84	940.51
POWARCIALE	1357.48	+1.35	+18.07	213	6.57	1400.57
Banka	(00.11)	+1.39	+13.33	25	145	983.95
ingurance	1013.54	+1.46	+14.44	1.35	1.78	1027.81
Life Asiarancia	1124.34	+0.48	+8.41	1.77	0.96	1151
investment Companies	696.57	-0.46	-4.85	1.78	0.00	1022.02
Reef Estate	725.30	+2.36	+15.80	3.43	1.67	749.06
Southerny & Davis Ris	1024.38	+2.16	+21.70	2.19	0.00	1041,48
ANORMATICAL TECH	931.38	+1.70	+15.61	0.89	2.66	198.25
Information Tech Hardware	1024.57	+1.78	+17.94	1.00	371	1030.77
Software & Computer Serv	715.98	+1.44	+10.19	0.63	0.18	717.81
Fyriter stimmten is gestellt in i	approximation and	Lana, © F13E	in state of the		a rights reserv	ie Tie au

ing up. production cut agreement] could lead to market disap-

The euro-zone harmonised changes. "Companies' pri ing capacity has alread been constrained by work wide excess capacity in pr duction. Inflationary pre sure will only result in lowe margins and higher unen ployment," said Mr Hodgson He added that industrial would also fail to benef from continuously stron consumer demand. "Peopl are buying services, no industrial goods," he said. The FTSE Eurotop 30 index ended the week 15.6 higher at 1,258.10, while th

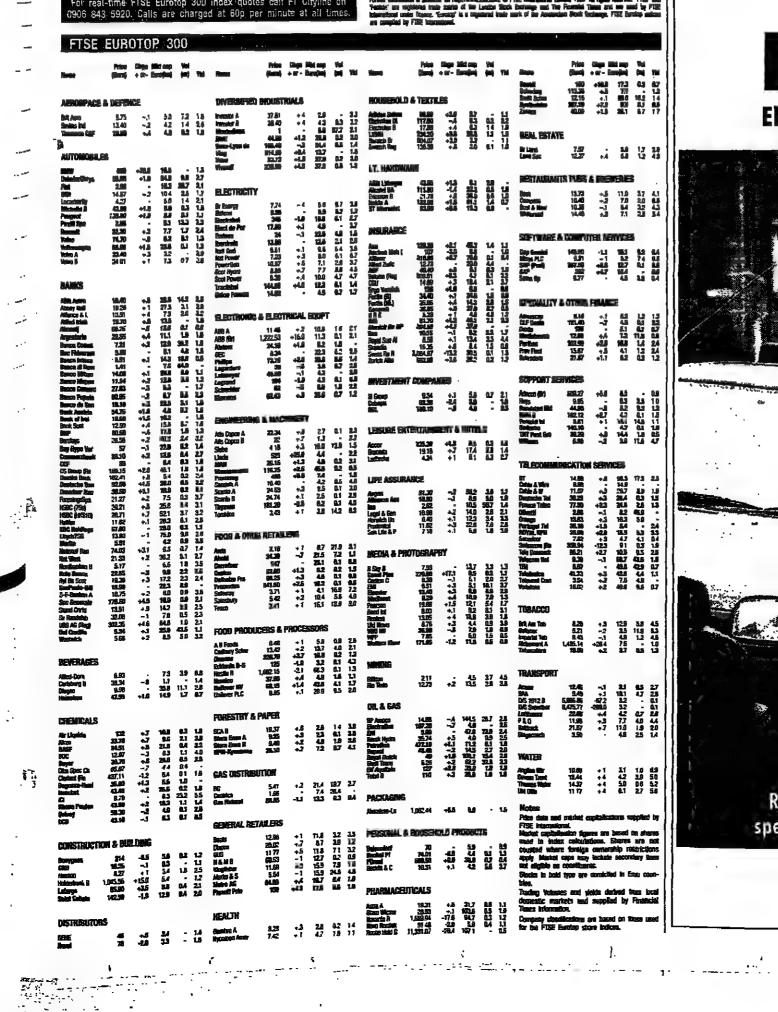
The industrial secto stands to lose most as th inflation environmen FTSE Eurotop 100 rose 33.3 to 2,911.04. The FTSE Eble index of leading stocks the euro-zone settled 13.7 higher at 1,050.22.

CURRENCIES & MONEY

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		nud-poiet	on day	tepread	<b>kigh</b>	) (mer	Rate	%PA	Rate	XPA	Rale	<b>%</b> PA
Europe									38,4205	-4.1	39.4913	-38
Czech Rep.	Rorumat	38.0312		066 - 557	38.0600	37 7860	31,1710	-4,4	36.4200	-0.3	39.4913 7.4561	-0.2
Denmark.	(D90)	7 4321		276 - 365	7 4375	7.4373	223,2140	-65	325.4316	-62	338.9474	-54
STEECE	_ RA	321.457	+0.0180		321.800 354.900	320.017 352.830	256.4778	-12.9	261 6416	-124	263.5797	-11.8
iungā'y	Fonali	251,745		523 - 967	8.4670	8,4260	8.4625	-4.1	8,5109	-3.7	8,6594	-27
<b>KOLADA</b>	(1647)	8 4339	-0.0255	291 - 386		4.2420	0.402.7	_				
Poland	(Zioty)	4.2544	-0 0359	490 - 597	4.2945	4.2420	-	-				
Romania	(Lau)	16279,10		835 - 984		26.3050	•					
Russia	Pouble	26.3573		135 - 010	26.5769 44.8810	(2.3274				-	-	
Storakte	(Koruna)	44,5475	-0.0829	E33 - 119	8 9566	8,8920	B 9327	-0.1	8.9346	-0.1	8,9508	-0.2
Sweden	(SAn	8.9316		241 - 391	1.6005	1,5960	1.5950	1.9	1.5906	17	1.5741	10
Sellastand	(SFI)	1.5975		966 - 963	0.6752	1.5300	0.6720	-23	0.6744	-22	0.6849	-21
,K	ß	0.6707	-0.0033	703 - 710	120102	0.0100	0.07 20	-00	9.97 T	_		_
<b>Logicas</b>						1.0896		-	-			
Argentina .	(Peso)	1.0922		919 - 924	1 0995	2.0058	-					
Sea.c	RS	2.0212		153 - 271	2.0405	1.6544	1.6604	-21	1,5551	-2.7	1,6933	-22
Canada.	(CS)	16575		566 - 584		10.5369	10,7647	-10.4	11.140	-21.7	12,9577	-121
<b>Pedco</b>	(New Pesc)	10.5572	-0.0271	593 - 750	10.6436	1.0901	1,0943	-1.9	1.0960	-2.0	1.001	-1.3
ISA	6	1.0926	-0.0061	903 - 928	1 1000	1.0au t	1,0993	-1.5	1.0000			
	h East/Atric							~1.8	1.7408	-1.5	1.7666	-1.5
<b>estrate</b>	(45)	1.7330		319 - 341	1.7500	1.7299	1.7358	-21	8.5209	- 39	8.8161	-4.1
iong Kang	(HIS)	8.4672		650 - 694	8.5004	£4565	8,4830 46,6831	-21	47.3738	-0.0	50 9229	-89
ete .	(Ra)	46.3296		808 - 784	46.6829	46.2224	9930.83	-28.3	10449.76	-30.8	12877.37	121
adaneala	Punishi			583 - 778	9665.00	9650.40 4.3846	2320.03	-20-0	lower o		1201120	
srael	(Shiq	4.3953		897 · 029	4,4288		127.6179	33	127.0350	2.8	124.4004	2.8
<b>lapa</b> n	m	127.965		897 - 032	129.200	127.800	15(10110)	وسور	14170330	6.0	15-ranged	
in the parts	(ALS)	4.1517		312 - 339	4.1798	4.1429	-		2.0672	-1.7	2.0986	-1.9
iem Zealand	p(25)	2.0587		583 - 611	2.0716	2.0484	2.0614	-1.5	43.3729	-9.2	45.4773	
Telepines	Pesoi	42.4019		283 - 755	42,6560	42.1433	42,7381	-54	4.1352	-2.7	4.2572	-35
iauti Ambia	(SR)	4.0974	-0.0231	999 · 999	4 1253	4 0682	4.1087	13	1.8787	1.0	1.8785	0.3
Succepore:	155)	1.8836		826 - 845	7.8973	1.8801	1,8815		6.9632	-11.5	7.4779	-10.3
ioeth Africa,	(6)	6.7662		592 · 732	6.8511	5.7478	6.8411	-13.3	8.9044		11011	- 10.4
iouth Korea	(tiloc)	1333.46		151 - 540	1345.40	1330.40					-	
Si s r	(15)	35.1634		442 - 826	36.4050	36.0840	35.3145	-5.0	36 6112	-6.0	17.77	-44
ter inn i	(60)	40.9160		530 - 800	41.3050	41.7485	41.0638	-4.3	41.3763	-4.5	43.2724	-54
NE .	(Cirison)	4.0129	-0.0222	1)19 - 140 sentourg Franc	4 0550	3.9750	4,0200	-21	4.0355	-23	4.1150	-2.5

	RA	TE S									EURO-ZON	E BC	NDS						
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	pen -	<u> </u>		-					_		Her 19	Reci dista	Goupe	a a r Reting	price	ylatti	yid	jid	Gente
12 22	3.04 3.10	3.07 3.14	5.24	5 <u>.9</u> 7 5.95	1.53	1.57 1.84	5.25 5.43	6.28 5.46	0.20 0.34	0.23 0.37	SUVELED.		-	-					
	3.24	A26	5.25	5,23	1.4	2.07	5.54	5.57	0.57	0.50			4,250		101.991	3.12	+0.00	-0.03	+0
	3.41	3.45	5.55	5.29	2.19	2.27	5.60	5.63	0.62	0.85	UK Depmark	01/01 01/02	1.750	ANA	103.930	3.26	+0.00	-0.04	- 10
	13	3.62	5.23	5.27	2.37	2.45	5.67	5.70	1.06	1.11	Sanden	02/01	5.000	Mit	103.317	3.14	+0.00	-0.04	+0
	3.76	3.79	.22		2.55	2.43	5.7.5	5.76	1.35	1.38	Granco	11/08	8.750	888	114.005	4.40	+0.02	-0.07	+0
	3.82	3.95	5.21	5,25	2.72	2.80	5.76	5.61	1,57	1 <i>.60</i>									
	4.97	4.11	5.21	1.94	2.86	2.96	5.81	5.84	1.77	1.00	<b>HIPRAUAYUN</b>	VS						_	1.1
	4.20	4,24	5.22	526	3.04	1.12	5.85	6.88	1.93	1.96	ADB	10/07	5.500	AAA	105.195	4.33	+0.01	-0,04	+0
786K	4.29	4.33	5.23	27	3.18	125	5.00	6.92	2.07	2.10	88	D4/D8	5.000	AAA	106.804	6.09	+0.01	-0.01	+0
	4.44	4.4	5.24 1.25	5.29	1.40	3 <i>6</i> 0 3.76	5.96	5.99 8 09	2.2	232	Exofice	12/08	5.525	A44	100.144	4,53	+0.02	+0.02	-+
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er.	5.00	4,80	E.M	5.30	4.01	4.11	6.18	E.19	2.80	2.65	0 678 (NES						,		
	5.05	5.09	5.24	6.31	4.11	131	676	1.15	1.00	191	EDF	10/03	3.750	n/a .	11/5.548	1.3	+0.03	-0.10	+6
_						-			_		TEPCO	02/03	4.750	AA	103.622	3.66	+0.01	-0.16	- #
and the lot		- M 1	modeline R	1000	15 5		d. IN YOM	0	- Activity	ALC: NOT			6.375		105.409	4.53	+0.01	-0.02	- 44
and the second second	<b>F B M</b>					_					Charlinger Allerings								
ist 3 months L /Swiss Franc m	ber, 1 a	nd Yan i actual b	purried a grad 30%	n a sen 360 þas	i anovel Is system	actual/ t 6 Mg	365 bes sh Evrib	ia againe or/Libor	i 6 mo Ngih the	nthe Liber,	Cumber Hydro Norsk Hydro W PSHINDAUS	03/08 10/99	7.250	A+ A	101,957	3.38	+6.02	-0.13	÷i ,
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ist 3 months L Sortes Franc o In Typer rote w FO board y cent	ber, 1 a John on high is g	nd Yen i actual b actual ag	purried a logical 30%	n a sen 360 þas	i anovel Is system	actual/ 2 5 Atu Ior. i	365 bes dh Eurib Scurent i	ia again; or/Libor inin/capi	i 6 ma With the Wi Earth <b>The (</b>	nins Libor, exception of Limbed ioilieur S per C _ 1.18	Norsk Hydro W PSintCAUS Bad Wurtt OKS Crecil Local Abbey Nati	10/99 09/10 09/07 04/08 01/09	7.250 5.375 5.750 5.250 5.000	AAA AAA AA- AA-	107.957 107.927 111.262 106.183 101.822	8.38 4.44 4.14 4.41 4.75	+0.02 +0.02 +0.01 +0.02 +0.01	-0.13 +0.01 -0.02 +0.01	± ±±±± ±:
ist 3 months L Series Franc o In Typer rate w To board y cent	ber, 1 a John on high is g	nd Yen i actual b actual ag	purried a logical 30%	n a sen 360 þas	i anovel Is system	actual/ 2 5 Atu Ior. i	365 bes dh Eurib Scurent i	ia again; or/Libor inin/capi	i 6 ma With the Wi Earth <b>The (</b>	nins Libor, exclution ar Limbet Spor C _ 1.18 _ 1.16	Norsk Hydro UF /Simits2AUS Bed Wurtt OKG Cregit Local Abbey Nati Is caputations. Luitever	10/99 09/07 04/08 01/09	7.280 5.375 5.750 5.250 5.000 5.125	AAA AAA AA+ AA-	101.957 107.927 111.282 106.183 101.822 104.513	8.38 4.44 4.14 4.41 4.75 3.32	+0.02 +0.01 +0.01 +0.02 +0.01	-0.13 +0.01 -0.01 -0.02 +0.01	<u> </u>
ist 3 months L Series Franc o In Typer rate w To board y cent	ber, 1 a John on high is g	nd Yen i actual b actual ag	purried a logical 30%	n a sen 360 þas	i anovel Is system	actual/ 2 5 Atu Ior. i	365 bes dh Eurib Scurent i	ia again; or/Libor inin/capi	i 6 ma With the Wi Earth <b>The (</b>	nins Libor, exception of Limbed ioilieur S per C _ 1.18	Norsk Hydro F Filimit2AUB Bed Wurit OKG Credit Local Abbey Nati F GEDMITTRALS Linkeyer Akponsitis	10/99 09/07 04/08 01/09 10/01 03/08	7.280 5.375 5.750 5.250 5.000 5.125 5.125	AAA AAA AA- AA- AA	101,957 107,927 111,262 106,183 101,822 104,313 105,532	8.38 4.44 4.14 4.41 4.75 3.32 4.37	+0.02 +0.01 +0.02 +0.01 +0.02 +0.01	-0.13 +0.01 -0.01 -0.02 +0.01 -0.02	<u> </u>
st 3 months L Sontas Franc m r 1 year mite w r 0 boomd y cont	ber, 1 a John on high is g	nd Yen i actual b actual ag	purried a logical 30%	n a sen 360 þas	i anovel Is system	actual/ 2 5 Atu Ior. i	365 bes dh Eurib Scurent i	ia again; or/Libor inin/capi	i 6 ma With the Wi Earth <b>The (</b>	nins Libor, exclution ar Limbet Spor C _ 1.18 _ 1.16	Norsk Hydro RE PERMELALE Bed Wurtt OKB Credit Local Abbey Nati RE GEOMITTRALS Uniterer McDonaids Philip Mortis Buff ine Fis	10/99 02/10 09/07 04/08 01/09 10/01 03/08 05/08	7.280 5.375 5.750 5.250 5.000 5.125 5.125 5.125	AAA AAA AA- AA- AA AA AA AA	101.957 107.927 111.282 106.183 101.822 104.313 105.532 104.965	8.38 4.44 4.14 4.75 3.32 4.37 4.94	+0.02 +0.02 +0.01 +0.02 +0.01 -0.02 +0.01 +0.01	-0.13 +0.01 -0.02 +0.01 -0.11 -0.02 +0.01 +0.05	<u> </u>
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In a months L Series Franc a T gale rate w To boand y cont 6 	ber, 1 a John on high is g	nd Yen i actual b actual ag	purried a grad 30%	n a sen 360 þas	i anovel Is system	actual/ 2 5 Atu Ior. i	365 bes dh Eurib Scurent i	ia again; or/Libor inin/capi	i 6 ma With the Wi Earth <b>The (</b>	nins Libor, nezotetini ar Limited ioilien 8 per C _ 1.18 _ 1.18 _ 1.14 _ 1.12	Norsk Hydro M PERMICALE Bed Whitt OKS Creck Local Abbey Nati B GEOMITTEALS Linkever McDonals Philip Mortis But m Fis But m Fis But m Fis But m Fis But m Fis	10/99 09/10 09/07 04/08 01/08 01/08 05/08 05/08 05/08	7.280 5.375 5.750 5.250 5.000 5.125 5.125 5.125 5.125 5.125 5.125 5.125 5.125	AAA AAA AA- AA- AA AA AA AA AA AA AA	101.957 107.927 111.262 106.183 101.822 104.313 105.532 104.965 103.312 105.725 106.237	8.38 4.44 4.14 4.41 4.75 3.32 4.37 4.94 4.82	+6.02 +6.05	-0,13 +0.01 -0.01 -0.02 +0.01 -0.02 +0.01 -0.02 +0.05	** ****
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An and the later of the second	bor, 1 a sted on high of g	nd Yen i poneti t potet i potet eg	pursied o peak 30% purst 3 r	A is sent	i anovel Is system	actual/ 2 5 Atu Ior. i	365 bes dh Eurib Scurent i	ia again; or/Libor inin/capi	i 6 ma With the Wi Earth <b>The (</b>	nms Libor, i octation or Ambed iolitar 3 por C _ 1.18 _ 1.18 _ 1.18 _ 1.14 _ 1.12 _ 1.10 _ 1.06	Norsk Hydro M PSMARCALS Bed Wurtt OKB Credit Local Abbey Nati M GROWITHINALS Uniterer McDonaids Philip Mortis But in Fis At PANDORERY Rhain Hypo AB Earthypo AB Earthypo AB	10/99 09/10 09/07 04/08 01/09 10/01 03/08 05/08 05/08 05/08 05/08 05/08	7.280 5.375 5.750 5.250 5.000 5.125 5.525 5.525 5.375 5.500 6.000	A AAA AAA AAA AA A A A A A A A A A A A	101.957 107.927 111.282 106.183 101.822 104.313 105.532 104.965 103.512 106.532 106.532 106.532	8.38 4.44 4.14 4.41 4.75 3.32 4.37 4.94 4.82 3.24 3.25 3.24 3.25 3.30		-0,13 +0.01 -0.02 +0.01 -0.02 +0.01 -0.02 +0.05 -0.09 -0.04 -0.03 +0.02	± + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
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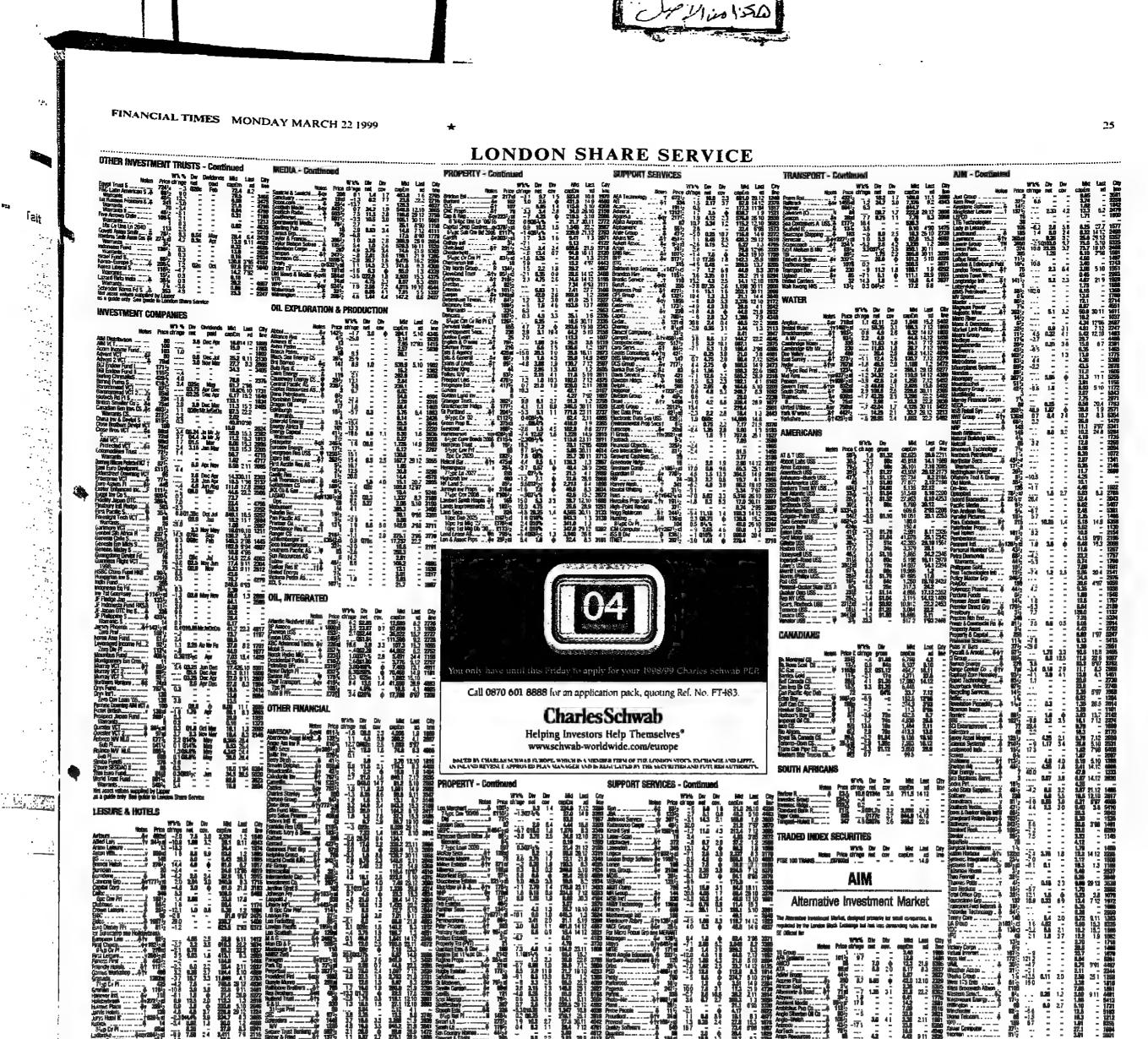


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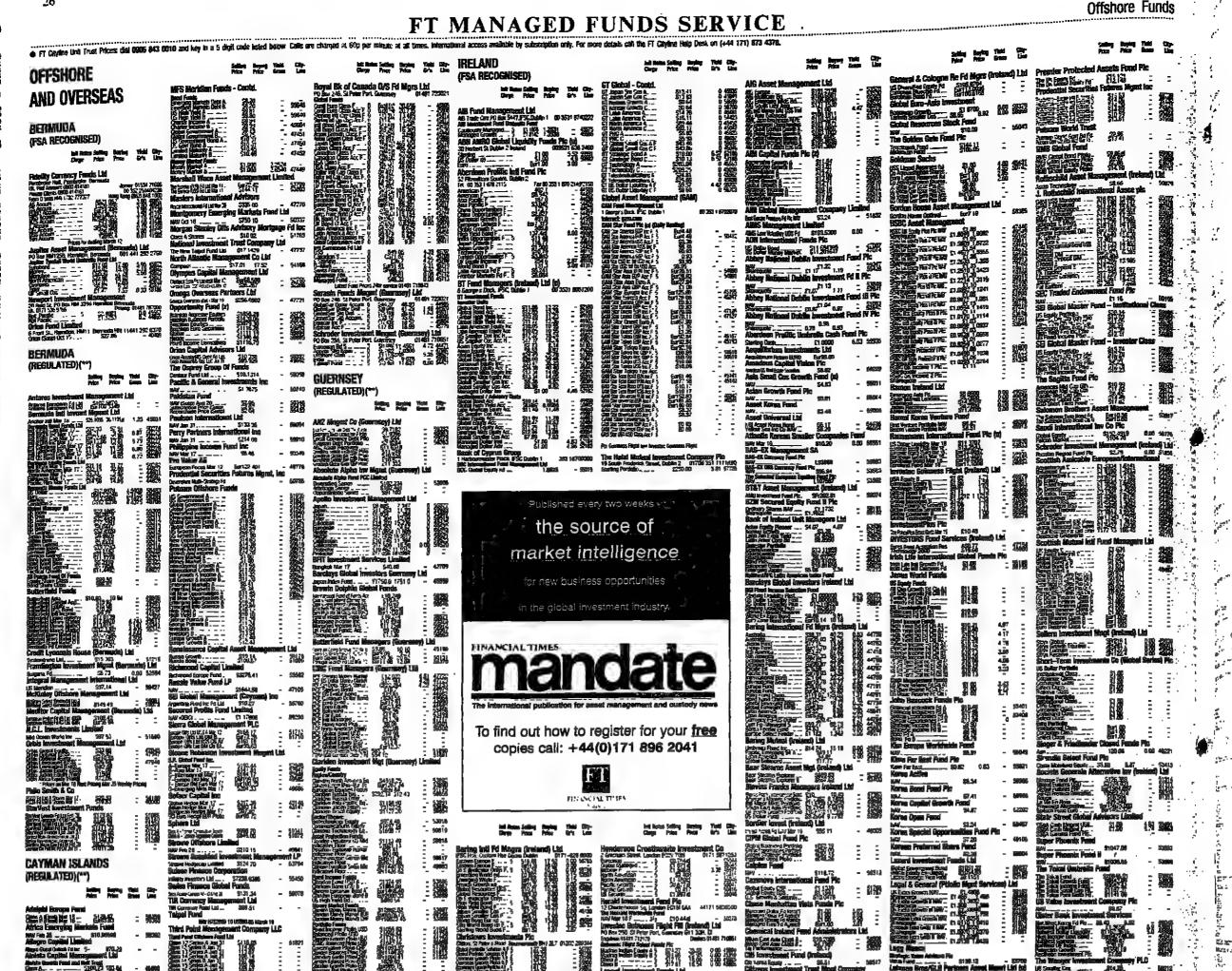
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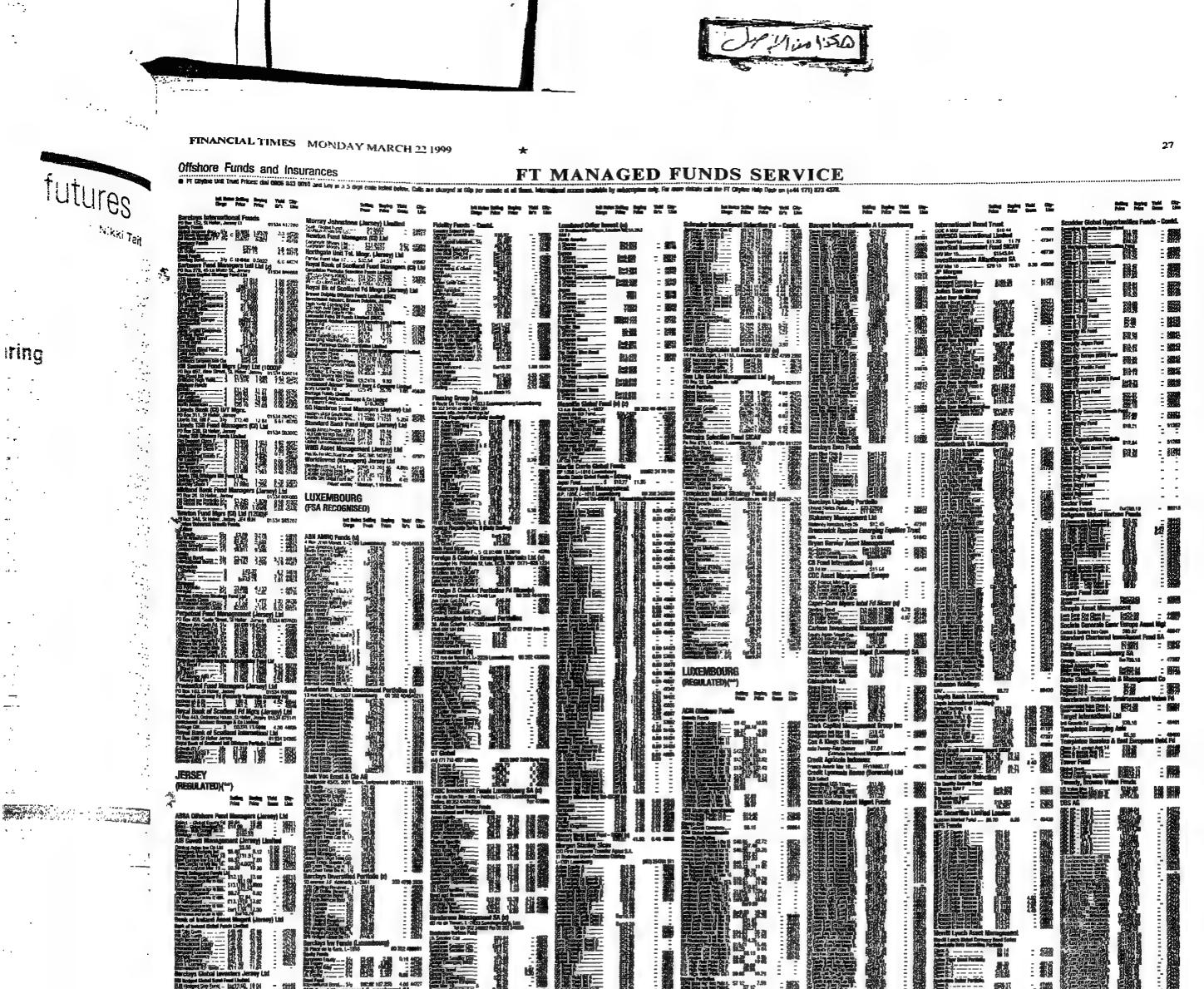
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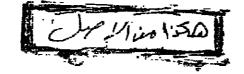
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FINANCIAL TIMES MONDAY MARCH 22 1999 \*

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#### WORLD STOCK MARKETS

Highs & Lows shown on a 52 week basis ר איר ר +/- Mgi Les 

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	The FIXEP Actuaries which indices are denoted by Fixe demoted
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•	Status       506.33       -4.3       Martan       506.33       -4.3       Martan       506.33       -4.3       Martan       506.33       -4.3       Martan       506.33       -6.33       60.34       77.11       64.86       52.01       57.31       66.96       62.96       77.11       45.96       78.97       Taskind       62.37       -1.13       Bitels       0.38       -0.67       50.02       -1       1.00       55.01       4.400       65.01       50.01       57.31       46.90       65.01       52.01       1.01       55.01       4.00       55.01       4.00       55.01       4.00       55.01       4.00       55.01       50.01
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r,	Burget (724)       102.28       -3.5       92.08       75.73       103.01       103.01       -2.5       11.3       103.01
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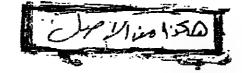
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. !		<u>lan yan jak</u>	1559.09 1578	198 1559,71		(9/1/58) 1077,40	(18/3/99) (1/6	ANONIS			Lips.		2098 Chys %	9.7			Shok_R SomTrB Senting	15,504,000	166 – 35 184 + 59 143 + 11	Downs Stok-R Marchers	166 310	-35 -17	RhochA	1,370,57 1,095 09 1,066,41	8 234 2 ····	Doyms CastDo CNF	177	-9 -48 -1 -4
•		Rpanck#♥	142.37 144	L64 147 1	(18-3/99) 9 147,89 114/7/961	95 60	(18/3/99) (30/6 147,69	ATAT	21.784,20 14.607,60 10,633,30	079_3% 071	Guad NikaB	80% +1 62 + +	10% +15.0 •73 +13.9			16 17 18 19 \$t 1999	Nikkos Nikk Nomura		577 +45 81 +4 375 +74	Dingitor Shizish	208 1290	-12 -55	Alertown.	1,047,09 1,024,72 979,296	1 241 +16	Bygues UndeFo	214 [11	-85 -38 -4 -35
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•			and Day Martin	Mar 1			26 Year a	Oracle NowkAs	28,010,70 25,718,40 22,964,70	271 -24	Resistories	ung 141 +14	44 +11.8 4% +11.8			-	Luiten Siemes Dantch	738,858 2 724,708 8	18 +0.25 24 +0.2 25 +1.85	Brau®n MAN Altans	71.5 262 61.5	-63 -97 +1.45 -59 -3 -51	Cestinca N. S. S	26,654,11 26,355,91 24,765,70	0 111* +2	Britannia Grp Sherwood Grp	4117	+7 +20.3 +4 +18.8
-			ind. Div. Vield	160 Mar 1	1.59 7 Mart				22,964,70 17,541,20 15,054,50	119 -21	Critic Test	11% -9 113 -3	Ma45.8 2417.4	1990			Bonyear Dit Bix	531,356 36	35 +05	HeidZon Denans Berlik	99 18 5	+26 -50	ic) Asida	23.172.78 21.894.94	20 581 −610 =0 746 +6	Longmead Gr	<b>83'</b> *	+5 +17.5
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•		a ilidari 225	Open	Set	DITCO	-21.90 Change	1347 00 High	1319.40 Low	218 Bat. vol.	4,560 Open int	NI DAX	4203		35.0	+77.0	4253.0	4202.0	889	8,589	Apr III Eureek		711.25	718.25	+17.25	720.00	711.25	4,978	20,829
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#### MONDAY 22

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#### Tackling human rights

The United Nations Human Rights Commission begins its annual six-week session in Geneva to review human rights and fundamental freedoms around the world. The 53-member commission will hear a depressing catalogue of abuses but can do little more than give them a public airing. Nevertheless, countries do not like being the subject of critical resolutions: China is again battling hard to stop one being tabled by the US and European Union. Human rights groups criticise the commission for being too politicised, enabling some egregious offenders to escape censure,

#### The world's water

"Everyone lives downstream" is the theme of World Water Day. According to the UN, as many as half the populations of developing countries are suffering from diseases caused by unsafe water or by organisms that breed in water, such as diarrhoea and malaria. Nor is the problem confined to poor nations. An estimated one in seven Europeans does not have access to safe water, especially in former communist countries, and "medieval" diseases such as cholera and typhoid are staging a comeback.

#### Enersis countdown

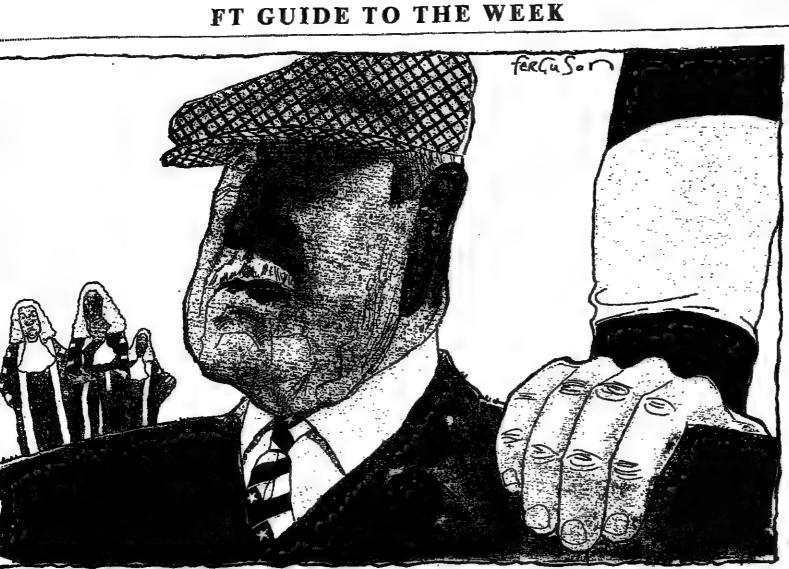
The countdown starts on a second attempt by Endese, Spain's leading power group, to gain outright control of Enersis of Chile, its main investment target in Latin America. Enersis stockholders, including US funds owning Enersis capital in the form of American Depositary Receipts, have until Spm New York time on March 29 to back a change in Enersis' bylaws that will allow Endesa to raise its stak in the company from 32 to 64 per cent through a \$1.45bn (£880m) tender offer. Last month Endesa failed by only one percentage point to gain the required 75 per cent majority for the statutory change.

#### Art from Asia

New York looks to the Asian arts this week. Sotheby's New York and Christle's will both be holding sales during the week that will include



paintings and furniture from india, south-east Asia, China and Japan. Sotheby's will be offering more than 2,000 lots over four days. There will also be an international Asian Arts Fair in the city from March 25-30.



The fate of General Augusto Pinochet lies in the hands of the UK's House of Lords when it rules on Wednesday whether to extradite the former Chileen dictator to Spain

e heads of state summit on Wednesday aimed at acreeino budgetary reform. Topics for discussion include negotlations on a trade agreement with South Africa and relations with the US.

#### Holidays

Japan, Colombia, S Africa, Albania

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#### FT survey Switzerland

TUESDAY 23

#### Opec meets on cuts

Oil ministers from the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries are due to give details of the latest production cuts at a meeting in Vienna. Last week Youcef Yousfi, the Algerian oil minister and Opec's president, said total Opec cuts under the latest production restraint plan amounted to 1.7m barrels a day, while non-Opec states would contribute an additional 400,000 b/d.

consider delaying declaration of a state in the West Bank and Gaza Strip if Europe and the US promised to recognise Palestinian statehood at a later date. Washington has advised Mr Arafat to delay the declaration.

#### Primakov in debt talks

Yevgeny Primakov, the Russian prime minister, is due to fly to Washington for talks with Al Gore, US vice-president. and the International Monetary Fund. Talks will centre on the Russian debt crisis. The Russian media has portrayed the trip as a make-or-break event in Mr Primakov's six-month premiership.

#### Roliday Pakistan

FT surveys Investing in South Africa; Stocks and Derivatives Exchanges

#### WEDNESDAY 24

#### EU budgetary reform European Union heads of state meet in

Arafat due to visit US Berlin for the first time since the Yasser Arafat, the Palestinian leader, is

but Germany wants to concentrate efforts on budgetary reform and may eave the new appointment to a second summit shortly afterwards. The budgetary reform, almed at allowing the EU to enlarge to the east, centres on how member states pay towards the costs of running the union

iarm subsidies and regional aid. Agriculture ministers have agreed on a peckage of ferm reform but heads of government may want further savings in order to stabilise spending. There is pressure for a freeze on

regional aid spending. The debate on budget contributions will focus on a desire by Germany, the Netherlands, Sweden and Austria to cut their spending. The UK says its budget rebate, negotiated by former premier Margaret Thatcher, is not for negotiation, although other countries from Britain.

#### Pinochet judgment

The long-awaited judgment by the House of Lords, the UK's most senior court, on the case involving General Augusto Pinochet, the former dictator of Chile, is due to be made known today. The court is due to rule on whether the general should be granted immunity from prosecution for alleged crimes against humanity or be xtradited to SD IN TO 8 iano ura The judgment is widely regarded as a test case of international human rights law. The Spanish authorities are seeking Gen Pinochet's extradition

from the UK to face charges of torture hostage taking and conspiracy to murder during his rule in the 1970s and 1980s. If the Lords rules in Gen Pinochet's favour, it is expected he will be flown back to Chile within a matter of hours.

#### Finnish poli result

Finland's election boards are scheduled to announce the results of the general election held on March 21. The campaign was described as lacklustre, although last week poils suggested that the mood was swinging against prime minister Paavo Lipponen's Social Democrata. The SDP leads the "rainbow coalition", the five-party administration. One thing, however, seems certain: the outcome will be another multi-party coalition government.

#### FT surveys

FT-IT: Solutions for Electronic Business; Cuba

#### **THURSDAY 25**

#### Daley's mission

William Daley, the US commerce

China on March 28 where he is expected to meet high-level officials for discussions on the economic downtum, trade - a contentious issue - and the forthcoming visit of Zhu Rongji, the Chinese premier, to Washington in April.

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#### Holidays

India (Bombay and Delhi), Cyprus

#### FRIDAY 26

#### Weapons ban plea

President Jiang Zemin of China. addresses the United Nations disarmament conference in Geneva on the last day of its current session. Mr Jiang, who is on a three-nation European tour, is expected to repeat China's call for the conference to negotiate a ban on weapons in outer space. China is bitterly opposed to deployment of a US-backed missile shield in Asia protecting Japan, South Korea and possibly Talwan from missile attack. Russia has also objected to the plan which it says is in breach of a 1972 missile defence treaty.

#### Drug patent talks

Public health and consumer groups, governments, pharmaceutical companies and international bodies, including the World Trade Organisation and World Health Organisation, meet in Geneva to discuss the controversial issue of compulsory licensing of pharmaceuticals patents. The meeting, organised by Médecins Sans Frontières and two other non-governmental organisations, will focus on the Aida epidemic in developing countries and other instances where patients have little or no access to patented drugs.

#### Sevens kick off

Twenty four teams will compete in the gruelling Hong Kong Sevens rugby tournament (to March 28), including Australia, New Zealand, France, Scotland and Samoa.

#### SUNDAY 28

Cuban home run

US major league baseball returns to Cuba for the first time in 40 years with the appearance there of the Baltimore Oricles. The US team will take on the Cuban national team in Havana, The



last games played in Cuba by US shortly after President Fidel Castro's revolution. Compiled by Bob Vincent Fax 44 171 873 3196

Foreign ministers meet

European Union foreign ministers meet In Brussels for their last meeting before

scheduled to visit Washington to meet US president Bill Clinton, Madeleine Albright, the US secretary of state, and other penior officials. Palestinian officials have said that Mr Arafat might

lionation en ma k ot the European Commission over allegations of nepotism and miamanagement. It is possible they will name a successor to Jacques Santer, commission president,

Korea (until March 28) for discussions about trade and business. He will be accompanied by executives from US companies. Mr Daley will travel to

#### **ECONOMIC DIARY**

#### Other economic new

Monday: Growth in US durable goods orders is thought to have slowed in February following a robust increase over the previous three months. The UK's current account is thought have moved back into the red in the fourth quarter. **Tuesday:** Industrial production in Italy is though to have rebounded in January, UK inflation Is forecast to have dropped little in February. Wednesday: German consumer orices are forecast to have been flat March. Thursday: Existing home sales in the US are though to have drifted a little lowe from their high levels last month. Consumer price inflation in the Tokyo area thought to have remained around zero in February. German producer prices an projected to have continued falling in February. French consumer spending is forecast to have fallen in February, while the trade surplus narrowed in Janua Friday: Economic growth i Denmark is thought to have slowed in the fourth quarte following the sharp bounce back in the third.

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. Dey . Reiniged	Country	Economic Butistic	Nodius Forecast	Previous Astuel	- Day Released	Country	Sconomic . Statistic	Foreunet	Previo Actual
Mon	UK	Q4 final GOP**	0.2%	0.2%		EMU	Feb hannonised CPI*	-0.2%	-0.1%
Mar 22	UK	Q4 final GDP*	1.3%	1.3%		EMU	Feb hermonised CP!**	0.8%	0.8%
	UK	Q4 ourrent account	-£1.Sion	22.3bn		Norway	March unemployment rate	2.6%	2.7%
	EMU	Jan PPI*	-0.3%	-0.3%		US .	Initial claims March 20	296,000	298,00
	EMU	Jan PPI**	-2.6%	-2.5%	· .	US	State benefits, Warch 13		2,187,
	Caneda	Jan retail salest	0.5%	-0.3%		US	Feb existing home sales	5.00m	5.07m
Tue	Italy	Jan Industrial production!"	4.3%	-5.4%		US	M1 - week ended March 15	\$2.8bn	-\$9.4b
Mar 29	Italy	Jan Industrial production**		-4.0%		US	M2 - week ended March 15	\$3.9bn	-\$14.5
	Italy	Jan quarterly unemployment	12.3%	12.6%		ິນຮ	M3 - week ended March 15	\$7.1bn	-\$29.7
	UK	Feb RPI*	0.3%	-0.6%	Fri	Aust'lie	Feb motor vehicle registratione	0.0%	-3.4%
	UK	Feb FIPI**	2.2%	2.5%	Mer 26	Japan	Mar CPI" (Tokyo)		-0.2%
	UK	Fab RPIX**	2.5%	2.5%		Japan	Mer CPI ex-perishables**		-0.1%
	UK	Feb EU harmonised CPi		1.6%		Japan	Feb CPt** (Nation)		0.2%
	US	87M-Schroders, March 20		0.2%		Japan	Feb CPI ex-perishables**		-0.196
	US	Redbook, March 20		0.5%		US	Mar Mich sentement fin	105.5	104.7
Wed	UK	Jan globel visible trade	-£2.75n	- <u>£2.2</u> bn		Rafy	Jan hourly wages"		2.2%
Mar 24	UK	Feb ex-EU visible	-2.0bn	-2.2bn		Canada	Feb industrial production Pt*	-0.2%	-0.3%
	US.	Feb durable orders	-1.5%	3.9%	During t	the weak.			
	US	Feb durable shipments		unch		Germany	Feb Ito manufacturing survey balance		-8.1
Thur	France	Jan trade belance†	FFr15.0bn	FFr17,2bn		Germany	Feb import prices*	0.0%	0.0%
Mar 25	France	Feb CPI finel*	-0.3%	-0.3%		Centuany	Feb Import prices**	-5.7%	-5.9%
•	France	Feb CP1 final**	0.2%	0.2%		Japan	Mer trade balance (1st 10 days)		Y1420
	France	Feb household consumption;*	-1.9%	3.6%	-	Jepan	Feb supermarket sales"		-4.2%
	italy	Jan EU tradé balance	1200bn	-L1.000bn		Japan	Feb department store sales"		-1.5%

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- doctor (6) 4 Union members' oratory (6)
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- Lords (4) 13 Peer, but find nothing in
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- team and stride on (6) 16 Even when it's wired cor-
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- 20 Miss spring (4) 21 Wholesome belter I can spread around (10) 23 Made to feel small? (7)
- Unusually stout doctor admitted to be way out (7) 24
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- (3-3) 26 It comes to something when Dad's upset and out of bed (4,2)

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Winner of Puzzle No.9.932; Emma Bennett, Solibull



MONDAY PRIZE CROSSWORD

No.9,944 Set by DANTE

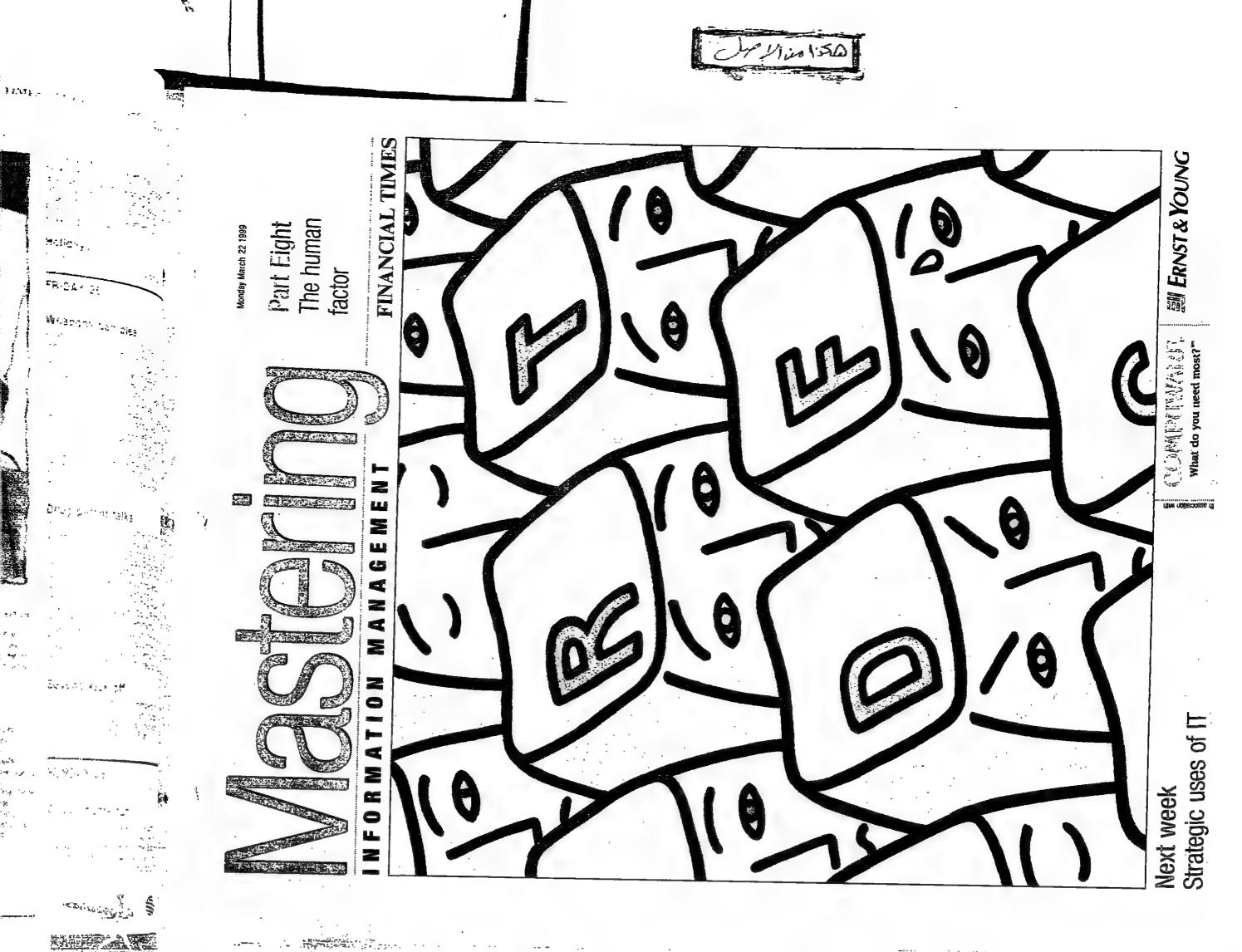
A prize of a Tombow Lucca fountain pen nad rollorball set, worth 1125, will be awarded for the first correct solution opened. Solutions by Thursday April 1, marked Monday Crossword 9,944 on the envelope, to the Financial Times, 1 Southwark Bridge, London SE1 941. Solution on Monday April 5, Please allow 28 days for delivery of prizes.

Solution 9.982

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#### Welcome to Mastering INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

This is the eighth part of our weakly sarles almed at halping FT readers master the management of infor-mation and of the technology that captures, etcres, distributes and processes it inside and outside their organisations.

Part 8 of 12

So far we have looked at the changing information and compatitive environment; the use of iT inside the business and along the supply obsin; the impact of IT on organisational structures; knowledge manage-ment; and the challenging world of e-commerce (for full centents of the series, say the latest synopels on age 16).

This week we turn the spotlight on a theme which has elready run through many articles over the paet seven weeks: the human teator, Research and eneo-dotal evidence confirm that many IT investments fail to schleve the hoped-for results. One significent res-son for this is a failure to understand the people who actually use new technology. Lynne Markue's piece on the opening spread is a thoughtful analysis of the issues for senfor managers.

If you are a "talecommuter" or "homeworker", or If you labour in a "hoteliling" environment, you may well share some of the concerne relead by Thomas Devenport on pages 4 and 6. His article considers the pros and (mostly) cons for workers of the virtual office, and concludes with some vivid observations drawn from his own recent experience.

Chun Wei Choo (pages 7-10) steps back from these organisations! matters to examine a funda-mental question. How do people acquire and process (information? As its points out, managers should be able to design batter information systems if they have a sounder understanding of people's informstion-seeking behavlour.

Wands Orlikowski (pages 10-11) takes up where the first article left off, She distinguishes between "espoused technologias" (what companies install) and "technologies-in-use" (what employees actually use). Unfortunately, managers tend to be better st managing the former than the latter.

Jeff Smith (pages 12-14) cencludes this week's issue by examining different social attitudes to data protection. Different views of privecy in the EU and the US may lead to problems for companies trying to operate in both areas.

This week's letter - whose author will econ to in receipt of a bottle of chempagne - appears at the bottom of page 14, while our glossary of technical terms is on page 15. Please keep the correspondence flowing, and remamber that in Part 12 you will be invuited to test your knowledge and skill with a com-patition Have you Mastered information Management? In Part 11 we plan to publish a reader questionnaire; the feedback we receive will be used in planning future Mastering series.

Please note that our website, *www.fimestering.com* contains summaries of each week's material, plus additional background reading.

\* You can e-mail us at editor.mim©ft.com or write to F7 Mastering, 3rd floor, Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL; for back copies please e-mail backissues.mim©ft.com or telephone +44 (0) 181 763 6363.

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# How workers react

### Summary

enthuslastic, in others poor communication, organisational power shifts the bad news is that many people simply "get by" with IT applications says M. Lynne Markus, negative reactions usually die down as people and a host of other factors can lead to hostility or apathy. Fortunately, learn more and more new IT applications. Unlike managers and IT specialists (who naturally support the systems they buy) their reactions As the pace of technological change accelerates, workers are expected to resource planning packages, which may entail more work for some and do not use them with maximum effectiveness. Worse still, many become accustomed to new systems and glitches are ironed out. But to new technology vary greatly; although in some cases they are companies fail to push for continuous improvement and do not treat training as a priority. Another issue is the rise of standardised enterprise employees in spite of overall benefits. 

Where you stand depends on where you sit. Nowhere is this truer thau in people's reac-people who make decisions about schnologies. The people who make decisions about scopping new technologies – usually line managers and execu-tives – often react favourably, since they play such a prominent role in sequiring technology. In fact, influenced by vendor and media hype, they nught bave unrealistically high expectations – essentially assuming that technology is a magic builtet to cure all promiser the sections.

Technology specialists too are often enfluislastic shout new technologies, not only because they like technology, but because their career auccess may depend on knowing about the latest developments. Surprisingly often, however, specialists may resist pressure from decision-makers to acquire new tech-nologies. These may differ sharply, from those already in use in the organisation, relating the spec-tre of integration challenges and performance prob-lems. The shakedown plaze of any new technology often requires long hours from specialists already stretched by other projects or staff cutbacks. Finally, they may be unwilling to stake their repu-tations on the need to make an unknown technolo-acy work.

N 19 19 19

But the most varied reactions to new informa-tion systems and technologies come from those who are expected to use them. Here reactions range from phobia to enthusiastic acceptance, with real-tance and apathy somewhere in between.

# **Actions and reactions**

Explanations for the reactions of technology users are as varied as the reactions themselves. A common one is the claim that resistance to change is a fundamental human trait. A second explanation focuses on the process of making the changes whether people have had a say in selecting the changes whether people have had a say in selecting the technology or in the way it is introduced and used, how the new technology is communicated, how unuch training and support are provided, and how carefully the rollout is planned and executed. Now well suited it to user's work, how easy it is to learn and to use, how "forgiving" it is of user errors, how reliable, and so forth. Yet another explanation focuses on group and organisational dynamics: the perceived or actual effects of the technology on social relations, the degree to which the technology is promoted by supervisors, man-agers and fellow workers; and the degree to which use of the technology is promoted by human peource policies, such as pay and promotion.

Interviewed and Some years ago, one of my doctoral students ton-ducted an experiment on the effectiveness of 17 training approaches. She selected 60 people who had at least two years of word processing experi-ence then tested their actual level of skill. Two of the 60 experienced users had never learned the basic feature of "word wrap" (in which the soft-ware automatically positions text on a new line when the typist reaches the end of a line). These two people had learned their text-handling skills on manually when they reach the end of a line. Regardless of their training in word pro-cessing, they still had mental models of word processors as typewriters. When they reached the and of a line, they automatically hit the return key – and so never learned that this action is both unnecessary and dysfunctional. This example is not as extreme as it appears. In studies that 1 and colleagues have found that few expe-rienced volcemal users know about or use the fea-

Finally, new technologies often accompany other organisational changes, such as changes in job design or conditions of work. It can be difficult to distinguish people's reactions to the technology from their reactions to other changes. New tech-nology is a convenient scapegost for many work-place dissatisfactors. Clearly, any or all of these factors may play a role in how people react to a new technology. Nevertheless, there are some relatively predictable aspects of such workplace reactions.

Appearances deceive People's initial reactions to new technologies do not always isal. Negative reactions due to fear and uncertainty often evaporate after experience with the technology. Also, early reactions are often besvily conditioned by start-up problems such as downtime, data conversion errors and mistakes by novice users. When these problems are resolved during the shakedown phase, people tend to become more accepting. (However, failure to rejection of the technology.) Another important point is that people's accep-tance of a teclinology does not mean that they are using it effectively or achieving adequate benefits for the organisation. A fair body of research sug-sets that few organisations got full value from their I'I investments, either because people have not learned how to manage its benefits.

ndividual skill

Į hard GLOSSARY 12 send messages to one another's machines; ideally it should allow them to attach files and linu other users' mall addresses. thanes: An extended intranet, based on internet-standard protocols, which allows access via the internet by people outside the enlightse. Toupware: Software that facilitates order management, sales forecasting, and financial and HR management. actronic data interchange (EDI): Transmission of documents via any electronic medium using a set of standard forms, messages Meborative software: Groupware, such as Lotus Notes or Microsoft Exchange. myputer-aided design (CAD): Refers to any computer-enabled method of design; also kiness process re-angineering: An approach to corporate change which emerged in the 1990s; it luvolves analysing companies' core processes and reassembling them in a more a specific purpose. ndwidth: A network's capacity to carry data, nwseer: Software such as Netscape Navigator and Internet Explorer that enables users to explore commence: business transactions conducted electronically, including over the internet, terprise resource planning: An Integrated system of operation applications combining logistics, production, distribution, contract and devices. cation: a piece of software designed to meet particular market. nat: *The* global combiliter natwork: unet: A private natwork within an organ contenunication, co-ordination and efficient way, without functional divides. Information officer (CiO); The senior exec An error in a compu the autside). rcompetition: Aggressive form of competition in which compenies constantly by to redefine the competences needed for success th a vase: A software package for storing data. Inthing: The process of discovering previo unknown information from the data in data which computer processing is distributed among memy individual PCs (clients) and a utive in a company responsible for information management and for delivering IT services. **ware:** The magnetic, mechanical and electric components of a computer and its periphera and data elements. **....** A system that enables computer users to warehouse: A place -- virtual or physical -- in which business information is gathered. t from working property. he worldwide web. tored on the server. ore powerful, central computer (server). Ients can share lites and retrieve data laboration among people. we: The magnetic, mechanical and electrical ti<mark>on systems (IS) strategy:</mark> The Milication and prioritisation of systems of d computer-asa tions for developm technology (IT): The hardware and that is used to process, information. otected from internet traffic by a are that controls access from ther program that prevents ted design. organisation, Viewow now it refers to any personal computer, platforms: The sum of a computer's operating system, hardware architecture and software.
 It defines the applications that can be run.
 program: A set of definitions and instructions software: The programs theil are run on a computer system.
 value chain: Concept widely associated with the management thinker Michael Porter which 'focuses on a company's Internal processes', and the interactions between different.
 elements of the organisation. Analysis of it shows how and where value is added.
 virus: A piece of unauthorised computer code within a tost program; it can be transmitted to other computers via disks and networks. some not. wide area network (Wan): A network of computers over a wide geographical a factional discontinuity. PC: R once meant "not IBM", then "not MacIntosis" Information on a computer. Information on a computer and modern, or accessible by someone with such tools. gerating system: A program that marshels the internal operations of the computerliselt, allocaling memory to work filles, for instance, uredigm shift: Term used to describe a complete re-thinking of the business or economic outlook, caused by a startling Intellectual or computers over a wide geographical area. ortdwide web: en application which runs on the internet; it provides a standard way of publishing and accessing information. intermputar (ar "departmental computer"): A type of computer thet appeared in the early 1970s; a stage in the evolution from mainframes to PCs productivity paradox: A term used to describe the apparent gap between what companies spend on technology and the increase – If any – In their business performance, ntranne: The central processing unit of a large computer, usually receiving input from a There are many types of virus, some harmful, becol: The language that one computer uses to balk to another. celepace: The "marketpiace" in a-commerce, oprocessors: Complex electronic circults that imedia: A comb comprise a computer's central information users to share many different types of unstructured and semi-structured laformation. Lotus is owned by IBM. through creating, sharing and leveraging knowledge and experience from internal and external sources; see MIM 2 and 6. app: Computer Industry Jargon for an application (or other product) that establishes and *unus* donahates a new market category. hat enable a computer to perform a  $t_{i}^{A}$ area network (Lan): A net visidge management (KM): A term with many meanings; it includes deliberate efficiency to maximise an organisation's performance umber of terminels Notes: A proprietary software that allows igraphica area. tion and video used ters in a relatively small ing unit. tion of sound, graphics, to display deliberate efforts work of

Your guide to Mastering

Mastering INFORMATION MANAGEMENT 15

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# INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

INFURING     INFURING       12 part series     INFURING       Week one Feb 1     • Why it's time to tous	• Why it's time to focus	Halorical perspectre:	
Improving company parformance	<ul> <li>Liking IT to business performance</li> <li>Why every business is an information business</li> </ul>	Land Rever's Freelander	:
Week two Feb 8 Competing with Information	<ul> <li>Strategic, implications of the new information, economics</li> <li>Managing information in the marketispace</li> <li>Detamining</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Competitive intelligence and information management the best practices</li> <li>Managing attention how to get listened to</li> </ul>	- :
Week three Feb 15 Managing IT In the business	<ul> <li>The delicata art of managing if perfassionals</li> <li>Gatting the CEO/CIO relationship right</li> <li>Improving the effectiveness of the IT function</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Eastern and western styles of intormation menagement</li> <li>Cove information system capabilities</li> <li>Competing with IT infrastructure</li> </ul>	
Week four Feb 22 The smarter supply chain	<ul> <li>Case studies; competing with networks in the demand chain</li> <li>If and early supplier involvement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Bypassing the distribution channel</li> <li>Enterprise systems and process change</li> <li>Inclementing IT repidly in the supply chain</li> </ul>	
Week five March 1 New organisationsi forms	<ul> <li>"E-lancing" and individualisation</li> <li>Five principles for making the most of IT</li> <li>Combining consonate power with entrepreneuriel aguity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Is standardised global IS worth the bother?</li> <li>Convergence and Intellectual capital</li> </ul>	1
Week six March 8 Knowledge management	<ul> <li>Benefit-orientaled approactives to KM</li> <li>The role of information in KM</li> <li>Chief knowledge officers whet is their role?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A taxonorny of KM</li> <li>Making knowledge visible in organisations</li> </ul>	
Week seven March 15 Electronic commerce	<ul> <li>The economics of e-commerce</li> <li>Business strategy and the internet</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The distribution chailenge of interactive merketing</li> <li>The crucial role of trust and brow companies can gain it</li> <li>interactive consumer someing</li> </ul>	I
This week. March 22 Coping with the papple aspects	<ul> <li>Writauit tititoos and networks</li> <li>Beaulogy issues for the Upper Instructory issues for the Monailing use int technology</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Becorrás é Showing</li> <li>Becorrás é Showing</li> <li>How pocolé rolact solt</li> <li>How pocolé rolact solt</li> <li>Mariange</li> </ul>	-
Week aine March 29 Strategic uses of IT	<ul> <li>Wifty large organisations are at a sustainable disactivantage</li> <li>Aligning and repositioning (IT in the business)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Senior management</li> <li>porspectives on Information</li> <li>use and if</li> </ul>	÷ .
Week ten April 5 Innovation and the learning organisation	<ul> <li>Speeding up and targeting toa generation</li> <li>How IT can Improve organisational learning</li> <li>I</li> </ul>		
April 12 Ioner	<ul> <li>Gurus of the information Age</li> <li>The CEO perspective</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The CIO perspective</li> </ul>	

Conclusion

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Summaries
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# new technology

tures that allow one to send voice messages like e-maile. Most users treat the technology as an answering machine. If the person they are calling does not answer the phone they leave a message. Similarly, they retrieve their own. But they do not it now that it is possible to send a voice message without ringing the other person's phone or to send the same message to multiple partles via a distrib-nution list. Many people bring to voicemail their member in answering machines and do not lisarn the technology's new features. Consider these additional research findings:

• A study by Ronald Rice (Ruigers University) and a collesgue showed that most users of a new digital telephone system knew only a handhi of its hundreds of features. The best users knew per-haps 10 features. The average user could not transfer a phone call.

Studies of spreadsheet use show that user errors in designing and testing spreadsheets abound.

2 Research in human-computer interaction has found individual differences in task-completion times ranging from seven to one in taxt editing t 50 to one in programming, with data refrieval somewhere in between.

Some readers may not be bothered by these statis-tics – after all, how could any one person possibly benefit from all the thousands of features in a prod-uct filte Microsoft Word? But this response ignores the fact that many people simply do not use their PT tools well, even after years of routine use.

Organisational use of IT. If the armistation to think of 1T skill solely in individ-ual farme. Organisations also must learn how to must farme. Organisations also must learn how to must farme. Organisations also must learn how to must farme. Organisations that some organisa-tions learn more and better than others io. A study by Wanda Orlikowski and Marcle Tyre photosistic for the computed by much that technology projects are characterised by short that technology projects are characterised by short bursts of adaptation and learning failowed by much photosistic of adaptation and learning failowed by much that technology upgrade - technology upgrade - technol-gues periods in which technology upgrade - technol-gues programme or a technology upgrade - technol-gues programme or a technology upgrade - technol-gues programme or a technology upgrade - technol-gues programme or a technology upgrade - technol-gues programme or a technology upgrade - technol-gues programme or a technology upgrade - technol-gues programme or a technology upgrade - technol-gues programme or a technology upgrade - technol-gues programme or a technology upgrade - technol-gues programme or a technology upgrade - technol-pens to untrease the attration - waves ' with the programme or a technology upgrade - technology use technology use in small Singstorean busineess comparates to untrease of the technology upgrade - technol-technology use in small Singstorean busineess comparates usually computerisation in the technology use in the technology use in studies technology use in small Singstorean busineess comparates the effective organisational perfor-ment. These studies suggest that effective organisa-tions do not leave IT projects attration when the technology termine organisations and subteriment. They are the terming about 1T is proveneent. Organisational learning about 1T is proveneent. Organisational learning about 1T is the proveneent organisational learning about 1T is the proveneent.

**Managing people's IT skills** The two most obvious ways to improve individuals' akill at using IT are training (and ratenting) and making technology easier to use. While both of these methods are important, neither is a sure-fire cure-all. And there are many barriers to these strategies, a fact that underscores the need for IT learning management.

Then the second three kinds of knowledge by a skillul IT users need three kinds of knowledge by a boot when to use them and why; and knowledge boot when to use them to mean the part in the problem and the problem and the problem and the part of the transmost and the part of the part of the problem and the part of the problem and the part of the problem and the part of the problem and the part of the problem and the part of the problem and the part of the problem and the part of the problem and the part of the problem and the problem and the part of the problem and the problem and the problem and the part of the problem and the problem and the part of the problem and the problem

Ease of use There is ample evidence that the quality of the continuent interface between technology and the user makes a conditioned of the continuent interface between the state of the s

downside was that organisations rarely achieved improvement in performance. (No pain, no gain) Today, many organisations recognise that their work practices may not be effective relative to benchmark companies. In additton, software pack-ages have become widely available, and are much cheaper than bespoke software. But the long-term benchmark companies. In additton, software pack-ages have become widely available, and are much cheaper than bespoke software require companies to addit their work practices to software ather than the other way round. Customising package soft-waro to a bushness's needs usually makes uggrad-ing difficult and cosity. The net effect of these installing new software that is harder for employ-ses to use then the software that is harder for employ-mentification the software that is harder for employ-trends is that organisations may find themsolves installing new software that is harder for employ-trends is that organisation the package. In many parts of the organisation the package. In many parts of the organisation the package in the cost in the maintenance department. Customers tore. The old software allowed maintenance work-ers to enter for service in backles of 10 or independent information each time. More the organisation each time. More repair order. The new software required a store the change. They expected that the next required to the software allowed maintenance work ers to enter multiple repair them on a single cus-tore the change. They expected that the total ben-define the change. They expected that the total ben-effectively increase each worker's daily workload form costs and that the software vendor would fould the transford that the maintenance would for the software would outweigh an increase in do not provide for such provide for such provide for such provide for such provide for such provide for such provide for such provide for such provide for such provide for such provide for such provide for such provide for such provide for such provide for such provid

**EVER Taster Vendors** Improve their products over time, problems like those of the maintenance department may well desppear. However, organisations will only reap the benefits of new releases if they do, in fact, upgrade. And here we have para independent may well desppear. However, organisations will only reap the benefits of new releases if they do, in fact, upgrade. And here we have para products not the interventing challenge new T posses independent in organisations will be expected to segminate new tersions of ERP editware "in play" provide than three versions of ERP editware. The pass independent in three versions of ERP editware "in play" is any given time; the old version; the new version; diven the rate at which ERP wells, produce new version; diven the rate at which ERP wells, then and organisation learning. The heat at with a release for more than 13 to 19 months]. The house rate at which ERP wells, in a dopting new software must surely be related to now quickly people can learn to use it well. The house random to use the organisation bas of achieving provide land organisation has of a chieving provide land organisation has of a chieving provide the new version; diventing and with a latter endance in a latter organisation could benefit in a 1240-18-month implementation organisation and use role or now quickly people can learn to use it well. The house rate at the organisation and hell of now quickly people can learn to use it wells in this time will require organisation has of achieving provide the set of now quickly people can learn to use it wells and y the information organisation has of a chieving provide the new organisation has of a chieving the benefit in a 1240-18-month implementation organisation and use to now quickly people can learn to use it wells in this and of the at all 17 adoption and use it wells in this time will require organisation has the provide and the set of now quickly people can learn to use it wells the provide tern all the dimension organisation has the provide tern all

## This week

How workers react to new technology M. Lynne Markus considers some of the problems that arise when organisations introduce new lechnologies. Pages 2-3

One cheer for the virtual office Thomas Davenport considers the pros and cons of different "virtual office" arrangements. Pages 4-6

**Closing the cognitive gaps: how people process information Chun Wei Choo** looks at the cognitive, emotional and environmental factors that influence the way people seek information. **Pages 7-10** 

Managing use not technology: a view from the trenches

هجذا من الإصل

The "IT productivity paradox" arises from the fact that managers focus on technology rather than on how paople use #, says Wanda Oritkowski. Pages 10-11

Two views of data protection Jeff Smith describes the contrasting attitudes to privecy in the EU and the US. Pages 12-14

COVER ILLUSTRATION: David Webster

# ORMATION MANAGEMENT 14 Mestering INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

Continued from page 12 gin, political opinions, religious or philosophical the beliefs, trade-union membership, and data about convis health or sex life. It is certainly concelvable that credit card transaction data could provide fundormation on these categories (for example, pur-chases of roligious books). The credit card issuer would be prohibited from making use of data in thuse categories without the consumer's explicit permission. The company could not assume that a fuctor for notification implied consent. This example is just one of many that transcend industries and data types - and that cause misun-derstandings when executives with one set of assumptions about privacy do business in a coun-try that embraces a different set.

Implications for commerce three involve personal data, there are three important involve personal data, there are three important implications. For executives contemplating initiatives that implications. Frast, know the law in all the countries where you may do business or where you may collect, store, use or transfor data. In anany cases, a comprise store, use or transfor data. In anany cases, a comprise store, use or transfor data. In anany cases, a comprise store, use or transfor data. In anany cases, a comprise store, use or transfor data. In anany cases, a comprise store, use or transfor data. In anany cases, a comprise store, use or transfor data. In anany cases, a comprise store, use or transfor data that pass through the country, orean if the data are never actually used in the rounder of conformity in guronements are stored a certain amount of conformity in guropean law, but there are stored a occupy the same continent, their usproaches. Conformity may also be lacking in the usproaches to privacy regulation are quite distinct. Also constiler that, even within one country, *F* 

there can be many subdivisions of privacy law. For example, in the US many state statutes are for more restrictive than the federal law, and in corner restrictive than the federal law, and in a norm restrictive than the provinces have separate legislation and there are multiple privacy commissioners. Second, know the practices. In many industries, what might be called "generally accepted privacy practices" are emsrging, even though these proc-ified by industry associations (for example, the Direct Marketing Associations in both the US and constitutes are ontentially be more important if the by industry associations in both the US and Direct Marketing Associations in both the US and constitutes in determining privacy expecta-tions. Third, know the culture. History is full of exam-ption of marketing approaches that worked well in one country but failed mascraling in another, such than legal dictates in determining privacy expecta-tions. Third, know the culture. History is full of exam-ption of marketing approaches that worked well in one country but failed mascraling privacy expecta-tions. The such practicos uny ventually be more important than legal dictates in determining privacy expecta-tions. The such practicos uny ventuality contantes in the origination of the collection, use and sharing of data that is perfectly consistent with law and proversitions that are responding with restrictions on the originations what are neither consistent in or with way. But, at the same time, most industrialised countries are responding with restrictions on the originations that are neither consistent or fully predictable. Indeed, in many countries, it is compe-tions - rather than consumers - that are receiving the closest acrutiny.

Proventing more towards the Buropean model. Also consider that, even within one councy. Also consider that, even within one councy. Also consider that, even within one councy. Also consider that, even within one councy. Also consider that, even within one councy. Also consider that, even within one councy. Also consider that, even within one councy. Also consider that, even within one councy. Also consider that, even within one councy. Also consider that, even within the that are have been also be also and data with the that are have been also been the provise and councy that data subjects are also prevent the that and been that and that within the data and be used, and data with each that and be the and that and the the transfer of t

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Further reading

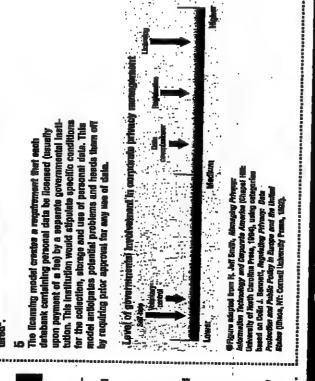
# Government involvement in privacy management

1 The "soft-heft" model depends on data subjects" chal-lenging insponsprists record-kaeping practices. Subjects have rights of access and correction but they are respon-able for identifying problems and laking these to ceert. 2 The "voltantary corritor" model raffee on self-regulation on the part of corporations. The law defines specific rules and requires that each company ensure scangil-acce.

American privacy laws are well documented by Paul M. Schwartz and Joel R. Reichenberg, Deale Privacy Law (Chartotteserlie, VA: Michie Law Publiahens, 1996). For late-breaking developments, see the Privecy Times neweletier, published by Evan Henrichces PO Box 21501, Weshington, DC, 20009, LSA). ' Europeen privacy legislation is covered well by the Privecy Laws and Business reweletter, published by Stewart H. Dressner Rhoseh House, Startfreshury Avenue, Harrow, Muddesser, HA2 OPZ, UR).

3 The "data commissioner" model relies on the ambude-man concept. The commissioner has no powere of regu-lation but relies on complaints from ditzens, which are investigated. The commissioner is viewed as an expert who should advise on data handilng, monitor technology and make proposals, and laspect some data-proceeding operations.

4 The "registration" model oreates a requirement their excit databank containing personal data be registored (usually upon payment of a fee) by a separate governmental insti-upon payment of a fee) by a separate governmental insti-tuition. Although the databanks must be registered, the povernmental institution has no right to block the ora-sovernmental institution has no right to block the ora-data protection principles weekid a system by "daregis-tered".



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# KM and the corporate librarian

#### Dear Sir<sub>r</sub>

As a final-year undergraduate student of library and information actence, whose dissertation investigates the role of knowledge management in National Health Service libraries, I appreciated the KM ape-cial (MIM 6). However, not once did the role of the librarian feature in any of the articles – a discon-cerling omission for someone about to enter the profession.

Philip Manchester (page 11) refers to "tools for knowledge management"; well, the fibrarian's skills of searching for, retreving, eveluating, packaging and targeting information – and of giving it some human "spin" by adding taolt knowledge gained from treining and experience – make him or har the ultimate knowledge tool. Of ourse, internet applica-tions such as intelligent agents have their place, and play a major role in helping the librarian to give rollo- added service; but organisations that seek implement KM could gain substantial benefits #

Certainly, bring in CKOs on tamporary contracts — but employ a librarian as part of the management train and receive a continuous KM service with elout.

Yours taithfully,

Carols Keelling Department of Information and Commi Manchester Netropolition University

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4 Mastering INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

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less than anayon - proserver and appartive aspects averaled both positive and negative aspects at offices; both of which TU describe below, s the end of the period in which we did the h, some early adopters of virtual offices egimning to question and even reject their rangements. This development, and several rungements. This development, and several nutlies the article "Two Cheers for the Virtual nutlies the article "Two Cheers for the Virtual auguesting that these work arrangements" s the author, Karl Paarison, and I on "virtual offices" – altar-gements in which informadirect contau heal office loc With Q

For the peak server months, however, I've worked regularly in a virtual office. As a result of the "par-ticipant observation" I am more negative shout vir-tual offices than before, at least for knowledge workers such as tesearchers and consultants. In most cases, I don't think the linknoial sevings equal the human costs, in this myleight if describe both my accelerate research this hydroguest, it's important to note that negative shout vir-productivity and performance at either the induvid ual, or the organizations of virtual offices for productivity and performance at either the induvid ual, or the organizational laws. It is difficult to aboy the direct effects of almost anything (includ-ing Ti' in general) on worker, or company, perfor-mance, As with the question of closed offices ver-manice, as the basis for deciding which atrange ment to adopt. In today's labour market, however, preferences may be enough. If good workers are hard to find, and if workers prefer – ell other things being equal – nonvirtual offices, perhaps they etug equal - n hould have them

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# What is a virtual office?

The concept of the "virtual office" actually refers to a range of alternative work arrangements, with varying degrees of presence outside a physical office. The different virtual office environments are displayed on the continuum in Figure 1.

Telecommuting At the most stationary extreme, the term "telecom-muting" usually (but not always; there is little pre-cision in the language of virtuality) refers to work-ers with fixed offices who occasionally – often one day a week ~ work is home. This arrangement was the most common one we found in our research into virtual office policies in US companies. "The primary benefit of telecommuting is worker flexibility, and perhaps increased productivity (but this is soldon measured) for individual employees, Because no office space is freed up, there are few cost asvings; because the virtual work is only occa-sional, there is little need for new management approaches. It is a low-risk; low-reward option.

Tethered in office Further along the continuum is the tethered work, er, who has some mobility but is expected to report to an office on a regular basis. These workers have no fixed office but they do have a fixed work loca-tion. When the advertising agency Chiat/Day opened new offices in New York and Los Angeles, for example, it initially adopted the tethered arrangement. Workers checked into the building in the morning and received a mobile phone and isp-top computer. They were then free to wander around the office or nearby.

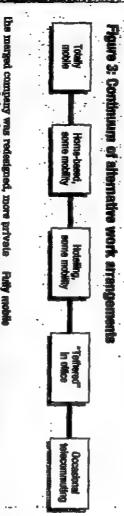
the mean free to wander around the office or nearby. "This type of arrangement is not common enough to yield generalisations about its success, but it led to yield generalisations about its success, but it led to problems at Chiat/Day. (The company's innova-tive virtual office design received acciatin from architectural critics. But some workers found it dif-ficult to be creative and to work with - or oren locate - their teams in tethered mode. And when Chiat/Day was bought by another agency, new managers were concerned that workers who could not find productive spaces in which to work were simply staying at home. As one manager put it, "We didn't want people thinking that they didn't have to come to the office any more." The space in

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he virtual office covers a range of working arrangements al arrangements voluntary. He concludes with some " programmes -- but informal analysis suggests that the has slowed in the last couple of years. Cost and worker ct talented staff and, where possible, companies should ople and materials often outweigh them. These can ith the corporate culture, communication difficulties, and the main benefits of virtuality but shortcomings such as sumer products industries have been quickest to cording to Thomas Davenport, the IT, professional bility of the kind practised by field sales and customer elecommuting, with perhaps one day a week spent at as the author points out, desirable offices may be a

artsing from his own experience in a "hotelling" environment



the marged company was redesigned, more private spaces were added and workers were given their own phones and computers.

A a vacuum. phone calls and link their laptop commu-network. The hotel space may be in a city building previously used for traditional off it may be in some suburban location spe-selected for mobile work. IBM calls its at hotels "Productivity Centers". Hotelling is hotels "Productivity Centers". Hotelling is atomer programmes. Workars come in Lee occasionally but because they are sent they are not given a fixed offices stead, they can reserve a hotel "room" (mo a cubicle) where they can receive and one calls and link their laptop computer. telling is another type of virtual work which is an coupled with work-at-home or work-at-the Dity rrofassional services fi primarily because their working at client sites еіт регеорл E Co

e workers have no office at all other than a in their homes. They may go to customer have equipped TOL SELATOR

sites on some days. Company programmed such as those at AT&T and Hewlett-Packard have equipmont and high-speed phone lines. The work in this situ-ation is largely performed on the computer and the telephone; typical activities are customer service, telemarketing or computer programming. The benefits of this arrangement are work flext-bility and freedom from commuting for workers, and reduced office space costs for employers. Of course, it is not an easy solution for individuals who face obstacles posed by children, at-home spouses and small dweilings without adequate space for the computer, fax, desk and files. Home offices reduce costs by replacing the company's real estate with the employees – a proposition of questionable fairness. Some research has suggested that home offices are borniar with workers for a two fices are popular with we but often fall from favou work flext-yr workers,

Fully mobile
 Finally, fully mobile workers may not even have home affices. They are expected to be on the road or at customer sites during the working day. Most workers of this type were already mobile before the virtual office era but were just not as well con-senseted to their companies. Typical fully mobile workers include field sales and customer service

"or example, pharmaceutical representa such as these et Astra and Pfizer, view their o as their portable computers and files kept in cars. Oth Elevator service personnel have fully mobile for several years. The virtues of approach centre on the ability of mobile work-spend more time with customer-ty of total mobility. view their o

ng workers to c

While most of the companies we surveyed used while most of the companies we surveyed used only one or two types of virtual work, a large con-poration might eventually employ all the types for different workers. In our survey, we found the most common combination beyond casual telecommut-

ing was a home programme coupled with a coupled wit

How prevalent are

virtual offices?

Two years ago, when we completed our survey of large US companies, virtual offices of one type or another were quite popular, and becoming more so. At that thus about 30 per cent of these comparies had a formal programme for some sort of alterna-tive work arrangement in piece, and another 15 per cent were planning to institute one. Many more comparies allowed occasional talecommuting on an informal basis.

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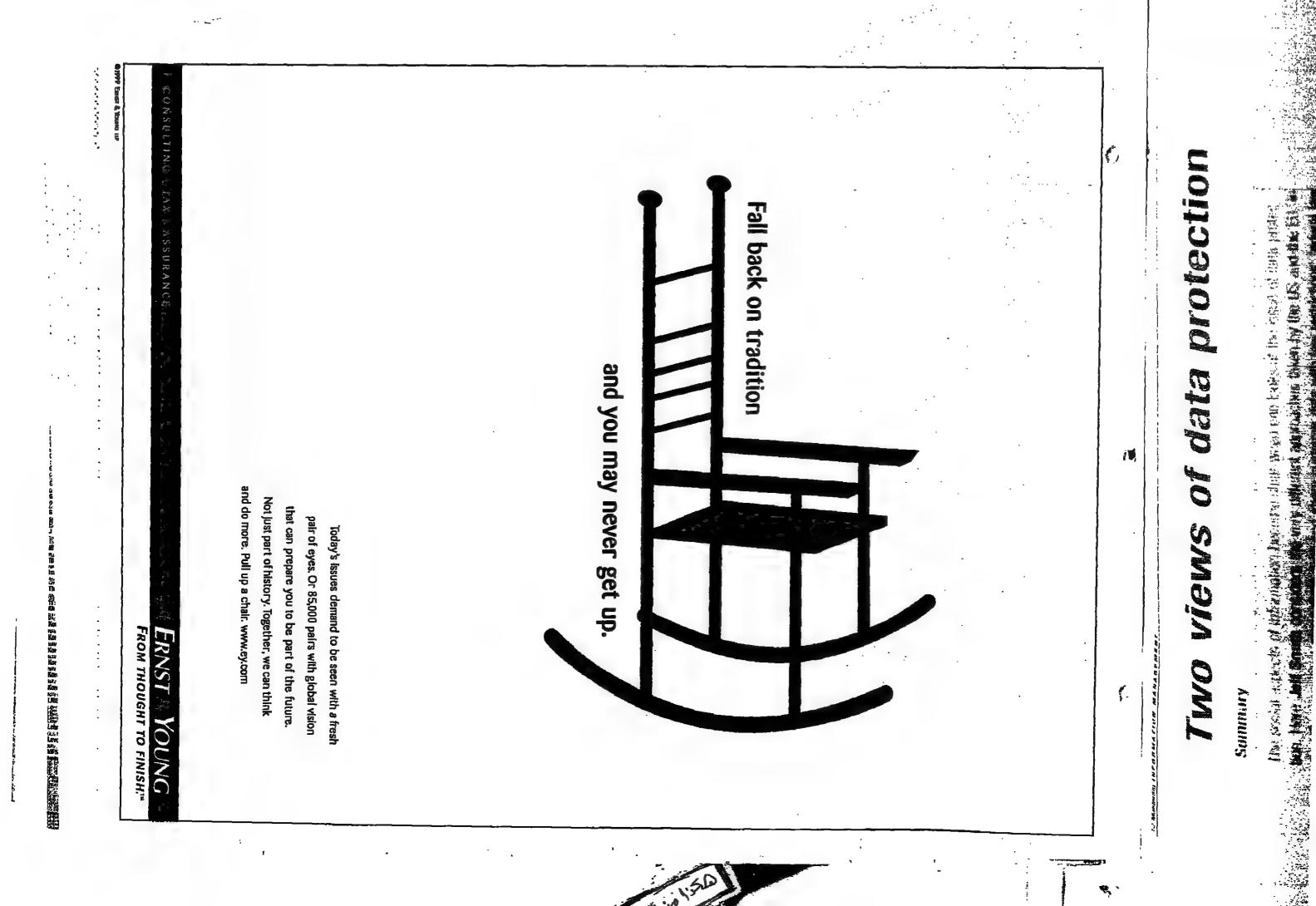
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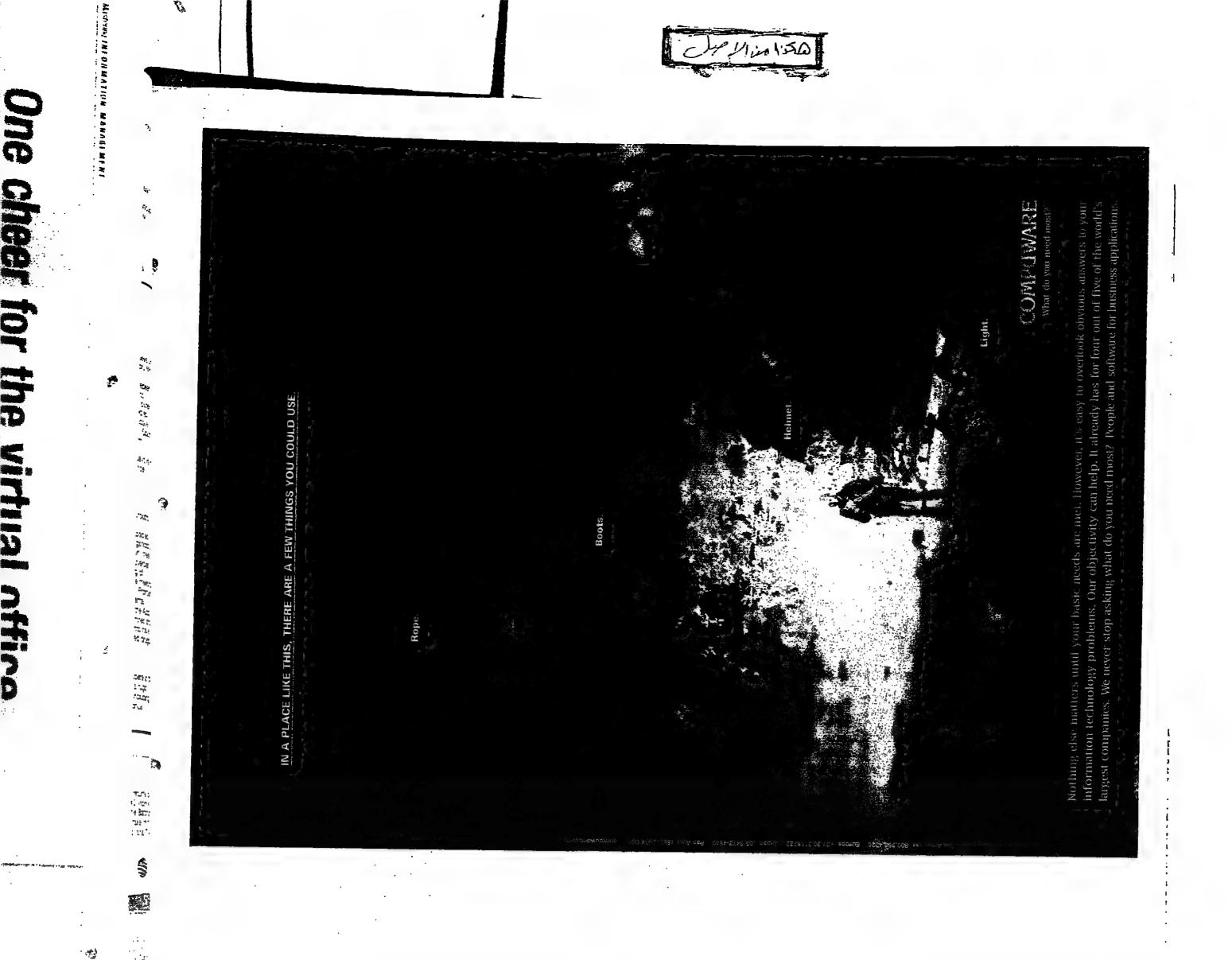
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# 12 Mastering IN FORMATION

# Two views of data protection

### Summary

the US companies can collect, use and share customer data with few restrictions; federal law seldom requires them to tell consumers about secondary use of data, or to offer "opt outs". In Europe, by contrast, consumers are assumed to have a legal interest in data about them-selves; companies must inform them if they want to use the data for purposes other than billing, and provide clear "opt outs", laws, industry practices and cultures. tion. Here Jeff Smith considers the very different approaches taken by the US and the EU. In The social aspects of information become clear when one looks at the issue of data protec-

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Approaches and privacy regulation can be roughly categoriaed according to the level of governmental involvement in corporate management of privacy issues. Self-help and voluntary regulation can be the undels, both observed to some degree in the US. are in many respects consistent with a market and proceed to privacy. In these models there is no governmental "bureau of privacy regulation models, buth overall responsibility for privacy regulation. More common in Europe are the registration models ruch as the locarity model. Registration models, such as the locarity prover enter the registration models such the locarity for privacy regulation. More common in Europe are the registration models registration models is such as the locarity power that the locarity for privacy regulation with any the locarity power that the locarity is the registration model and the locarity power that does not atthem to writh a supervect as appropriate practice power (util the DIB gives is the registration models, such as Swelens, provide for a federal bureou with proval, a company that does not atthem to a supervise the sum of the non-regulation the sum of the sum of the sum of the sum of the non-regulation to a privacy as a supervised of the condition, the other provent in the sum of the sum of the regulation to a privacy in the sum of the regulation. The other provent is the non-regulation the sum of the number of a sum of the regulation of a sum of the sum of the number of a sum of the regulation of the sum of the number of a sum of the sum of the number of the sum of the regulation. The of the sum of the number of the number of the sum of the sum of the regulation of a sum of the number of the sum of the number of the regulation of the sum of the number of the regulation of the number of the number of the regulation.

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did agree to give more explicit explanations about its use of transaction data.) To effect an "opt-out", applicants are sometimes given a small box to tick, and existing carditoiders are often rasked to write to a certain address (sometimes a toll-free phone num-ber is provided). The general assumption of this approach is that transaction data belong to the company and that, without overt action on the part of the consumer, such data may be used as the company wishes. Notifications and "opt out" provisions are often seen as a courtesy to consumers rather than as an obligation on the part of the company.

The approach would not be acceptable under what is constituent would not be acceptable under what is constituent with the 1980 gU Data Proteiner) model is a proteined in the result of the structure main purposes that the constant frame of the structure main proteine is a structure structure and that a proteined is the frame of the structure and the structure structure and the structure structure and the structure

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AB made the greatest use of vir-ty were the IT industry (for kT. Facific Bell, Hewleti-wrox), which had a reason to its products, and the profa-try The consumer products procter & Gamble) was also les forces travelled frequently na

of popularity) were field sales a cal support, staff functions (M cos, procurement, legal), produ-engineering, research and gene Almost all of the jobs involved a electronic information. inees functions for virtual urity) were field sales and urt, staff fraction

# The benefits of virtual offices

to involve hotall udy companies ints for two main lence. Cost-orient lve hotalling, hon litty. They were hilding or stron hilding or stron t offices. These p t offices. These p dopted virtual wor easona: cost and work ted programmas tand sbased programmas o generally mandator iy discouraging fixed

 naturally, 'our summer with workers naturally popular with workers ave as much money in office costs but in value in terms of increased employ-and personal productivity levels could al. It is difficult to measure such bene-ariy in comparison to the "hard" sav-19 9 19

Virtual offices have some henefits, but the short-comings often outweigh them. Below are a list of potential problems resulting from trading technol-ogy for offices, and some suggestions for how to address them: Problems with virtual offices

Corporate culture Offices are a pla into the culture in virtual setting the "HP Way" o which is the best which is the best virtual offices restricted to emp culture Ŋ e socialised ew workers ity to leatm

Loyalty Offices creats an During an era already seems at an all-tim place to go to work probabl alty. This is particularly based or fully mobile work have offices, other source events, svidence of concert and high remuneration - s boost retention. 20 **P**.

y information. The com diary of Hewlet-Packard dagree of information fu a even though workers 1 017, 811d ared around Chat

Access to people Access to people Offices are also a place where people can find one another. Technology is addressing this problem but it is still hard to find people when they are no in the office. Virtual office-orientated comparise should make special attempts to keep track of workers without being too invasive.

agerial acatrol ce presence tells the wo ny managers are only a erve their subordinatas tire shifts in performan tire shifts in performan iversid results, rather t s process. a tells the world that one is working, as are only comfortable if they can subordinates at work. Virtual offices in performance cultures to emphasize uits, rather than observation of the

menuta, and large, expensive examples of (such as large office equipment or i machines) – all key sources of learning a mation – are less so. Contrary to popular not all information and knowledge resour the internet or in electronic form. Access ments is particularly important for reso marketing-orientated workers. cees to materials : fices are normally attuate the of work. Computers a riable, but filing cabinets mis, and large, expensiv tuated near the physical a lars and telephones are n inets, books and other do sourlye examples of produ research and

Nona of these issues is impossible to overcome, but together they can add up to an ineffective work environment. In labour markets where skilled knowledge workers are difficult to hire, the fact

that many workers d be the biggest shor desire for a place of genes. In any case, desirable offices may ented workers. At a between virtual offi-and worker attuati abould often be voly utery rather than es and that virtual 8 258

# Personal experiences

For the past few months I have worked in a hotalling environment. Every day I am in the office, I must reserve a space; most of the time I get a different office each day. I plug my laptop into the network; my phone rings wherever I happen to be that day. At the and of each day I must clean up my assigned office, remove all evidence of my presence and put my belongings into my briefcase. As a relatively senior person in this office, I receive the maximum allocation - three file draw-

ars - for storage, but they are two floors away, so rarely use them. My firm's implementation of virit tual offices is relatively advanced, with appealing architecture, sophisticated information systems for extra subsidised services (massages, car washes on Fridays, dry cleaning drop-off) as compensation for the lack of a fixed office.
I am hot particularly happy with this arrent, nor are the co-workers i hormally. I have used

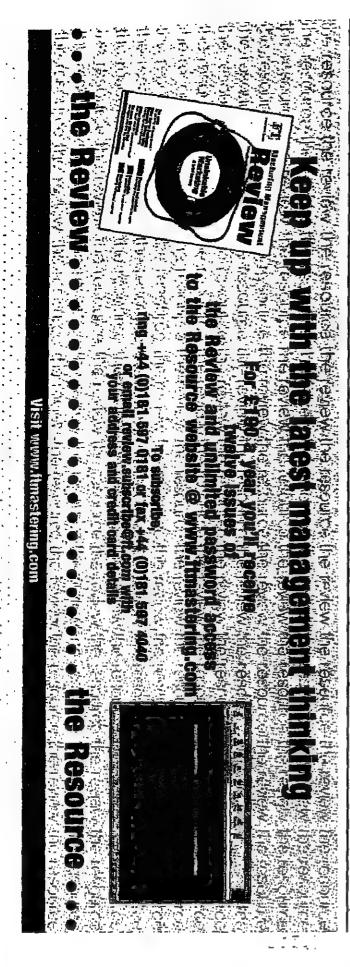
I am not particularly happy with this arrange-ment; nor are the co-workers I have canvassed informally. I have used more of the available ser-vices and the fact that I cannot heave things (work in progress, coffee mugs, message slips, and so on) in my office overnight is a major inconvenience. Along with many of my colleagues, I prefer to work at home rather than coming into the office, which of course hinders our ability to communicate. When I do come in, the odds that I will know my neighbours are smail and I usually do not bother getting to know them, since they'll be sitting in

some other neighbo My work is unli office in that I do bence in the office physical documents pie) on a daily basis an exception in my To their credit, allowed me to tred my research centre like that of many others in my office consulting work (and am the often), and need to use many to (hooks and articles, for exam-tis. Nevertheless, policy prohibits to can

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reading Further

Devenport, T.H. and Peerison, K.L. (1998) "Two cheers for the virtuel office", Sloen Management Review

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MANAGEMENT to Masiering INFORMATION

# lew from the trenches laging use not technology:

ind Donald Schon, the author distinguishes between "espoused technologies" -- what companies buy and install eturns from the use of technology not technology itself. Drawing on the work of social scientists Chris Argyris icrease in productivity. Yet according to Wanda Orlikowski, the paradox is misconceived: we should expect the Than technology itself should be evaluated, and innovative uses of IT should be rewarded. te technology to share knowledge - because of a competitive, individualistic culture, say - then the company he "It productly ity paradox" arises from the fact that companies spend billions on IT with no commensurate usinesses must dedicate resources over time to help employees develop effective use habits; use of technology It no see the feturns it anticipates. The problem is that we are not very good at managing technology use. and "technologies-in-use" - what employees actually use. For example, a company that invests in groupware light look at the number of user accounts and judge the project to be a success; but if no one actually uses Vehille \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 

reverded for distinct functional contributions and individual patent applications. Not surprisingly, they chose to maximise their personal initiatives and to minimise their perticipation in cross-func-tional work. As a result, their use of Notes was lim-ited and the company filled to realise the potential of the forcement of a communication of the potential of

Its investment in groupware. Focusing on espoused technologies rather than bechnologies-in-use is not just an issue for corpora-tions; it is also one for research. Another "technol-ogy paradox" was recently generated by a report from the HomeNet project, a multi-year research study at Carnegle Mellon University. The study is examining the internet usage of about 100 families in Pittsburgh during their first few years online. Its current, surprising, findings are that "using the internet at home causes small but reliable declines in social and psychological well-being". As this project is being conducted with considerable care by leading social researchers of computing, we have no reason to disbelieve the results. Yet many find them disquieting because they are at odds with popular beliefs and personal experiences. Users of the Well, for example, a virtual commu-nity on the internet, report quite ullfarent experi-ences. As chronicled by Howard Rheingold, the American social commantator, members of the Well offer each other aocial ties, friendable and emontional annort.

otional auggort. Munilarly, American journalist Andrew Lau ports that the internet is being used to create a bal community aznong the 2.5m Vistnamese dis-used by the Vistnam war and now living on five forent continents. Through websites devoted to breast continents. Through websites devoted to atnamese history, culture and news, many

Steps towards managing use of technology • Recognise that the technologies installed in your organisation are not synony-mous with the use of those technologies in predice. • Understand that only use of technology can produce organisational results, and that such use will be both anticipated and unanticipated.

Help people understam cesses and problems. nd how use of technology relates to their everyday work

Acknowledge that effective use of technology must evolve over time.

Mooate at least as much attention, effort and resc schuology as to its installation and maintenance. rowces to the day-to-day use

Facilitate evolving use through long-larm assignment of resour rendal and lectrolcal. 1008 - Number

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ward the aftert involved in use innovations, not the outcame

Assess the use of technology, not the technology installed.

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Vietnamsee immigrants have created a "Virtual Vietnam", establishing social links and reconnecting with their cultural heritage.
How can we explain these different experionces of the same technology? The answer lies in the difference between espoused technologics and type rologies-in-use. Stories of the Well and Virtual Vietnam are descriptions of technologies. In Virtual Vietnam are descriptions of technologies. Internet use" - number of hours connected to the internet use" internet of supposed technologies. Internet with they "surf" atmiesaly, shop for books, internet with they "surf" atmiesaly, shop for books, internet with they "surf" atmiesaly shop for books, internet with they "surf" atmiesaly shop for books, internet with they "surf" atmiesaly shop for books, internet with they "sorted by the project may be associated with the support of the Pritebological well-being in presented in terms of technologies-in-use.
The decline is social and psychological well-being reported by the project may be associated with the specific technologies-in-use into the result of some general "inisize they may also help us make some of and deal with the broad er "IT productivity paradox".

Practical consequences

What does this all mean for practice? It suggests that we need to transfer our energies from primar-ily managing technology to also managing the use of technology. It requires us to take seriously the difference between the technologies we buy and the

reading Further

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Orthcowsid, W.J. et al. (1994) "Helping CSCW applications", Proceedings of the Fourth Conference on Computer-Supported Co-operative Work, Chapel Hill, NC (October): 55-65.

Orlikowski W.J. and Holman, J.D. (1997) "An Improvisational model of change management: the case of groupware technoto-gles", Sloan Management Review 36 (2, winter);

11-21

actual use that is made of them. While acquiring and implementing appropriate technology is clear-ly necessary, that is insufficient to ensure effective or indeed any - use. Taking use seriously requires managers to dedicate resources to holp users build effective use babils. For example, my colleagues and I studied the implementation and use of a new computer confer-encing technology in a Japaness company's prod-uct development group. The introduction of the tachnology was managed by sine of the group's 150 members. They not only had the requisite technical knowhow but more importantly, because they were already accustomed to using the technology, they had the skills meded to make recommendations for effective use. The conferencing tool was thus not presented to users as a new technology, but as a solution to a particular problem in their work - in this case, the coordination of product development activities across six subgroups, two buildings and 17 months.

Traking use seriously requires resources to be available over time to support not just the evolving technology but also people's evolving use. It suggests expecting variation in use over time and as conditions to be corrected but improvisations to be covaried to a seriously assumes the deviations to be corrected but improvisations to be covaried to a seriously assumes the deviations to be covaried but improvisations to be covaried to a seriously assumes the deviations that improve practice, yet not punish those that do not. Taking use seriously assumes the deviation on, use.
 For example, a software company that successfully implemented Notes to assist customer support, permanently assigned two technical experiments to the customer support department. Their task was to facilitate users' initial adoption and their long-term use of Notes. The department's managers understood that in practices and over time, technologies bereak down, requirements change, use evolves and learning takes place; so to ensure continue effective use of Notes in the department. Their task was to facilitate users' output.
 More the way it was deployed to increase the functional experiment, and were able to improve the way it was deployed to increase the quantity and quality of users' output.
 Managers must move from managing or fixing the easy technology is used. In over a decade of studying the use of Jr in the trencies, I have more offul

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# how people process information Closing the cognitive gaps:

We often see "information" described as a "thing" resource". This implies that information is "resource". This implies that information is "thing" that resides in documents, information is assumed to be constant, unchanging. Its meaning is fixed by its representation in the artifact. A complementary view is to look at information in the structing meaning out of measures and cues information nakes not in artifacts but in individuals actively create the moming of information in the artifact. When we trust information as an object, we are concerned with now to avoinine the information that we have in order to make it easier to use. When we treat information as constructed by people, we are concerned with understanding the social and behavioural processes through its in which it is created and behavioural processes through the information that we have in order to make it easier to use that we treat information setting a meaning the social and behavioural processes through the information that we have in order to make it easier to use that we have in order to make it easier to use that we have in order to make it easier to use that we have in order to make it easier to use that we have in order to make it easier to use that we treat information systems. A finiter understanding of information setting as in which it is created and behaviour setting in the easier boundered determine its value. A finiter understanding of information setting and information setting and information setting and information setting and information setting and information setting and information setting and information the article we will examine the complementer of information setting and information setting and information setting and information setting and information setting and information setting and information setting and information setting and information setting and information setting and information setting and information setting and information setting and information setting and information setting and information setting an

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Figure 1: Numen information

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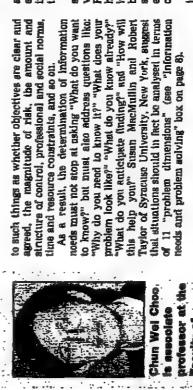
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Summary

tion. The three basic steps are determination of information needs, information seeking and information use, each of which can be considered in terms of cognitive, emotional and situa-tional factors. Information needs arise when people experience "cognitive gaps" that hinder their progress and induce uncertainty; to bridge these, they must seek good, accessible infor-mation sources. The way they use the information acquired depends upon their personality, organisational culture, and emotional factors such as the desire to preserve group identity (hence, resistance to information we will be able to design better information systems. and as the outcome of social interactions that create meaning in the minds of human beings. In this article, Chun Wei Choo outlines a model of how people acquire and process informa-Information can be seen in two ways: as an object that can be manipulated by technology;



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**Information Seeking** Experiencing information needs may lead to infor-mution seeking. This resembles a problem-solving an or decision-making process. An individual identi-fies possible sources, selects which nones to use, locates or makes contact with them, and interacts with them to obtain the desired information. In today's rich information environment - where at human attention is a carace resource - how do peo-ple allocate time and energy when searching for information? Research suggests that they wolgh up the atmount of effort required to use a source Chun Wei Choo, is sesociate professor at the professor at

against its uniticipated usefulness. This cost/benefit evaluation is affected by the individual's personal interest and motivation, and by the complexity of the task at hand.
 At the cognitive levol, an individual selects a source that be or she considers most likely to provide relevance and usable and helpful information.
 At the cognitive levol, an individual selects a source that be or she considers most likely to provide relevant, usable and helpful information.
 At the cognitive levol, an individual selects a source that be or she considers most likely to provide relevant, usable and helpful information.
 Another important factor is the perceived rolinbity of the source. Research into information is, Another important factor is the perceived rolinbity of the source. Research into information is a motivation seeking often groups source or all of these attributes an under the rub-role of "perceived source quality" in order to exumine their effect on source use.
 At the affective level, an individual's personal interest in a problem determines the amount of energy he or she lowest in seeking information. Carrol Kunitau has uoted that as information searchy he or she lowest in seeking information.
 Carrol Kunitua has uoted that as information searchy he or she lowest in secting information searchy he or she lowest in secting information. Carrol Kunitua has uoted that as information searchy he are affective level, an individual's personal interest in a problem determines of uncertainty factor search and any here affective level, an individual's personal interesting is developed to focus the search. The may become more highly motivated.
 Drawing on social learning theory. Tom Wilson argues that shource lead to that source about unk a source leads to greater us a cource would conversely lead to that source and that source doubt about one's ability to use a source is bout using a source leads to that source be perceive

Managing use not technology: view from the trenches

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MANAGEMENT Mastering INFORMATION

**Continued from page 8** The outcome of information seeking is a set of information that is a very small proportion of the total considered. How this information is then put to use depends on the individual's habits of thought, his or her emotional responses, and the social and cultural context around information use. The final outcome of information use is a change in someone's knowledge, allowing that person to make sense of a situation or to take action. This in turn gives rise to new systeriences and new Information needs, so that the cyclo is continuous.

# Implications for practice The discussion here suggests several ways to improve information management:

Design favornation systems not just to answer queries but to provide useful information that will help people solve work-related problems and deal with the solve work-related problems and deal with the system clesigners need to move beyond analysing flows of data to uniderstanding how poople con-struct the meaning of information and how they negotiated the neutral do able to query systems not just with account numbers or key works but also with task descriptions ("I am writing a project plan on x - get me information that will help me") and foung quiding our interpretation?").

Z Increase awareness of the nature of human Information seeking and processing; this involves understanding cognitive styles and imitatons, and the ways that routines and emotional defences can blook learning. Cognitive diversity threforenes an organisation, so the intention should be not to pigeonhole people according to their presumed strengths and weak-nesses. Instead, the goal should be a lively mix of styles, skills and sensitivities in a group so as to heighten vigilance in information processing.

Educate everyone to manage information quality and information quantity. System designors used to understand how people assign value to information. Users need to know how to evaluate the quality of sources and how to trade this off with their accessibility. In restricting the quantity of information to prevent overload, users should also guard against premature closure: divergent information gathering (which consults matiy sources) is necessary to prepare the ground for convergent action.

Ϋ́.

4 Develop an organisational outiture that values and encourages information sharing. Some of the best information sources are one's col-leagues. Yet paradoxically, as organisations become more information-intendve the less likely it is that members will share their information freely. Organisations must now work at creating and sustaining cultures that promote the sharing of information and knowledge.

# Quality versus accessibility: how chief executives keep up to date

Most studies of how people use information sources have found that a source's perceived accessibility is a major determinent of whether it is used or not. For example, solendists, engineers and managers are often eventioned the next floor or even a few offices away may be infrequently visited, even the next floor or even a few offices away may be infrequently visited, even the next floor or even a few offices away may be infrequently visited, even the next floor or even a few offices away may be infrequently visited, even the next floor or even a few offices away may be infrequently visited, even the next floor or even a few offices away may be infrequently visited, even the accurted multion than their loads-at-hand sources. However, a recent study of how chief executives in the Canadian telecommunications industry scan their business environments for information about trends and developments found a different pattern. For these ohlef evence, the perceived quality of a source (in torms to reliability and relevance) was a more important predictor of whether it was used or not than its perceived accessibility. The study (by the present author) observed that chief executives invested time and effort in contacting and interacting with ises accessible sources twee area take and usekle information. The study suggested that the evences into accessible sources signify for their adulty for make sense of a complex and business associates. The chief executives twee trying to make sense of a complex and analyguous tusiness environment, and weeken and usekle information. The study suggested that the evences into accessible sources the evences the evence of a complex and analyguous tusiness environment, and weeken areas and the sense of a complex and analyguous tusiness environment, and weeken areas and the floored that the evence areas and the sense of a complex and analyguous tusiness environment, and weeken areas and the evence in the evence and the evence areas and the evence areas and the evence areas and the evence are

Further the second section of dollars are spent on infor-mation technologies in companies worldwide. I from my view in the trenches, recent talk about the "TP productivity paradox" (that the increased investment in IT is not producting increased pro-dintivity) is missing a contral and simple point -inst expecting any return on *TP* may be pure of the problem. What we should look for instead is a return on the use of 17; TP in itself cannot increase or decrease productivity; only use of it can. This may sound like semantic heir-splitting but how we talk has deep implications for how we talk and ext. By emphasise it in our fails, we have tended to emphasise it in our allocation of attention, resources and measures. Such a focus has come in the trenches – what people actually do with technology in their day-to-day actually do with technology in their day-to-day actually do

Ver the parter werk and used in mary organisations, from Lotus Development Corporation see it to be apported to the parter and used in mary organisations. Notes were designed to facilitate collaboration activity of a studying a ploneering technology - Notes from Lotus Development Corporation and Notes was designed to facilitate collaboration activity and the two or the parter and late of appertise. In the competitive sectors processing provide bring productivity. Thereas, in Notes has been high, as has the motivation to enable propile to more common software tools ibnit approximation and the US managers platted to reache the properties in the competitive sectors and failed of appertises. In the competitive sector and the original sectors and the two ork together across the properties of how the technology is immature (it is how, not because they have failed to manage the most critical plate together across the properties of the plate sectors and not been instanded in the source of the post were been instanded uncompetitie to the sector and the transformations in how, and how been instanded to manage the most critical post with the product sector and the transformation in the source and the transformation in the source and the sector of the post of the plate with it is practice. Such neglecting technology tags work done. By neglecting technology use, we forget that the product sector and the source and the

For example, look at the budget for new systems development and see what percentage of resources is allocated to the initial analysis, design, installa-tion and training activities, and what percentage is earmarked for supporting long-term usa. Whore the "up-front" budget exceeds the "day-to-day" budget, there are insufficient means – both initially and over time – for users to incorporate the tochnulo-gies effectively into their work practices.

# Two types of technology

In how we manage and mensary, we have londed to for the comparison of the function of the main and the function of the management of the management. This contribution of performance - and to downlpk the "soft" stuff - the everyday use of feelmology, with its more open-set of new to have the area of feelmology, with its more open-everyday use of feelmology, here more transflot of formance. This content of the Massachused the more transflot of performance - and to downlpk the "more transflot of above ever to he are and a fundamental append of the management of the management the more acts. They note that people are usually unaware of the discreption of performance - man a fundamental append of the more that people are usually unaware of the discreption of performance - man a fundamental append of the more that people are usually unaware of the discreption of performance - man a fundamental append of the more that people are usually unaware of the discreption of the people are usually unaware of the discreption of performance - managemental people and the technologies and the distribution of the more acts of the more that we buy and metall in our offices. Rectories and performance - man and the distribution of the more actually use. Exponsed technologies are the bundles of hardware and software that consistent. What we buy a given and predefined destro-technology is the periodian and predefined the tech-bology to facilitate knowledge shufting the forma-tion and the more actually use. The management of the technology is the periodian and predefined the tech-pology to facilitate knowledge shufting the formation and the mastromating. The management and the technology is studied in my lotins and negative and the stran-tic studies and one every the adoption of the companies is studied in my lotins and negative and the stransging and measuring solar stransflating. The management and the stransflating for the technology is studied in my lotins and or every the stranstates of the distubered in the protection and pr

However, this company, like many others, had a hiserarchical structure in which scientists were

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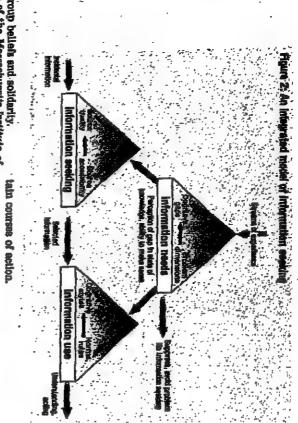
## Information use

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Juat as there are eight general categories of information need. Branda Darvin and Robert Taylor propose that there are eight general categories of information is develop relations in the period of the period of the period is the period of the pe

situatio the gro a the wa ample, i ations are concerned, the norms attont are concerned, the norms group, profession or organisation way information is processed and le, irving Janis of Yale University w highly cohestve groups are sus-ptionk". This happens when group oncurrence to such an extent that ignore or undervalue information



that threatens group bellefs and solidarity.
Donald Schon of the Massachusetts institute of Technology has investigated how professions develop their own languages, values, overarching theorines, and role definitions. Mambers adopt these as the transformation is processed to describe and explain really, and is reactive to describe and explain really, and is reactive of the Sloah School of Management defines organisational identity.
Edgar Schein of the Sloah School of Management defines organisational outline as a pattern of assumptions developed by an organisation as it thous have worked in the past, they are taught to heav members at the correct way to approach these problems. As a result, the organisation develops a shared framework which its members can use to make sense of information collectively.
Another important feature of organisational calmation is organisational pointed. In contacts for influence and power, information may be used as a poster way the statement is an end to be an organisation develops a shared framework which its members can use to an approximation of power, information collectively.

# An integrated model

The three processes described so far car signated into a general model of how hum the processes of the second s al of how a Figure 2, in-ads when they p wit ability t can be into-humans seek, individuals hey perceive lity to make fultive, affec-tage tho gap ige the gap

hree and infor-their perceived extly of the task ext, information y" ~ through a y" ~ through a u fdly channei-berats efforts.

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#### reading Further

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Dervin, B. (1992) "From the Mitud's Eye of the User": The Sense-Malding Ousfasthe-Cuantitative Methodology", in Glader, J.D. and Powell, R.R. (ods) Qualitative Research in Information Management, Englewood, CO: Libraries

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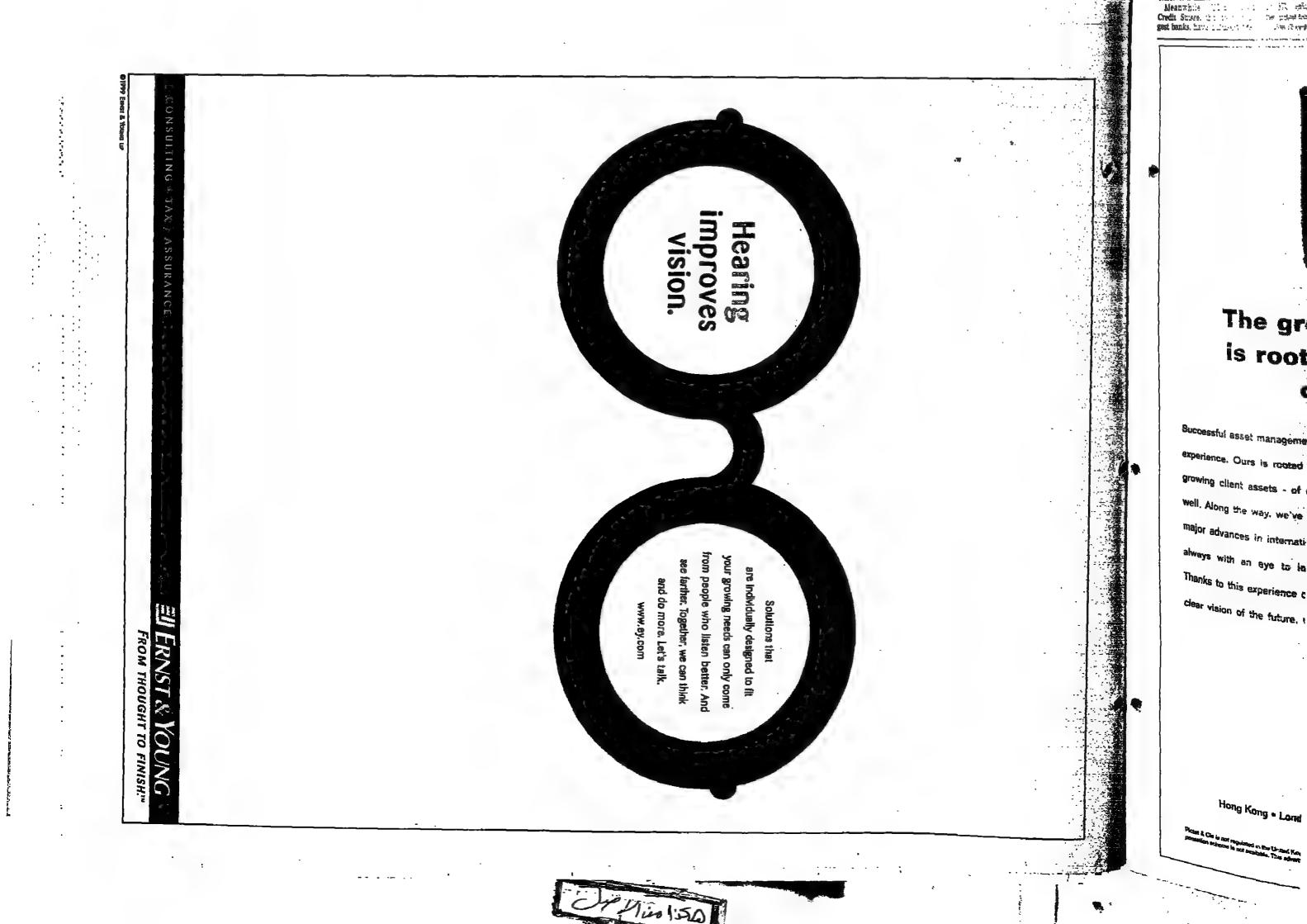
information is typically needed to solve a problem. User: ther tion that is not just about the topic in question, but that also is the specific requirements of the problem situation. Susen Max Taylor of Synecuse University have identified 11 problem dime information needs. These dimensions also form the ortists to judge the value of information.

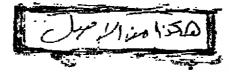
Problem dimensions: problems ile on a continuum between	Information needs (examples)	
		The Myers-Briggs personality matr
2 Well-structured	Hard, quantitative data Probabilistic data on how to proceed	une or are most wrong used personality second ment instruments in the world is the Wyerz-Brig Type Indicator (MBTI) desetfortion, which is
		developed from the work of Cert Jung. MBTI snelyses personality types on the basis of four nates of tester
	Now to aphleve and measure the goal	Introversion versus actroversion Introversi draw mental anarov from financeshein
		whereas actroverts draw energy from others,
通行	South Annual and a set of the south and a set of the se	<ul> <li>Sensing versus "infutiting"</li> <li>Sensing types rely on information perceived through their five anness infutitive types when and through their five anness infutitive types when and the sense information of the sense of the sense of the sense through the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense through the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense through the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense through the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense through the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense through the sense of the sens</li></ul>
6 Assumptions agreed upon	Information to help define problems	on petients, relationships and impactes,
	Repue of options, frames to analyse problems	<ul> <li>Thinking versus feeling</li> <li>Thinking types use information is make logical decisions based on objective criteria. Feeling types depend on certainal vehicles to decide</li> </ul>
	Procedural and historical Information	<ul> <li>Judging versus perceiving</li> </ul>
9 Magailtada of Mak noi great	Dust-effective search Best syptiable information: accurate, complete	Judging types move quickly to elosare by making use of the available information. Perceiving types keep their options open by taking their time to gether sufficient information.
10 Can be analysed empirically Cannot be analysed empirically	Can be analyzed empirically Objective, segregated data Cannot be analyzed empirically Experts' opinions, forecasts, scenarios	These four pairs of attributes are combined to preate a matrix of 16 personality types. As
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types types

Taylor, R.S. (1991) "Information use environ-ments", in Dervin, B. and Volgt, M.J. (eds) Progress is Convended NJ: Ablax.

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#### FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY

#### MONDAY MARCH 22 1999

## Weighing the price of joining the EU

Closer links now being forged with Brussels have raised again the controversial prospect of eventual full membership, writes William Hall

Switzerland is on the mend. The stream of negative economic news and international criticism, which have dogged the country for the past couple of years, has subsided, and self-confidence has started to recover. The Swiss economy is not

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back to where it was at the start of the decade, when it was held up as an international role model. Several years of economic stagnation have deflated that myth. But it did grow faster in 1998 than at any time since 1990. Switzerland has also shed its temporary image as Europe's most unpopular negotiations with the Eurocountry. The initial arrogance and insensitivity of the big Swiss banks in dealing with unclaimed bank accounts dating back to the Holocaust era attracted an inordinate amount of world attention in 1997 and 1998. The criticism has abated, however. An international

historical commission, under Professor Jean-François Ber- accounts for over two-thirds gier, is digging through public and private records to establish what role a neutral Switzerland really did play as free movement of people, in the second world war. A huge search for unclaimed Swiss bank accounts of Holocaust victims, headed by Switzerland an estimated Paul Volcker, the former SFr350m a year, plus the chairman of the US Federal Reserve, is almost finished.

endless criticism of Switzerland's wartime role by agreeing to pay \$1.25bn to settle the US class actions they faced from American Holocaust survivors. Many Swiss regarded it as international blackmail. But the settlement, which also released the Swiss government, Swiss National Bank,

and Swiss industry from future claims, has taken Switzerland's name out of the headlines. The final piece of good news for Switzerland is that it has almost finalised its long, drawn-out bilateral pean Union. It has had a free trade agreement since 1972. But in 1992 the Swiss Government's bid to join the

European Economic Area was rejected by 50.3 per cent of the population and 16 cantons. Since then, Switzerland has been trying to salvage some of the benefits of closer ties with the EU, which of its foreign trade. Last December, a deal was

agreed covering areas such membership of EU research projects, and improved transport access. It will cost unquantified costs of providing memployment benefits Meanwhile, UBS and to EU citizens, which might

Credit Suisse, the two big- be another SFr500m. Switzerfand has had to prisingly competitive. gest banks, have defused the

make a number of painful concessions, such as lifting the ban on 40-tonne EU trucks, which means that there is still an outside risk that the deal, due to be phased in from 2001, could be rejected by a popular referendum Nevertheless, the big question now for Switzerland is

· Concist voice

Swiss Confeder

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whether the deal marks the final step in normalising its commercial relations with the EU, or is the first step towards eventual EU membership. Switzerland's economic ties with the EU are stronger than any other non-EU member. In February, the Swiss

government published a 400page "integration report" summing up the advantage and disadvantages of EU membership in response to a forthcoming referendum calling for Switzerland to open membership negotiations. The report provides the raw material for debating an issue which is likely to figure prominently in the run-up to the country's general election in October.

The economic case for EU membership is not as strong as sometimes suggested. Switzerland's big multinationals are well entrenched already in the EU, and while non-membership has probebly hurt Switzerland's medium-sized companies, the Swiss economy remains sur-



 Beaking as Universal direct suffrage over age 18 - National Stations Last federal election October 22 1996 Based on the constitution of 1874 next federal election scheduled for October 24 1999 Bicameral Federal Assembly · Your of state nti, comprising the Nationa The de facto head of state is the president (currently Ruth Dreituss) of the · Statute have

the EU it would remove one big competitive advantage the low cost of capital. Hans Kauimann, Bank Julius Baer's chief economist, calattractiveness as a business culates that convergence location and probably raise would cost Switzerland more its below-average rate of growth. But Switzerland is than SFr20bn. EU membership would one of the world's richest countries, so it will probably

pose serious problems for Switzerland's agricultural have to pay SFT3bn a year for the right to join the EU sector, which enjoys the world's highest subsidies. It club. It is figures like these would also threaten Switzerwhich explain why only 51 land's tax advantages and bank secrecy laws, two rarerecently by Swiss TV. favoured joining the EU. ly-mentioned reasons why Switzerland controls around one-third of the world's offshore private banking market. The OECD and the EU more convincing, Ruth Drel- desperate shake-up of the icies. "Rather than trying to should.

panton, in two, the principle of univ sovereignty is exercised directly through ties of all voters. The cantons are povereign in all areas not specifica intrusted to the federal go Terminal (re Federal Council (the executive authority of seven members elected for a fouryear term by, but not necessarily from the Funning Assumpty. The premident and to a creation way checked for it one year term which is not immed ible. Since 1959 the Federal 101100 Council has contained two memb each of the Social Democratic party, th Radical Democratic party and the Christian Democratic party, and one member from the Swiss People's party. The Federal Council was re-elber 1995

fuss, 59. Switzerland's first Christian Democrat party woman president, says that nation-states, such as Switzerland, are no longer adequate on their own to respond to the growing number of global problems. Joining the EU has its benefits in areas such a co-ordinated policy on asylum-seekers, but that is not enough to convince Switzerland's Euro-

sceptics, led by Christoph Blocher, a successful businessman and populist politiper cent of Swiss, polled cian. The recent resignation of The main advantages are foreign minister, and Arnold

Flavio Cotti, Switzerland's such as David de Pury, a remains a moot point, which merchant banker and former co-chairman of ABB, reject on the political front. But Koller, the justice minister, here again the Swiss need are part of an increasingly Mr Blocher's isolationist pol-

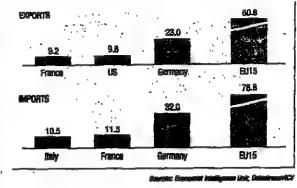
Annual country report

- Area: 41,200 80	ion .	- mile towns & pop	Lin 1 1997)
· Louissens Bu	man, Previct, Itulian	Bern (capital)	137,898
	mälion (1998 off. est.)	Zinch	354,261
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March 15 1999	1998 av St = SF(1.45 St=SF(1.463	Lausanne	121,304

BERMANY

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2.2	1,3	1.6	
35,621	42,212	42,476	
8,1	0.5	0.8	
5.3	2.9	2.9	
4.1	3.9	3.8	
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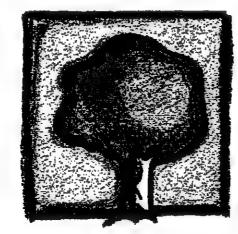
preserve the illusion of total sovereignty by remaining (CDP), designed to thwart outside the EU, Switzerland Mr Blocher's increasing popularity, which is siphoning should join the club and help develop in it the recipes that away the party's support. It will be up to Joseph it applied so successfully Delss, 53. Mr Cotti's succeswithin its own borders." sor as Switzerland's foreign minister, to sell the benefits land's economic liberalisaof EU membership, which tion and efforts to defend cultural and social diversity as areas where the rest of

threatens to increase the already deep divide between Switzerland's sceptical Ger-Europe could learn from man-speaking majority and Switzerland. It is an arguthe pro-EU French-speaking ment which makes eminent part of the country. Swiss business leaders.

sanse to outsiders. Whether it makes sense to the Swiss perhaps explains why the world does not take Switzerland as seriously as it

He singles out Switzer-

Council and Council of States, Nai Council of 200 members directly elected Federal Council, although constitu This role is filled by the council as a ch-Bischoll quota, except in thi ampliest cantons where the single we is elected by the plurality Each of the 26 cantons and helf-can irst-past-the-post) system. Council of has a participant electrol by unwestal States of 46 members representing the nutrage and a government whose . Any law pasend by both hos You veries from canton to If Switzerland were to join are already taking a keen interest in curbing Switzerland's perks in these areas. Joining the EU should enhance Switzerland's



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THE ECONOMY by Frances Williams

#### Asia is blamed for slowdown

Consumer demand and investment in plant and equipment are expected to provide the brightest prospects this year

point in the standard rate of

value added tax to 7.5 per

cent in January appears to have had little effect on

prices so far, helped by fall-

ing wholesale prices and raw

materials costs. The govern-

ment's advisory economic policy commission is predict-

ing inflation to average I per

cent this year against zero in

1998, and others believe it

Still, with the official dis-

count rate at an historic low

of 1 per cent, and money

market rates half equivalent

may be les

by 2.1 per cent last year faster than at any time since 1990 - but this year the forecasts are more gloomy. After spurting by over 3 per cent annually during the winter of 1997-98, economic activity has steadily slowed, and most forecasters are predicting growth in 1999 of no more than 1.5 per cent.

Like other European economies, Switzerland has been hit by the repercussions of the Asian crisis, which has dampened exports, not just to the region but to the faltering economies of its biggest market, the European Union. Nearly two-thirds of Swiss merchandise exports go to EU members; nearly a quarter go to Germany

Incoming orders for Switzerland's machinery, electronics, and metals industry - its largest export sector fell 2.6 per cent last year but were down a worrying 14 per cent in the 12 months to the fourth quarter.

The Asian crisis has thus

#### BANKING by William Hall

#### Secrecy giving way to practicalities

hopes of making a solid

recovery from the most pro-

longed period of economic

stagnation since the second

world war. However, most

economists think growth

will slowly pick up this year,

in common with other Euro-

pean economies, to reach 1.5

corporate investment in new

expected to be the main motors of growth in 1999.

while the depressed con-

struction sector will bump

along the bottom. A pick-up

in exports, the driving force

behind the recovery in

1997-98, will have to await an acceleration in the world

economy predicted for the

policymakers can do to

change this course. Mone-

tary policy is already accom-

modating and guided for the

moment mainly by the need

to stop the Swiss franc from

appreciating too strongly,

which would erode the com-

There is not much Swiss

second half of the year.

Consumer demand and

plant and equipment are nomic activity.

to 2 per cent in 2000.

nies

The Swiss are discovering that many of their long-standing banking advantages are no longer unique

tation and profits on the country's bank secrecy laws. have finally decided that it is time to start telling the world a bit more about their husiness

The criticism they have faced over the past couple of years because of their insensitive handling of the dor-mant accounts of Holocaust victims has died down foland Credit Suisse to pay \$1.25bn to settle the legal claims against them in the US. But the American litigation has underlined the vulnerability to external pres-

Switzerland's big banks. Swiss bank rule book than strong bank secrecy laws, which have built their repu- advertising the advantages of the country as a financial centre. the Swiss. Switzerland is no light-

weight in terms of financial fire-power. It is the world's biggest offshore banking centre, and the SBA estimates that Swiss banks manage SFr3,619bn in assets, or around one-third of the world's offshore private wealth. The Swiss franc is lowing the decision of UBS the world's fifth most important currency after the US

dollar, euro, yen, and sterling. The country's 400 banks employ more than 150,000 people, and the SBA esti- states to either report intersure of big banks from a mates that they contribute 9 est payments to private indimall country which want to per cent of the country's viduals resident in the EU to the relevant tax authorities.

for la Présidente and it is easy to see why banking is big business for Ruth Dreifuss, Switzerland's

home affairs minister and However, many of these this year's holder of the rotating presidency, is not in advantages are no longer the least presidential. Her unique to Switzerland, and plain office in the interior at the same time two of Switzerland's biggest comministry building would petitive advantages - its probably be sniffed at by a bank secrecy laws and its senior civil servant in most favourable tax treatment of European administrations. non-residents ~ are coming She has no entourage. He under attack. Both the OECD and the European Union are working

on measures to harmonise tax legislation. The European Commission wants to compel members-

or to levy a withholding tax

short-term this works in the

non-EU member, as money

moves into Swiss banks to

Victor Füglister, deputy

escape the EU proposals.

ress officer weers jeans. The atmosphere is informal and open, just like Madame la Présidente. The president's job, which is passed around the seven-member coalition

cabinet, carries no real power, but for a year the person who holds the

Switzerland's economy grew effectively dashed Swiss petitiveness of Swiss compa-ing - in Keynes's phrase - workforce. Meanwhile, the main trading partners. Bruno Gebrig, a member on a piece of string.

of the Swiss National Bank's The fiscal room for manpolicy directorate. said oeuvre is even more circumrecently that the central scribed. After a string of big bank still had room to push deficits this decade the government is aiming for badmoney market rates lower. "I think the downside leeget balance by 3001, defined way is not yet completely in practice as a deficit of less exhausted," he said, noting than SFribn. That will mean Switzerland's near-zero inflaforther spending cuts over tion rate and aluggish ecothe next two years. Though the 1998 deficit of A rise of 1 percentage

SFr2.5bn was much smaller than the budgeted SFr7.6bn, the projected deficit this is around SFr4bn, fall-Year ing to SFr1.9bn in 2000. The 1998 accounts, which

do not include the one-off SFr2.9bn in proceeds from the partial privatisation of Swisscom, the state-owned telecoms operator, benefited in particular from failing an EU member, it has unemployment and a buoy- always prided itself on runant stock market which boosted taxes on dividends and stamp duties.

Slower growth this year is likely to halt the drop in the euro-rates, a loosening of number of jobless, now monetary policy risks hav-

PROFILE

RUTH DREIFUSS

There's two firsts

the same effect as pushing stock market is looking had news.

SWIT7FRI AND

The Swiss government can take some satisfaction from mind an acceptable benchthe fact that, contrary to mark of around €1.57, below expectations last year, the general government deficit did not overshoot the EU's criterion for joining the single currency, coming in well under 3 per cent of GDP. This year's public deficit is

GDP, easily within target. However, public debt. which has soared during the 1990s, is predicted to reach SFr210bn by end-1999, close to the limit for EU economic and monetary union of 60

per cent of GDP. Though Switzerland cannot join the euro, as it is not ning the economy at least as well as its neighbours. With the advent of the euro this

year the country cannot afford to get too far out of line with the euro-zone under 3.5 per cent of the countries, which include its

Though the central bank much more vulnerable to denies it is pursuing a policy of shadowing the euro, many analysts believe it has in which it would take action to bring the franc down. Nervousness over Brazil pushed the franc close to

this level earlier this year. Though it has not experienced the sustained upward budgeted at 1.9 per cent of pressure feared by the pessimists, the Swiss currency's status as a haven from turmoil on foreign exchange markets is expected to keep it strong against the euro in the foreseeable future.

Lombard Odier, a Geneva rivate hank, also points to Switzerland's high national savings rate and its SFr400bn-plus net assets abroad which virtually guarantee a large permanent current account surplus.

uth Dreifuse: 'We must draw le

system, including

introduction of a

state-financed maternity

and keep Switzerland's

hands, Ms Dreifuss

renounced the chance

afforded by a cabinet

affairs portfolio for which

many thought she was

ideally suited.

Apart from her

social policies in socialist

United Nations and become

European Union. Even in the

longer simply domestic. The

security policies, to take just

three examples, all need to

be considered in a wider

European or international

nevertheless put her own

personal imprint on the work

of the ministry since taking

home affairs ministry, she

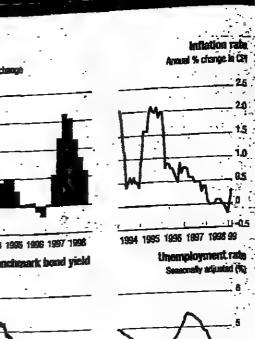
fight against Aids, coping

with drug addiction, social

says, problems are no

a full member of the

The latest estimates indicate that, despite a swing in the trade balance from surplus to deficit, the current account surplus last year



Hans Kaufmann, of Zurichbased Bank Julius Baer claims convergence alona could cost Switzerland more than SFr20bn, an uncomfortably high price for the benafits of EU membership and the euro-per

was a hefty SFr31.1bn, or more than 8 per cent of GDP. In the longer term, and in possible anticipation of Swiss EU membership, most economists expect a gradual convergence of Swiss and euro-zone interest rates.

Dreifuss speaks all three Swiss languages - mother tongue Franch, German, and n - as well as English and Spanish. Born 59 years ago at St Gall, in Berman-speaking eastern of her childhood in francophone Geneva, the canton she now represents in the cabinet. did not follow the traditional course of a politician, working as a secretary and an economics degree at the development and co-operation agency before becoming secretary of the benefit. She also plans a biggest Swiss trade union revision of the state pension scheme that will give men federation. Elected to the cabinet in and women equal treatment and a flexible retirement age. 1993, she was only the To push this plan through, second woman to gain this

rank since women were given the vote in 1971. lowever, a third, lawyer Ruth Metzler, was elected earlier this month. Ms Dreifuss can take some reshuffle in March to take on the more prestigious foreign atisfection from the fact that, during her preside

Switzerland, she spent most Ms Dreifuss, who is single journalist before completing age of 30. In the 1970s she worked for the government's

play in the premier banking gross national product, more than twice as big a contribuleagus.

UBS's bid for Swiss Bank Corporation was very nearly blocked because of the Holocaust asset controversy in the US. What is to stop US legislators using the same tactics again, for example, if Switzerland refuses to bow to American demands to water down its bank secrecy laws and hand over information which might be useful to the tax authorities there? The days when Switzer-

land's bankers could smugly ignore what was going on in the outside world have disappeared. A country of 7m people is far too small to Support two of the world's biggest banks and two of the biggest insurance companies. If Swiss financial institutions are to continue to grow they have to expand internationally, and this means that increasingly they must fall into line with the

rules and regulations of

other countries, It is against this background that the Swiss Bankers' Association (SBA), the umbrella organisation for the country's 400 banks, will hold its first international road show - in the City of London in April. Pascal Couchepin. Switzerland's new economics minister, will be there, as will top executives from the Swiss National and the big Swiss banks. It other financial capitals.

"We have a very good brand that deserves to be successful travel agency, most Swiss banks. and has been hired to inject until now has been more

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of 20 per cent. In the tion as German and French banks. In terms of GNP per employee, Swiss banking is favour of Switzerland, a nearly twice as productive Both the OECD and the European Union are working on measures to harmonise tax

legislation

as chemicals, another industry where Switzerland is a world leader.

Mario Monti, the EU Com There are a number of reamissioner responsible for tax harmonisation, visited Switsons for Switzerland's bankzerland earlier this month to ing success. It is an efficient, small country lying at the sound out the government

unbalanced".

heart of Europe. Zurich, about his plans. For the moment Switzer-Geneva, and Lugano are within an hour's flight of virtually every European capital. Swiss bank staff are used to operating in all three

immediate neighbours, Germany/Austria. France, and Italy. Swiss banks have always been more international than their peers. Credit Suisse's chief financial officer 15 Bank, Swiss stock exchange. an American and its head of asset management is an Auswill be followed by visits to tralian. UBS's asset manage-

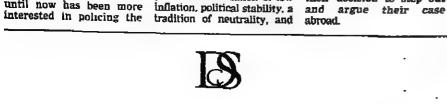
ment chief is an American better job convincing the multi-millionaire based in Chicago, and Warburg Dillon sold," says Jean-Marc Felix. Read, its investment bank, is the SBA's head of publicity. run from London by a vidual's right to privacy. Mr Felix used to work for Dutchman. English is the Ruoni, Switzerland's most main business language of

some PR expertise into a Swiss franc over the years,

land is standing firm. However, some Swiss bankers and policymakers believe that over time it will have to languages of Switzerland's bow to pressures from the EU if it wants to form closer ties. "There is no mystery that some authorities will try to force more bank disclosure, and tax harmonisa tion will be the tool," says Rudi Bogni, head of UBS Private Banking, the world's

biggest private bank. Swiss banks need to do a world at large that the country's bank secrecy laws are designed to protect an indirather than their right to escape paying taxes.

Until now they have failed Add in the strength of the to make a convincing case. which may help explain trade organisation which plus the combination of low their decision to step out



LES FILS DREYFUS & CIE SOCIÉTÉ ANONYME BANQUIERS

#### MAISON FONDEE EN 1813

of human rights abuses and presidency is the face Switzerland presents to the world. The face this year is that of Switzerland's first female and first Jewish president in 700 years of nationhood - and a socialis feminist trade unionist to boot.

chief executive of the SBA, Symbolic perhaps, but a says that such a reporting helpful corrective to the obligation is "simply out of prevalent image of the question as far as Swit-Switzerland as a nation of zerland is concerned". Swit-Alpine pastures, chocolate, and impassive bankers in suits calmly counting their zerland has also refused to implement the recommendations of last year's OECD money derived from the report on "Harmful Tax horrors perpetrated by the Competition", which it Nazis. described as partial and Ms Dreifuss welcomed last year's \$1.25bn settlement by The-EU has made clear it the two big Swiss banks wants other countries, such

with Jewish organisations, which effectively put an end to threats of lawsuits and as Switzerland, to adopt its plans for tax harmonisation.

THE CANTONS by Frances Williams

disasters worldwide Like her fellow cabinet members, she also hopes Switzerland will soon join the

Ruth Metzler, 34, is the

Federal Council, writes

She is not only the

but also comes from the

emallest Swiss canton,

fact, it is only a half

canton, and with a

fresheet face in

William Hall.

Switzerland's sever

financial sanctions against

Swiss banks and industry.

must continue its efforts to

come to terms with its pest

and draw lessons from its

One such lesson, she

Switzerland to take a more

open world view and a more

active role in international

institutions, both in its own

interests and for reasons of

A former government aid

worker, Ms Dreifuss is a

proposed Swiss Solidarity

Foundation to help victims

strong supporter of the

argues, is the need for

mintakes

solidarity.

But she says Switzerland

over the helm five years ago, in particular, she has fought to maintain and improve Switzerland's accial wething international outlook. Ms

Ms Dreifuss has

Shortage of experience is no bar

Mrs Metzler studied law at she has no experience of Fribourg University and -member works for PricewaterhouseCoopers the international accountancy firm, as well as youngest Federal Councillor being Appenzell's part-time finance director. She was the first woman to be Appenzell Inner-Rhodes. in elected in Appenzell, which slipping. was also the last canton to give women the vote. Her election as Federal Councillor caught many

national politics and has spent less than three years in local government politics. She belongs to the Christian Democrats, one of the four parties in the coalition government, and their share of the vote has been Many observers see her appointment as an effort to rejuvenate the party's image

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Regional reform clock ticking

#### Campaigns to consolidate local government are beginning to gather momentum

future within Europe has been a questioning of the role of its 26 cantons. The implications, for many Swiss, could be as profound as a move to join the EU. The Swiss are pretty

parochial, and proud of it. Strong local identities have their roots deep in the past in isolated mountain communities and in the tiny of Basle. independent states that one by one chose to adhere to the Swiss confederation. Even today, Swiss children inherit citizenship of the

commune of their ancestors. And while the Swiss cantons are no longer independent states, they retain their distinct identities and many of the vestiges of statehood. They have their own constitutions and parliaments which pass laws; they set cent viewed with approval their own income and corpo-

own education and welfare systems and their own environmental rules. The "Republic of Geneva" even publishes its own balance-ofpayments statistics. With the exception of the creation of the canton of Jura in 1979, the boundaries of the cantons (including six sluggish economic growth autonomous half-cantons)

bave barely changed since

An unexpected spin-off from Switzerland became a mod- next decade, Switzerland's would have had better land to simplify its ineffi-Switzerland's debate on its ern federal state in 1848. In administrative fragmentathe past few months, however, proponents of a merger between Geneva and Vaud in French-speaking Switzerland have begun collecting signatures for an eventual referendum. Politicians in north-west Switzerland have formed a cross-party group to campaign for a region based around the Rhine city multers

> Meanwhile, the six small cantons of central Switzerland, already linked through a co-operative forum (and the Lucerne football team). have started talks on forming a single region. A local poll in January found that 87 per cent of those questioned wanted closer cantonal collaboration and, surprisingly for an area seen by the rest of Switzerland as deeply conservative, as many as 40 per the creation of a central Swiss region by 2006. These moves have even

prompted Switzerland's Green party to consider launching a national referendum campaign later this year to replace the cantons by as few as seven regions. Why all this activity now? After nearly a decade of a World Trade Organisation and the prospect of EU membership some time in the

tion is increasingly seen as than Swiss ones on the an expensive anachronism. **Campaigners** for change border. say that, with a population Many barriers remain. of just 7m, Switzerland can Insurers require patients to no longer afford the luxury seek treatment within their

canton rather than where of 26 separate local governments, several so tiny that costs are lowest; cantonal two still hold outdoor assememployees are subject to resblies to vote on cantonal idence restrictions; cantonal governments jealously guard

"Switzerland has 28 waste incineration plants and 80 tonal workers their jobs, hospitals, a density unique even though financial presin the world," the Tribune de Genève wrote recently. more collaboration. "But at what cost?"

It took the shock 1992 referendum rejection of Swiss membership of the European Economic Area - which would have given Switzerland reciprocal access to the EU's single market for amenities goods, services, capital and labour - for the government to take steps to end protectionist practices by cantons that restricted internal trade, such as barring craftsmen and professionals without cantonal qualifications. The cantons were also persuaded to open their public purchasing to bidders from other cantons without discrimination. Otherwise, under Swiss membership of

accord on government procurement foreign companies year moved to tell Switzer-

access to cantonal contracts cient tax "jungle" under wrong side of the cantonal

systems. their prerogatives and can-

sures have inevitably led to However, for many Swiss, this is no longer enough.

Apart from wasteful duplication of tasks, they point to the huge disparities between reform cantons in size and wealth, taxation, and provision of

Zurich, for instance, with 1.2m inhabitants, accounts for over one-fifth of Swiss national income, while Appenzell Innerrhoden has just 14,500 residents and contributes a miniscule 0.15 per cent of national income. At the same time, residents of side, Zug. famous for its low

taxes, work in Zurich, the country's commercial centre, and use its amenities but pay little or nothing towards them.

Even the IMF was last time

which the cantons not only charge different tax rates but have different taxation

Though views differ on the "natural" division of Switzerland into a few regions, the seven regions recently delineated by the Swiss statistics office for statistical purposes have taken on a certain life of their own

Drawn up in consultation with the cantons, the regions reflect a division based on common history, geography and interests - so much so that the cantons have had to deny that they represent a blue-print for eventual

Nevertheless, Credit Suisse, the banking group, published a study in February showing how such a division would reduce inequalities in tax rates, the tax base and access to public services, with each region having at least one important urban centre surrounded by dormitory villages and country-

No one expects rapid change. It may take a decade or more for the first cantons to coalesce. But what was until recently almost unthinkable has now become simply a matter of

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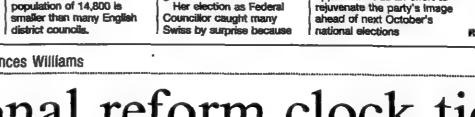




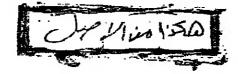
#### the cabinet has two women members.

Frances Williams





ration taxes; they have their



FINANCIAL TIMES MONDAY MARCH 22 1999 \*

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Holding the Swiss Guard's flag, and with his right hand raised to signify the Trinity, a new recruit swears his oath of allegiance to the Pope

VATICAN SWISS GUARD by Jennifer Grego

#### A long and glorious history

Some centuries-old traditions survive as the Pope's protectors face fresh challanges of the new millennium

most exotic must be the Swiss guard, the world's smallest army, which has guarded the Pope for nearly 500 years. Its soldiers are drawn largely from the catholic cantons of central Switzerland and are a throwback to the days when Switzerland's main export-earner was its fighting men. ₹.

In the 14th century there were 15,000 Swiss short walk to the "Stanze of mercenaries who left in summer to help the French, Italians and Germans win their battles, before returning home for winter. The mercenaries were renowned for their courage in battle and loyalty to those they served.

Today, all that remains is the foreground holds an the Pope's 105-strong Swiss exact replica of the blue Guard. Their basic weapon beret still worn today, along is still a seven-foot long with the sheathed sword,

Switzerland has all sorts of boarding-pike, and who is to Founded in 1506 by Raphexport industries, but the say whether a pair of ael's patron, Pope Julius II, smartly-crossed pikes at the the Swiss Guard has a long foot of the Scala Reggia and glorious history. Its wielded by two tall figures in toughest test came during can could rely on loyal Swiss 16th century dress designed the Sack of Rome on May 6 by Michelangelo is not more 1527, when 147 Swiss lost disconcerting than a their lives protecting Pope policeman with a gun-belt? Clement V11 from the French and German merce-Any young recruit needing inspiration and encouragement for long hours of guard Since the assassination duty in a picturesque but attempt on the Pope in 1981 hardly comfortable dress no one can doubt that uniform has only to take a defending the Pope's life is a serious business. Recruits Heliodorus" to see one of not only swear allegiance "to Raphael's finest works: The Miraculous Mass of Bolsena, Here a group of his forebears kneel before the altar wearing an earlier and even more

give my life if necessary to safeguard the Pope" - three fingers of the right hand raised to symbolise the Trinity - but are trained in modextravagant version of the ern techniques of self-decurrent scarlet, blue and fence by an Italian black-belt gold uniform. A soldier in judo instructor and have regular weapons training at an Italian army hase. Swiss police advise on crowd control techniques.

In recent years doubts have begun to be cast about the future of the Swiss Guard. In the past the Vatiaristocrats, such as the Pyffer von Altishofen family from Lucerns, to supply the captain commandant of the Swiss Guard, and there was naries of Emperor Charles V. slways a good supply of young, unmarried Germanspeaking recruits of "irreproachable character" willing to serve their Pope.

But low wages and a shortage of senior Swiss soldiers willing to devote their time to a largely ceremonial career have made it increasingly difficult to fill the lar concern. He has no ranks of the Swiss Guard with the right calibre of recruit. The tensions came 120 in order to cope with the to a head last year with the extra 25m pilerims who are murder of the newly-appointed Swiss Guard commandant, Alois Estermann, and his wife, by a young tiff by comparison.

guard who had been passed over for promotion. Pius Segmüller, 46, the new commandant, has the uncomfortable task of leading the Swiss Guard into the 21st century. As well as being a soldier he has a degree in philosophy from Fribourg university and a managerial background. He wants to raise the Guard's profile in Switzerland and is investigating ways of securing Swiss industry sponsorship which could improve

the earnings and career prospects of the Guard. The approach of the Holy Year is causing him particureserves and wants to boost the size of his regiment to expected to converge on the Vatican. The 16th century Sack of Rome may be a more

#### PROFILE JAKOB KELLENBERGER One of the men who give diplomats

This water

Kellenberger.

The conclusion of the

is important that we can

efficiently heard in Brussels

and fully participate in the

marginalisation will be an

Its economy has proved

its competitiveness, and "it

is possible to stay outside if

Switzerland's big companies

are well represented in the

EU. But it is the future of

Switzerland's small- and

medium-sized exporters.

Kellenberger If Switzerland

However, the EU is not the

Kellenberger, noting that

Increasing problem for

eventual EU membership. "It

the first step towards

make our own voice

EU decision-making

Gradual political

you are competitive

enough", says Mr

which worries Mr

membership.

turns its back on EU

process."

Switzerland.

if Jakob Kellenberger, Switzerland's most senior diplomat, worked in Britain's Foreign Office, he would have received at least his Companion of the order of St Michael and St George (CMG), which some Britons okingly refer to as "Call me

But Switzerland never honours its politicians, let alone its diplomats. And while some Swiss officials are more visible than others. the bearded Mr Kellenberger, 54-year-old state secretary in the Federal Department of Foreign Affairs, has always kept a low profile. Whether he is fighting Switzerland's corner in Brussels or Jakob Kellenberger: no mediating between the US, hints of pomposity China, and the two Koreas on the four-party talks on the Korean peninsula, it is easy to mistake him for a the internal market. But border controls and rules of origins remain," says Mr lowly official note-taker. Mr Kellenberger is the kind bliateral negotiations is just

AP

of person who gives International diplomats a good name.

A friendly, unassuming man with a gift for languages, he does not suffer from the pomposity which afflicts some officials as they climb the diplomatic ladder. After studying at the universities of Zurich, Tours, and Granada, he joined the Swiss diplomatic service in 1974 and worked in Madrid, Brussels and London before taking on what has sometimes seemed his life-long work - leading Switzerland's long, drawn-out negotiations to strengthen its ties with the European Union,

After more than four years of tough bargaining Mr Kellenberger finally signed the deal last month. "The bilateral agreements cover the most urgent needs of the economy, especially in terms of improved access to only issue on Mr

Kellenberger's foreign policy agenda. Switzerland wants to become more involved in crisis prevention and crisis management in the world's trouble spots. It is not purely altruistic. "We are feeling the effect of these crises, especially in terms of uncontrolled migration and asylum flows," says Mr Kellenberger. Switzerland is a primary target for asylum-seekers from Kosovo. The UK, for example, takes 62 asylum seekers per 100,000

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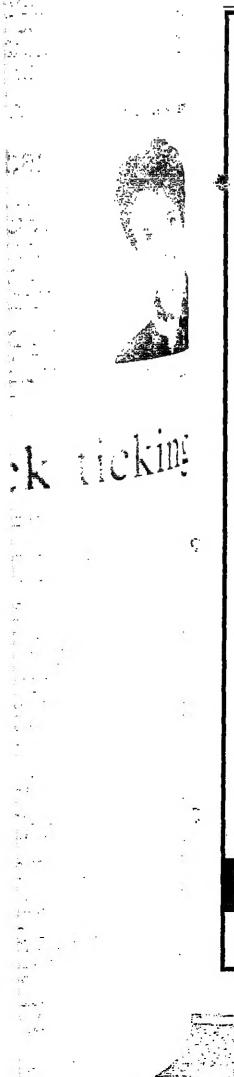
inhabitants while Switzerland takes 453 per 100,000 Inhabitants. The rise in domestic crime and the need to call in the Swiss army to defend diplomatic missions in Geneva and Bern is evidence of the increasing tensions in a country which is not part of the EU's Dublin Convention on asylum-seekers. If a request is refused in one EU state, an asylum-seeker cannot apply to another member-state. That situation does not apply to Switzerland. Mr Kellenberger is also responsible for helping chart

a neutral course for a country in a world where the environment for neutrality has changed. "While it has not become superfluous, its relevance as a foreign policy and security policy instrument is no longer the same as before the fail of the Berlin Wall," says Mr Kellenberger. Switzerland, which is not a member of the United Nations, takes its neutralit very aerlously. However, "it

does not prevent us from expressing solidarity with the international community for example, when it imposes sanctions against violators of international law", says Mr Kellenberger The diplomat's

achievements have not gone unnoticed. Next year he will take over from Cornelio Sommaruga, a former diplomat, as president of the Geneva-based International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC). It aids prisoners-of-war, mediates in armed conflicts, and is one of Switzerland's great unsung success stories. It is not a job that one applies tor.

William Hall





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**INDUSTRY** by William Hall Global leaders keep the country ticking Exports from a range of companies continue to write a success story, although the important engineering sector is vulnerable to any worldwide downturn or surge in the franc-

Novartis, Roche, and Nestlé, to live very comfortably. along with perhaps a dozen other Swiss multinationals, are often cal industry, which started alongregarded as the flagship side the river Rhine in Basle companies of Switzerland Inc. more than a century ago, is a They rank amongst the global leaders in their respective industries and generate the bulk to build up their fortunes and of their profits outside adjust to the competitive upheav-Switzerland.

IV

Their success is one of the of their competitors. main reasons why Switzerland runs by far the biggest balance two world wars clearly helped, as of payments surplus of any did its rather cavalier ignorance industrialised country. Its of foreign patent laws, in its overseas investments are bigger than its economy, and the near SFr20bn a year of net investment produced permits Switzerland

The history of the Swiss chemitury is a testimony to Switzerland's ability to build successful good example of how Switzerlong-term businesses. land's industries have managed was Switzerland's biggest chemical company and earning the bulk of its profits from textile als which have demolished many dyes. Ciba still makes textile dyes. But if it was as reliant on Switzerland's neutrality during

them now as it was a century ago it would have vanished years ago. Instead, it began to diversify into pharmaceuticals, and by early industrial development. But 1996 had merged with Sandoz, its these advantages have long since long-term textile dye rival to creevaporated, and the way in which a company such as Ciba - ate Novartis, Europe's biggest

whose name is an abbreviation pharmaceutical company. The old speciality chemicals for Chemische Industrie im Basel - has survived over the past cen-

renamed Clariant) and Ciba have been spun-off on the stock market and are numbers one and two One hundred years ago, Ciba in the global speciality chemical industry.

SWITZERLAND 4

Meanwhile, Mettler Toledo, another of Ciba's old Swiss subsidiaries which has its headquarters just outside Zurich, has been successfully floated on the New York Stock Exchange and is now the world's leading manufacturer of precision weighing instrum

Rowever, while companies such as Ciba, Nestlé, and Novar-

tis capture the headlines, Switzerland's real industrial success businesses of Sandoz (now stories - its engineering companies, - often go unnoticed, with the exception of ABB and Sulzer. There are hundreds of mediumsized engineering companies in Switzerland which employ far

more people than Switzerland's chemical companies and watchmakers - the traditional symbols of the country's industrial suc-Switzerland's mechanical and engineering industries exported

SFr50.4bn in 1998, more than 40 per cent of the country's total exports. It is an industry which employs more than 300,000 and

whose product lines range from mechanical and electrical engimillionth of a gramme, to giant turbines for the world's biggest hydro-electric power schemes.

Switzerland ranks amongst the world's top 10 machinery exporters. According to statistics procent.

vided by the Swiss Association of Machinery Manufacturers, it is number two in paper processing machines, number four in textile machinery, food processing and packaging machines, number five in machine tools, and number six in precision tools.

Given that 77 per cent of its output is exported, Switzerland's

TRADING HOUSES by William Hall

laboratory scales, capable of mea- neering industry is always vulsuring to an accuracy of one-ten- nerable to any downturn in world trade or sudden strengthening in the value of the Swiss franc, one of the world's strongest currencies. In the final quarter of 1998 new orders fell 13.8 per Exports to Asia, which account for 12 per cent of the total, fell 21

per cent in 1998, but exports to Europe, which account for twothirds of the total, rose 10 per cent, as did exports to the US, the second biggest market. It is figures such as these which help explain what makes Swiss industry really tick.

**CONSTRUCTION** by William Hall

#### Tunnels will ease pressure on Alps

Transalpine rail freight will be able to move much more quickly when this mammoth project is completed early next century

up for Europe's biggest con-struction project - driving two of the world's longest rail tunnels through the

heart of the Alps. Not since Alfred Escher, been nothing like it. The the founder of Credit Suisse, built the Gotthard tunnel 119 tunnel, which was built with years ago has Switzerland undertaken such a giant project. The plan to build the 57-km Gotthard and 33-km and will be longer than the Lötschberg tunnels is known undersea rail tunnel linking as Neat, which is short for France and the UK. Neue Eisenbahn-Alpen-Transversale (new Alpine a long tradition of tunnel

railway crossing). It is the centrepiece of the SFr30.5bn modernisation of current project are Switzerland's elderly railway network, and is seen by demanding. The geology is many Swiss as the price they more complex and the have to pay to belong to tunnels will be much deeper Europe. Apart from easing the environmental pressures on Switzerland's increas-

Switzerland is gearing itself ingly congested routes through the Alps it will also link Switzerland into Europe's high-speed rail network.

In terms of scale, there has existing Gotthard rail the loss of 307 lives, is 15km long. The new tunnel will be almost four times the length, Although Switzerland has

construction in the Alps, the technical challenges of the considerably

than previous ones.



#### Work is under way on the Lötschberg service tunn

thard project, says the new a mountain railway system with all the drawbacks that tunnel will lead to a quaninvolves. Goods trains have tum leap in rail productivity. to wind round the valleys to The new tunnels will allow heavier, faster and longer pick up height, and steep freight trains of up to 1.500 gradients increase the jourmetres in length and carryney time and reduce the size ing up to 4,000 tonnes. The of the goods trains. The new tunnels will be drilled at Gotthard's capacity for much lower altitudes, so goods traffic will be almost that trains no longer have to doubled with 325 goods climb steep gradients and trains a day compared with can whisk through at high the current 190. At present two locomotives are needed to pull a 1,300-tonne train up The highest point of the

the 27 per cent inclines of new Gotthard tunnel will be the Gotthard and Lötschberg 550 metres, compared with more 1,100 metres for the existing tunnels. In future 2,000 tunnel. It will be no higher tonne trains will face maxithan Berne. The Lötschberg mum gradients of 12.5 per will begin at 800 metres. cent Goods trains will be able

Peter Zbinden, deputy Currently, rail traffic head of the Swiss Federal to run at 160kph and passen-through the Alps travels on Railways AlpTransit Got- ger trains at up to 250kph.

Journey times from Basle to Milan will be cut from over 5 hours to 3% hours, and it will only take 2% hours to travel from Zurich to Milan, which will make trains competitive with air travel.

The political and financial challenges of the new tunnels have been as demand ing as the technical ones. Switzerland committed itself to building two new tunnels in the early 1990s as part of a transport agreement with the European Union which expires in 2005. Switzerland was allowed to ban the passage of 40-tonne trucks through Switzerland if it agreed to build the rail tun-

Transalpine goods traffic between southern and northern Europe has almost tripled over the past 25 years. | was entertaining the Cuban and projections indicate a further doubling of goods | that the visit was at Mr Cas-

Worldly merchants • boost the coffers

Swiss neutrality has allowed the country's entrepreneurs to deal freely around the world, and to boost the services balance

communist president, is not International Trading the sort of business leader Houses were set up to hanwho likes hobnobbing with die the overseas sales of capitalist entrepreneurs. But Swiss exporters which could when he visited Switzerland not afford to set up their last year he made an own overseas sales network. exception by going to lunch at André & Cie in Lausanne. André, founded in 1877. is

probably the biggest of a in Basle, has become a leadgroup of Swiss international ing importer, exporter, and trading houses. It is also one of the most secretive. In addition to trading in agricultural commodities and operating related industries, its activities include trade and project finance, shipping, and food ingredients. It is very big in Latin America

Although little is known about the company, it is generally regarded to be one of the world's top grain traders alongside companies such as Cargill, Louis Dreyfus. Bunge & Born, and Continental.

its name rarely appears in the media, and when a news agency reporter telephoned the company to ask why it President, an official noted

Fidel Castro, Cuba's in the Swiss Association of and the Dutch, have always Swiss exporters which could Over the years the businesses have gone in different directions. Oettinger, based wholesaler of tobacco products. Most cigar afficionados will know of the Davidoff asset brand but few will have

heard of Oettinger. Davidoff's Basle-based owner. Not all the trading houses are in big cities such as Zur- close its profitability. Howich, Basle, and Lausanne. ever, according to Switzer-Paul Reinhart, which trades

#### Leading Swiss trading coraga

1		· .'			•		
Сонтрану	npany Est			Neadquarters			
Antire & Cite	1877		Laurand	×.			
Basel Trading Co	1859	-	Basie		1,300		
Desco de Schuithens	1889	• •	Zorich		620		
Diethalm	. 1887		Zarich _	1.77	11,000		
Edward Keller	1887		: Zurich		3,000		
Dettinger	1875		Basie		1,500		
Siber Hagter	1865		Zarich		1,500		
Weimauer	1865	· . ·	Basie	1 1.	2,700		

been international traders. But, unlike the British and Dutch, the Swiss never owned overseas colonies. which probably helped their sales pitch. As a neutral country they are free to trade with anyone, and Switzerland's banking industry has also helped oil the wheels of international trade. The country's multilingual culture is also an SiberHegner, which earned

SFr5m after tax on sales of SFrllbn in 1997, is one of the few companies to disland's balance of payments



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traffic and a 50 per cent tro's requi of Cuba's big trading partincrease in passenger traffic by 2020. ners and it was "perhaps a An estimated im trucks a sign that he appreciates

companies like ours which year are diverted around Switzerland as a result of trade with Cuba, even the Swiss ban on 40-tonne though it has not always trucks, causing congestion been that easy". in places such as Austria's Andre, which operates in more than 70 countries, is Brenner pass. The tunnels not the oldest Swiss trading are also central to Switzerhouse: Zurich's SiberHegner land meeting the obligations of a 1994 popular initiative to protect the Alpine region Group was founded in Japan in 1865, two years after Swit-

from transit traffic. zerland's first trade mission As often happens in Switto visit there. It began handling imported European zerland there can be a big gap between the decision of products in Japan and exporting silk in return. By a popular vote and reality. 1921 it had opened an office Switzerland probably has in Shanghai. the best rail network in Europe, but the amount of In some respects SiberHeggoods traffic carried by rail ner's history mirrors that of the old British trading has fallen from 53 per cent to houses, such as Swire and 37 per cent since 1970 and Jardine Matheson, which Swiss railways are facing made their fortunes from increasingly stiff competition from road hauliers. trade with eastern Asia. It The Swiss are now describes itself as an inter-

resigned to the fact that they national trading and marketing group. Two-thirds of its will not be able to switch all transalpine goods traffic to rail. One side effect of the 1,400 staff are based in eastern Asia and only 120 in recent bilateral pact with the Switzerland. Many of the 22 companies European Union is that Switzerland has had to agree to lifting its han on 40-tonne trucks after 2005. This will

considerably increase the competitive pressures on rail in the short-term. In a bid to curb the rapid growth in transalpine heavy

goods traffic, the Swiss elec torate agreed in September 1998 to the introduction of a new weight and distance related toll for heavy goods vehicles (LSVA). It will finance the bulk of the Neat project and also encourage the diversion of goods traffic to rail.

Switzerland has also stories. agreed with the EU maximum charges for trucks transiting Switzerland. It had originally hoped to charge SFT600 per truck in order to encourage the diversion of traffic to rail but was eventually forced to accept SFr325. Whether this will be enough to reverse the recent decline in transalpine rail knife. traffic remains unclear. However, the Swiss are now intent on getting the new tunnels built. The Gotthard

should take 12 years, the Lötschberg six years, and create 15,000 jobs. knife. It is the biggest investment project in Switzerland's history, and given the country's reputation for punctuality and detail it would be a national disgrace if it was not completed on

Zielių		1000	. •		Hardin			14,000
Giencore"		1974		1		Zog		4,980
Marc Rich*		1996		• • •	***	24		
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in raw cotton and has offices statistics. "merchanting" contributed SFr1.2ba to ranging from Tashkent to Dallas, is based in Winterthur. The Zuellig Group, which has 10,000 staff and operates throughout eastern Asia, is based in Rapperswill, a lakeside town 25 miles east of Zurich. Over time they have been

joined by a new generation of Swiss-based international traders. The best known is Marc Rich, a Belgian-born billionaire who made the headlines after falling out with the US tax authorities. He is based in Zug and is building a second commodity trading empire which had 1997 sales of \$4.5bn. His first business, now renamed Glencore and also based in Zug, has annual turnover or more than \$40bn, and trades in everything from base metals to soft commodities. The Swiss, like the British

Switzerland's 1997 services balance. It may be small compared with the overses earnings of the banking sector, but it compares with a net contribution of SFr1.5bn from tourism and SFr0.9bn from transportation. Can they survive? The economic problems in Asia, the rise of multinational companies, and the explosion of commercial information on the internet, have reduced the need for Swiss middle-

men. However, SiberHegner survived the 1923 Yokohama earthquake, which destroyed its headquarters, and the 1929 Wall Street crash. which did the same to its balance sheet. So it seems likely that Switzerland's secretive international trad ers can weather the world's current economic problems.

VICTORINOX AND THE SWISS ARMY KNIFE by Christopher Hill

#### A cut above the rest

Tough competition and tough markets, but output is still strong

long coveted by schoolboys around the world, had been christened the Swiss Army Tool, it might never have become one of Switzerland's great export success

These days, Victorinoz the Swiss company which makes the Original Swiss Army Knife - refers to many of its new products as "tools" so as not to fall foul of military arms embargoes in the more than 100 countries where it sells. But the heart of the business is still the production of its pocket

One hundred years ago. a cutler named Carl Elsener. living in the Mythos mountains in the impoverished canton of Schwyz, invented a compact, multi-purpose

Today, the scale of production has altered dramatically. With 950 employees, the factory at Ibach turns out 34,000 Swiss knives a day, as well as an even greater number of other tools. time and within budget.

Victorinox is still private

If the Swiss Army Knife, ly-owned by the Elsener fam- the mainstay of the busiily. The 76-year-old Carl ness, now comes in 400 dif-Elsener III is active in the business. working alongside his son in the same office. Unlike many Swiss companies it has decided to keep

production firmly based in Switzerland. This is partly to ensure that quality - its main selling point - remains the same, but also to maintain employment in the

region. It intends to remain a private company and finance its growth from its own resources. But Victorinox is not immune to global competition, and has had to fight to maintain its position as a world leader. With a global turnover of SFr227m in 1997,

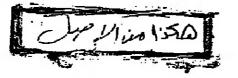
it exports 90 per cent of its aroduction. Turnover doubled between 1982 and 1992 but since then the going has been harder. It has also had to face increased competition from cheap, imitation imports

from eastern Asia. One way of responding has been to introduce new prodfits into a flat wallet rather ucts. The traditional knife, like a credit card.

ferent models, providing particular features for any special interest group from sailing to roller-blading. There is even an "equestrian model" for getting stones out of horses' hooves. The top-ofthe-range Swiss Champ is virtually a pocket tool kit with 33 functions and weighing just 185 grams. Victorinox also has its eye on the fashion market, prod-

ucing its knives in 20 different colours. One of the latest products is a key ring knife including a ball-point pen and a small illuminator. Apart from promoting its

lesser-known range of household knives. Victorinox is resting its main hopes for expansion on its two latest products, the Swiss Tool and the Swiss Card. The former is a luxury compact, multi-function tool with 23 functions, including a pair of pliers. The latter is a card with 10 functions ranging from scissors to a toothoick, and



Pierre Landolt:

The merger of Sal and Ciba led

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PROFILE SANDOZ FAMILY FOUNDATION

#### Traditions now blend with an entrepreneurial spirit

When it comes to wealthy Swiss institutions, the Sandoz Family Foundation has few equals. Its 4.2 per cent stake in Novartis, the Swiss pharmaceuticals group, is worth SFr8bn, and it ranks as one of the 10 richest foundations in the world.

The Sandoz Foundation was founded in 1964 by Edouard Marcel Sandoz, sol of the Swiss drug company's founder. It did not shed any light on its activities until a ear ago when its chairman, Pierre Landolt - eldest son of the Sandoz heir -

decided that it was time to go public. "We responded both to a

will from the inside and pressure from the outside," says Pierre Landolt, a 51-year-old Swiss citizen born in Paris and who has been living in Brazil since 1974. He reorganised the foundation in 1994 with the

WINE by Giles MacDonogh

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aim of making it a more entrepreneurial operation. Then came the 1996 Novartis merger of Sandoz and Ciba, number two and three in the Swiss pharmaceuticals industry, and the Sandoz fortune soared overnight. The foundation was

shocked to be immediately branded as a speculator by the more popular parts of the Swiss media. "We had been faithful to only one

The foundation is investing heavily in

a new brand of luxury watches

single share for 110 years," says Mr Landolt. But the merger prompted the foundation to take a more professional approach to the management of its financial affairs with a clear message: "Create jobs, encourage entrepreneurship, excellence

and commitment." The result is a rather odd mix of investments. Some, such as the refurbishment of Lausanne's plush Beau-Rivage Palace Hotel, reflect the foundation's interest in restoring Switzerland's heritage. The family is also rebuilding the Riffelalp Palace, a mountain hotel overlooking Zermatt that burned down 40 years ago, and financing a SFr12m recyclable wooden hotel for

Switzerland's 2001 Expo in Neuchatel, "We refuse to believe that the great era of Swiss hoteliers is gone," says Olivier Verrey, the foundation's secretary. The foundation's love affair with old hotels is mirrored in its newspape

en long-time shareholders of the Gazette de Lausanne which was swallowed by the Journal de Geneve in 1991. The latter had an international profile but a poor balance sheet and repeatedly asked shareholders for more money. Meanwhile, Edipresse, Switzerland's second-biggest publisher, had launched a witty and politically incorrect rival Le Nouveau Quotidien. When the Sandoz Foundation was asked yet again to bail out the Journal de Geneve it made clear it favoured a merger of the two foes. The disappearance of the Journal de Geneve caused much heart-searching, especially among Geneva's intellectual establishment. But the new paper - Le Temps - has settled down

interests. The family had

well and has just about broken even financially in Its first year on an average circulation of 52,000 copies The paper's chairman is David de Pury, a merchant banker and former co-chairman of ABB, who has close ties with the Sandoz Foundation. Le Temps may be one of the most visible Sandoz investments but it is not the most important, nor will it bring the best return. Pierre Landolt's passion for

watches, and his friendship

with watchmaker Michel Parmigiani, has prompted

the foundation to invest heavily in a new brand of luxury timepieces. The two most prominent commitments are in private banking and telecommunications

In 1994 the foundation acquired Banque Scandinave en Suisse, which was renamed Banque Edouard Constant. It has been restructured, but its growth ambitions have been tempered after a dispute over strategy with its Zurich

sister-bank which led to the latter going alone. The foundation's private banking interests extend as far afield as Brazil where it owns Citco, which specialises in "multinational, high-standard lients" The foundation is also

keen to break into the telecoms business. It fai to win one of Switzerland's new mobile phone licences last year but was able to buy majority control of Interoute Telecommunications, a London telecoms operator. I hopes to generate \$1bn of sales and with Sandoz backing aims to grow In East and Central Europe South America and Far East The foundation has also paid SFr300m to add World Online, a fast growing Dutch internet service provider, to its expanding telecoms portfolio.

When Pierre Landolt is not worrying about the Sandoz family fortune he can be found tending another great passion - his farm in northern Brazil. There has likes to concentrate on projects to enhance the local population's ability to sustain its needs without threatening the ecological balance. Axial, an investment bank he controls focuses on biodiversity and sustainable development projects. It recently signed deals with Peugeot, the French carmaker, and the Brazilian authorities to promote pollution-conscious ndustrial behaviour. Mention the subject of new seeds and there is no stopping him.

Thierry Meyer

Good enough to tempt a puritan

Three distinct climates help to produce tipples known to only a few

The old world has now been largely upstaged by the new dits like most now. The French still keep their nalin and Durize, all of

derous it is not. The Valais is the home of as far as wine in concerned. Switzerland's speciality Broad, easily identifiable wines. In a world now sadly fruit flavours have taken the dominated by Chardonnay place of the linear, fruit-acid and Cabernet, this region of driven wines which slaked central Switzerland offers a our thirsts in the past. collection of indigenous Peaches, blackcurrants, apri- grapes such as Arvigne, cots and cherries; fruit cock- Amigne, red and white tails are what our wine pun- Humagne, Rèze, Gwäss, Lafnetscha, Himbertscha, CorGlobal Private Banking

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heads above water and domiwhich are capable of reviv nate the luxury market. ing languid palates.

It also successfully vinified Claret and Burgundy command impressive prices on a the less-rarified red, grey market which is as much and white pinots, gamay and about investment and kudos syrah, making wines which - even if they lack the as it is about taste. Other weight and complexity of parts of Europe, however. scarcely figure on wine lists Burgundy - are of very consistent quality. The key here these days. This is particuis the warm, dry Foehn wind larly true of Switzerland. which combines with a con-Swiss wines have existed for millennia, but they have tinental climate to give the Valais a long growing seaalways been an insider's tip. son. Picking late also perknown to those, who - for mits locals to make some one reason or another have spent some time in sweet wines from over-ripe. shrivelled grapes. Switzerland. They under-

The German-speaking east stand the quasi-infinite variety of the country. From the is far more atomized. Vineyards are packed into the outside Switzerland is seen narrow valleys wherever the as a more or less homogeneous collection of snowcapped mountains. The truth is subtly different. Swiss growers benefit from three climates: Atlantic, Continental and Mediterranean, each of which pro-

soil and exposition are right. The dominant red is Pinot Noir, backed up by good Pinot Blancs and Chardonnays which have something of the same body as wines from across the Austrian and Badenese borders. duce wines with widely

In Bad Ragaz I once different characteristics. The famous physiologist of enjoyed a picnic in the gartaste, Brillat-Savarin, discov- den of an architect who ered the first of these when owned nine hectares of vines. His wines were a real he arrived in Lausanne after fleeing the French Revolu- discovery, but he had no need to blow his own trumtion. He delighted in wines pet: as soon as they were in "as limpid as spring water bottle the local Michelinand enough to tempt the starred restaurant bought most fanatical puritan". Those he liked were possithe lot.

The Mediterranean climate bly from nearby Dezalay. surfaces in Italian-speaking where the vineyards tumble down the cliffs to the lake Ticino in the south. Extra warmth and sunshine has below. The dominant grape meant success for the red here in the Vaud is the much-abused chasselas. merlot grape which in which in other countries is France and California tends known to produce almost to ripen only in hot regions tasteless table grapes. In its such as Bordeaux and the best Swiss incarnations it is Napa Valley. The problem of Swiss wine

transformed by the "three suns", that in the heavens, is that the Swiss themselves assisted by its reflections are more than happy to confrom the lake and the dry sume their entire production. And that still only of the world's lightest and accounts for half of the wine stone walls. The result is one they drink. most refreshing wines. Pon-

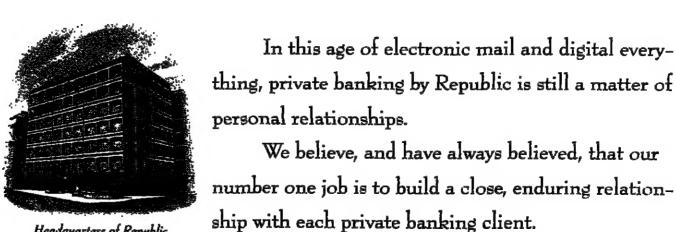
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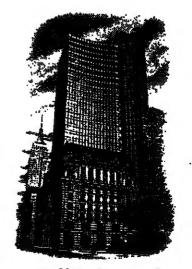
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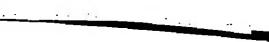


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TOURISM by William Hall

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## Paying the price for slow change

Revenues from foreign visitors have played a vital role in the country's economy for decades. But tourist habits change ....

mixture of grand Alpine 3.2 per cent. to 31.8m. But peaks and peaceful lakes. the figure is still 11 per cent comfortable family run below its 1990 peak, and also hostelries, and efficient below the level of 30 years mountain railways has ago made it one of Europe's

destinations The English were the first to spot Switzerland's tourist Ruskin belped popularise the Alps with their writing. Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, the British detective story writer, turned Switzerland's Reichenbach falls into a shrine for Sherlock Holmes fans after he chose it as the place for Holmes' last desperate struggle with Professor Moriarty in 1891. Sir Henry Lunn fell in love

with Mürren, a small mountain village in the Bernese Oberland, and helped trigger Switzerland's development as one of Europe's top ski areas. The early development of St arguably Moritz, Switzerland's most exclusive big resort, owes a lot to the foresight of Johannes Badrutt, a local hotelier whose family still owns the Badrutt's Palace. He encouraged his English guests in the summers of the 1860s that St Moritz could be just as much fun in winter. Tourists habits change. however. Last year nearly one-third of the 7.1m foreign tourists visiting Switzerland were German, 12 per cent were American, and only 8 per cent British, Meanwhile, the rapid growth in Switzerland's tourist industry, which marked the 1950s and 1960s, came to a halt a long time ago. For most of the current decade Switzerland's tourist

April. industry has been declining rather than growing. However, the six-year fall in

in 1996.

most popular tourist corrency has not helped. It per cent, to 249,000 in 1998. has contributed to an image abroad that the country is a relatively expensive one for franc led to a recovery in potential. Lord Byron and tourists. The poor snow conditions during several recent winters and the steady fall in international air fares has led to Switzerland facing. increasing competition from more distant and cheaper winter and summer resorts. Ironically, this year Switzerland has had its

biggest snowfall in decades.

The decline has been partially cushioned by building up

a new market

But the media coverage of avalanches and stranded tourists has led to holiday cancellations. The Swiss tourist industry estimates that it lost over SFr500m, or change and under artists. 10 per cent of its winter takings, because of the bad weather in February. Resort

operators are now hoping they can recover some of their losses by extending the season for a few weeks after its traditional close in early Switzerland has been able

to partly cushion the decline in its tourist industry by building up a new customer base in eastern Asia, Lucerne and the Jungfrau region have become popular tourist attractions for overnight stays, a popular Japanese visitors. The industry benchmark, was number of Japanese

Switzerland has always been rose 3.7 per cent. to 30.8m. doubled in the 1980s and a magnet for tourists. Its Last year, they rose another peaked at just under 900,000 However. Japanese tourism has been slipping for the last two years, and in

1998 the number of tourists Switzerland's strong from south-east Asia fell 36 Fortunately, the weakening of the Swiss overnight stays from currency-sensitive countries such as the UK (up 15 per cent), Italy (13 per cent), and

the US (11 per cent). Switzerland is not as dependent as Austria, Its German-speaking neighbour, on tourism. But based on the OECD's latest international tourism survey it is far more reliant on tourism than most European countries. Credit Suisse estimates that it

accounts for 5.6 per cent of the country's gross domestic product, and in 1997 SFr11.5bn was earned from foreign tourism. Martin Daepp, a senior

economist with Credit Suisse, says Switzerland has suffered a big loss of market share since the 1970s. Part of this is unavoidable as tourist preferences have changed in traditionally important markets such as Germany and France. But part of it also reflects the slow pace of

investment in Switzerland's tourist industry. There is too much old hotel capacity which is preventing the building of more modern facilities which appeal to younger visitors. Switzerland's old hotels are part of its undeniable charm, but they

are catering to an increasingly older clientele. Fortunately for Switzerland the success of the rest of its economy means that there is less pressure on its tourist industry to prove that it can adjust to the changes in the stemmed in 1997 when stays overnight stays more than global tourist market place. and practical imperatives.

**CULTURE** by Andrew Clark Music-lovers should no longer leave this city's summer festival disappointed. The

new centre has transformed its status

Once a year the music world star-studded summer away disappointed because Lucerne's squat Kunstbaus could never do justice to the generated by its guest

The inauguration last summer of a new cultural and congress centre changed everything. It instantly transformed Lucerne's status on the international music tour, and gave the people of this central Swiss canton a boost of confidence. Unlike most 20th century performing arts venues, the new hall is neither visual conceit nor functional monstrosity. Designed by the French architect Jean Nouvel and the American acoustician Russell Johnson, it represents a happy marriage of artistic ideals

Surrounded by Alpine descends on Lucerne for its views, it boasts the most spectacular setting of the festival. Until recently, the world's leading concert music world always went halls, and Mr Nouvel has responded with uncharacteristic restraint: his building harmonises quality of music-making with, rather than dominates, its surroundings

But the real miracle lies within. The acoustic engineered by Mr Johnson easily matches the wonders of Birmingham's Symphony Hall in England, on which Mr Johnson worked so profitably a decade earlier. The difference is that the Lucerne hall is more intimate and elegant.

You might wonder what this SFr205m jewel is doing in a provincial city of only 60,000 people. Shut off from the musical mainstream for most of the year, Lucerne has yet to answer the question satisfactorily: the programme for the winter months consists mainly of

tness and light the auditorium has balanced sound quality where and a wonderful night-sky calling

bargain-basement imports and a plano extravaganza in and community promotions. November The only way the festival True, there are regular

concerts by the local could get a new building was orchestra, and touring to the it to Lucerne's could get a new building was ensembles have begun to ambitions as a tourist and include it on their itinerary. conference centre. In a But the hall's raison d'erre is country where every major the festival, which has now spending initiative needs been expanded to include local endorsement at the symphony concerts at Easter ballot box that meant again and again.

proving to the widest range of interest groups, from boteliers to yodelling clubs, that they had a stake in the building. The result is more then just a concert hall. When construction is completed early next year Lucerners will also have access to a state-of-the-art museum, a conference room, and two flexible smaller halls.

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All are housed behind a facade of glass, steel-mesh, and aluminium, and sheltered by a vast pagoda-like canopy - the building's only concession to monumentalism.

Reaching unsupported for 30 metres towards the waterside, the canopy not only offers shelter from the elements, but harmonises the building with the horizontal expanse of the lake. It invites you to spend the intervals outside - for which purpose a long, open-fronted bar has been furnished.

That is just as well, because Mr Nouvel does not seem to want anyone to linger en route to the concert hall. Shielded by the canopy, the outside balconies are denied the prospect of moun-tains and sky, and the tiny foyers are almost as darkly idiosyncratic as Mr Nouvel's opera house at Lyons.

Once inside the moulded shoebox auditorium, all is sweetness and light. It is a bit like a private temple to music, with off-white plaster walls, wooden organ gallery, and a night-sky ceiling of unparalleled height.

The 1,840 capacity (420 less than Birmingham) is Mr Johnson's ideal – a bit small for an international festival, but unlike Baden-Baden's ill-fated new festival theatre. not so big that it will embarrass users in the off-season. As for sound quality, you do not get much more truthful than this. It is transparent, gently resonant, and quite unforgiving, but with the same balance wherever you sit. Mr Johnson's trademark echo-chambers, painted an infernal red, are the key to the hall's acoustic flexibility.

At Lucerne, 20th century concert hall design has finally come good. Here is a meeting-point of art and science, the avant-garde and tradition - a magic music box to which the well-travelled will wish to return





